## **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

## FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_

Commission File Number 1-12298 (Regency Centers Corporation) Commission File Number 0-24763 (Regency Centers, L.P.)

## REGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION REGENCY CENTERS, L.P.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

FLORIDA (REGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION) DELAWARE (REGENCY CENTERS, L.P.)

59-3429602

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

59-3191743

One Independent Drive, Suite 114 Jacksonville, Florida 32202

(904) 598-7000

(Address of principal executive offices) (zip code)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act

**Regency Centers Corporation** 

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

YES o NO x

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

	Regency Centers Co	orporation					
Title of each class		Name of	Name of each exchange on which registered				
Common Stock, \$.01 par valu	ue		New York Stock Exchange				
6.625% Series 6 Cumulative Redeemable Preferre	]	New York Stock Exchange					
6.000% Series 7 Cumulative Redeemable Preferre	]	New York Stock Exchange					
	Regency Center	rs, L.P.					
Title of each class		Name of each ex	change on which registered				
None			N/A				
	ies registered pursuant to Regency Centers Corp y Centers, L.P.: Class B Un	oration: None nits of Partnership Interest					
Regency Centers Corporation	YES x NO o	Regency Centers, L.P.	YES x NO o				

Regency Centers, L.P.

YES o NO x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

**Regency Centers Corporation** 

YES x NO o

Regency Centers, L.P.

YES x NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

**Regency Centers Corporation** 

YES x NO o

Regency Centers, L.P.

YES x NO o

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

**Regency Centers Corporation** 

0

Regency Centers, L.P.

0

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

## **Regency Centers Corporation:**

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Regency Centers, L.P.:

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer x
Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

**Regency Centers Corporation** 

YES o NO x

Regency Centers, L.P.

YES o NO

State the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the common equity was last sold, or the average bid and asked price of such common equity, as of the last business day of the registrants' most recently completed second fiscal quarter.

**Regency Centers Corporation** 

\$ 4,187,374,700

Regency Centers, L.P.

N/A

The number of shares outstanding of the Regency Centers Corporation's voting common stock was 90,395,745 as of February 21, 2013.

## **Documents Incorporated by Reference**

Portions of Regency Centers Corporation's proxy statement in connection with its 2013 Annual Meeting of Stockholders are incorporated by reference in Part III.

## **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

This report combines the annual reports on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 of Regency Centers Corporation and Regency Centers, L.P. Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, references to "Regency Centers Corporation" or the "Parent Company" mean Regency Centers Corporation and its controlled subsidiaries; and references to "Regency Centers, L.P." or the "Operating Partnership" mean Regency Centers, L.P. and its controlled subsidiaries. The term "the Company" or "Regency" means the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership, collectively.

The Parent Company is a real estate investment trust ("REIT") and the general partner of the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership's capital includes general and limited common Partnership Units ("Units"). As of December 31, 2012, the Parent Company owned approximately 99.8% of the Units in the Operating Partnership and the remaining limited Units are owned by investors. The Parent Company owns all of the Series 6 and 7 Preferred Units of the Operating Partnership. As the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership, the Parent Company has exclusive control of the Operating Partnership's day-to-day management.

The Company believes combining the annual reports on Form 10-K of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership into this single report provides the following benefits:

- enhances investors' understanding of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership by enabling investors to view the business as a whole in the same manner as management views and operates the business;
- · eliminates duplicative disclosure and provides a more streamlined and readable presentation; and
- creates time and cost efficiencies through the preparation of one combined report instead of two separate reports.

Management operates the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership as one business. The management of the Parent Company consists of the same individuals as the management of the Operating Partnership. These individuals are officers of the Parent Company and employees of the Operating Partnership.

The Company believes it is important to understand the few differences between the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership in the context of how the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership operate as a consolidated company. The Parent Company is a REIT, whose only material asset is its ownership of partnership interests of the Operating Partnership. As a result, the Parent Company does not conduct business itself, other than acting as the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership, issuing public equity from time to time and guaranteeing certain debt of the Operating Partnership. The Parent Company does not hold any indebtedness, but guarantees all of the unsecured public debt and approximately 18% of the secured debt of the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership holds all the assets of the Company and retains the ownership interests in the Company's joint ventures. Except for net proceeds from public equity issuances by the Parent Company, which are contributed to the Operating Partnership in exchange for partnership units, the Operating Partnership generates all remaining capital required by the Company's business. These sources include the Operating Partnership's operations, its direct or indirect incurrence of indebtedness, and the issuance of partnership units.

Stockholders' equity, partners' capital, and noncontrolling interests are the main areas of difference between the consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company and those of the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership's capital includes general and limited common Partnership Units, as well as Series 6 and 7 Preferred Units owned by the Parent Company. The limited partners' units in the Operating Partnership owned by third parties are accounted for in partners' capital in the Operating Partnership's financial statements and outside of stockholders' equity in noncontrolling interests in the Parent Company's financial statements. The Series 6 and 7 Preferred Units owned by the Parent Company are eliminated in consolidation in the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company and are classified as preferred units of general partner in the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Operating Partnership.

In order to highlight the differences between the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership, there are sections in this report that separately discuss the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership, including separate financial statements, controls and procedures sections, and separate Exhibit 31 and 32 certifications. In the sections that combine disclosure for the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership, this report refers to actions or holdings as being actions or holdings of the Company.

As general partner with control of the Operating Partnership, the Parent Company consolidates the Operating Partnership for financial reporting purposes, and the Parent Company does not have assets other than its investment in the Operating Partnership. Therefore, while stockholders' equity and partners' capital differ as discussed above, the assets and liabilities of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership are the same on their respective financial statements.

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## **Forward-Looking Statements**

In addition to historical information, the following information contains forward-looking statements as defined under federal securities laws. These forward-looking statements include statements about potential changes in our revenues, the size of our development program, earnings per share and unit, returns and portfolio value, and expectations about our liquidity. These statements are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about the real estate industry and markets in which the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership, collectively "Regency" or "the Company", operate, and management's beliefs and assumptions. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, changes in national and local economic conditions; financial difficulties of tenants; competitive market conditions, including timing and pricing of acquisitions and sales of properties and out-parcels; changes in leasing activity and market rents; timing of development starts; meeting development schedules; our inability to exercise voting control over the co-investment partnerships through which we own many of our properties; consequences of any armed conflict or terrorist attack against the United States; and the ability to obtain governmental approvals. We do not undertake any obligation to release publicly any revision to such forward-looking statements to reflect events or uncertainties after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of uncertain events. For additional information, see "Risk Factors" elsewhere herein. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto of Regency Centers Corporation and Regency Centers, L.P. appearing elsewhere herein.

## PART I

#### Item 1. Business

Regency Centers Corporation began its operations as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") in 1993 and is the managing general partner in Regency Centers, L.P. We endeavor to be the preeminent, best-in-class national shopping center company distinguished by sustaining growth in shareholder value and compounding total shareholder return in excess of our peers. We work to achieve these goals through reliable growth in net operating income from a portfolio of dominant, infill shopping centers, balance sheet strength, value-added development capabilities and an engaged team of talented and dedicated people. All of our operating, investing, and financing activities are performed through the Operating Partnership, its wholly-owned subsidiaries, and through its investments in real estate partnerships with third parties (also referred to as "co-investment partnerships" or "joint ventures"). The Parent Company currently owns approximately 99.8% of the outstanding common partnership units of the Operating Partnership.

At December 31, 2012, we directly owned 204 shopping centers (the "Consolidated Properties") located in 24 states representing 22.5 million square feet of gross leasable area ("GLA"). Through co-investment partnerships, we own partial ownership interests in 144 shopping centers (the "Unconsolidated Properties") located in 24 states and the District of Columbia representing 17.8 million square feet of GLA.

We earn revenues and generate cash flow by leasing space in our shopping centers to grocery stores, major retail anchors, restaurants, side-shop retailers, and service providers, as well as ground leasing or selling building pads ("out-parcels") to these same types of tenants. Historically, we have experienced growth in revenues by increasing occupancy and rental rates in our existing shopping centers and by acquiring and developing new shopping centers. At December 31, 2012, the consolidated shopping centers were 94.1% leased, as compared to 92.2% at December 31, 2011.

We monitor the operating performance and rent collections of all tenants in our shopping centers, especially those tenants operating retail formats that are experiencing significant changes in competition, business practice, and store closings in other locations. We also evaluate consumer preferences, shopping behaviors, and demographics to anticipate both challenges and opportunities in the changing retail industry that may affect our tenants.

We grow our shopping center portfolio through acquisitions of operating centers and new shopping center development. We will continue to use our development capabilities, market presence, and anchor relationships to invest in value-added new development and redevelopments of existing centers. Development is customer driven, meaning we generally have an executed lease from the anchor before we start construction. Developments serve the growth needs of our anchors and retailers, resulting in modern shopping centers with long-term anchor leases that produce attractive returns on our invested capital. This development process typically requires two to three years once construction has commenced, but can vary subject to the size and complexity of the project. We fund our acquisition and development activity from various capital sources including property sales, equity offerings, and new debt.

Co-investment partnerships provide us with an additional capital source for shopping center acquisitions, as well as the opportunity to earn fees for asset management, property management, and other investing and financing services. As asset manager, we are engaged by our partners to apply similar operating, investment and capital strategies to the portfolios owned by the co-investment partnerships as those applied to the portfolio that we wholly-own. Co-investment partnerships grow their shopping center investments through acquisitions from third parties or direct purchases from us. Although selling properties to co-investment partnerships reduces our direct ownership interest, it provides a source of capital that further strengthens our balance sheet while we continue to share, to the extent of our ownership interest, in the risks and rewards of shopping centers that meet our high quality standards and long-term investment strategy.

We recognize the importance of continually improving the environmental sustainability performance of our real estate assets. To date we have received LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) certifications by the U.S. Green Building Council at seven shopping centers and have four additional in-process developments targeting certification. We also continue to implement best practices in our operating portfolio to reduce our power and water consumption, in addition to other sustainability initiatives. We believe that the design, construction and operation of environmentally efficient shopping centers will contribute to our key strategic goals.

## Competition

We are among the largest owners of shopping centers in the nation based on revenues, number of properties, gross leasable area, and market capitalization. There are numerous companies and private individuals engaged in the ownership, development, acquisition, and operation of shopping centers that compete with us in our targeted markets, including grocery store chains that also anchor some of our shopping centers. This results in competition for attracting anchor tenants, as well as the acquisition of existing shopping centers and new development sites. We believe that our competitive advantages are driven by our locations within our market areas, the design and high quality of our shopping centers, the strong demographics surrounding our shopping centers, our relationships with our anchor tenants and our side-shop and out-parcel retailers, our practice of maintaining and renovating our shopping centers, and our ability to source and develop new shopping centers.

## **Employees**

Our headquarters are located at One Independent Drive, Suite 114, Jacksonville, Florida. We presently maintain 17 market offices nationwide where we conduct management, leasing, construction, and investment activities. At December 31, 2012, we had 368 employees and we believe that our relations with our employees are good.

## **Compliance with Governmental Regulations**

Under various federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, we may be liable for the cost to remove or remediate certain hazardous or toxic substances at our shopping centers. These laws often impose liability without regard to whether the owner knew of, or was responsible for, the presence of the hazardous or toxic substances. The cost of required remediation and the owner's liability for remediation could exceed the value of the property and/or the aggregate assets of the owner. The presence of such substances, or the failure to properly remediate such substances, may adversely affect our ability to sell or lease the property or borrow using the property as collateral. While we have a number of properties that could require or are currently undergoing varying levels of environmental remediation, environmental remediation is not currently expected to have a material financial impact on us due to reserves for remediation, insurance programs designed to mitigate the cost of remediation, and various state-regulated programs that shift the responsibility and cost to the state.

## **Executive Officers**

The executive officers of the Company are appointed each year by the Board of Directors. Each of the executive officers has been employed by the Company in the position indicated in the list or positions indicated in the pertinent notes below. Each of the executive officers has been employed by the Company for more than five years.

Name	Age	Title	Executive Officer in Position Shown Since
Martin E. Stein, Jr.	60	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer	1993
Brian M. Smith	57	President and Chief Operating Officer	2009 (1)
Lisa Palmer	44	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	2013 <sup>(2)</sup>
Dan M. Chandler, III	46	Managing Director - West	2009 <sup>(3)</sup>
John S. Delatour	54	Managing Director - Central	1999
James D. Thompson	59	Managing Director - East	1993

<sup>(1)</sup> In February 2009, Brian M. Smith, Managing Director and Chief Investment Officer of the Company since 2005, was appointed to the position of President. Prior to serving as our Managing Director and Chief Investment Officer, from March 1999 to September 2005, Mr. Smith served as Managing Director of Investments for our Pacific, Mid-Atlantic, and Northeast divisions.

## **Company Website Access and SEC Filings**

The Company's website may be accessed at <a href="www.regencycenters.com">www.regencycenters.com</a>. All of our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") can be accessed free of charge through our website promptly after filing; however, in the event that the website is inaccessible, we will provide paper copies of our most recent annual report on Form 10-K, the most recent quarterly report on Form 10-Q, current reports filed or furnished on Form 8-K, and all related amendments, excluding exhibits, free of charge upon request. These filings are also accessible on the SEC's website at <a href="www.sec.gov">www.sec.gov</a>.

## **General Information**

The Company's registrar and stock transfer agent is Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. ("Wells Fargo Shareowner Services"), Mendota Heights, MN. The Company offers a dividend reinvestment plan ("DRIP") that enables its stockholders to reinvest dividends automatically, as well as to make voluntary cash payments toward the purchase of additional shares. For more information, contact Wells Fargo toll free at (800) 468-9716 or the Company's Shareholder Relations Department at (904) 598-7000.

The Company's Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm is KPMG LLP, Jacksonville, Florida. The Company's legal counsel is Foley & Lardner LLP, Jacksonville, Florida.

## **Annual Meeting**

The Company's annual meeting will be held at The Ponte Vedra Inn & Club, 200 Ponte Vedra Blvd, Ponte Vedra Beach, Florida, at 11:00 a.m. on Tuesday, May 7, 2013.

<sup>(2)</sup> Lisa Palmer is our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. Ms. Palmer served as Senior Manager of Investment Services in 1996 and assumed the role of Vice President of Capital Markets in 1999. She served as Senior Vice President of Capital Markets from 2003 to 2012 until assuming the role of Chief Financial Officer in January 2013.

<sup>(3)</sup> Dan M. Chandler, III, has served as our Managing Director - West since August 2009. From August 2007 to April 2009, Mr. Chandler was a principal with Chandler Partners, a private commercial and residential real estate developer in Southern California. During 2009, Mr. Chandler was also affiliated with Urban|One, a real estate development and management firm in Los Angeles. Mr. Chandler was a Managing Director for us from 2006 to July 2007, Senior Vice President of Investments from 2002 to 2006, and Vice President of Investments from 1997 to 2002.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

## Risk Factors Related to Our Industry and Real Estate Investments

## Downturns in the retail industry likely will have a direct adverse impact on our revenues and cash flow.

Our properties consist primarily of grocery-anchored shopping centers. Our performance therefore is generally linked to economic conditions in the market for retail space. The market for retail space has been or could be adversely affected by any of the following:

- weakness in the national, regional and local economies, which could adversely impact consumer spending and retail sales and in turn tenant demand for space and lead to increased store closings;
- adverse financial conditions for grocery and retail anchors;
- the ongoing consolidation in the retail sector;
- the excess amount of retail space in a number of markets;
- reduction in the demand by tenants to occupy our shopping centers as a result of reduced consumer demand for certain retail formats such as video rental stores;
- a shift in retail shopping from brick and mortar stores to Internet retailers and catalogs;
- the growth of super-centers and warehouse club retailers, such as those operated by Wal-Mart and Costco, and their adverse effect on traditional grocery chains;
- · the impact of increased energy costs on consumers and its consequential effect on the number of shopping visits to our centers; and
- consequences of any armed conflict involving, or terrorist attack against, the United States.

To the extent that any of these conditions occur, they are likely to impact market rents for retail space, occupancy in the operating portfolios, our ability to sell, acquire or develop properties, and our cash available for distributions to stock and unit holders.

# Our revenues and cash flow could be adversely affected by poor economic or market conditions where our properties are geographically concentrated, which may impede our ability to generate sufficient income to pay expenses and maintain our properties.

The economic conditions in markets in which our properties are concentrated greatly influence our financial performance. During the year ended December 31, 2012, our properties in California, Florida, and Texas accounted for 30.6%, 11.1%, and 11.0%, respectively, of our net income. Our revenues and cash available to pay expenses, maintain our properties, and for distributions to stock and unit holders could be adversely affected by this geographic concentration if market conditions, such as supply of or demand for retail space, deteriorate in California, Florida, or Texas relative to other geographic areas.

## Loss of revenues from significant tenants could reduce distributions to stock and unit holders.

We derive significant revenues from anchor tenants such as Kroger, Publix, Safeway and Supervalu, which are our four most significant anchor tenants as they account for 4.3%, 4.2%, 3.3% and 2.1% respectively, of our total annualized base rent from Consolidated Properties plus our pro-rata share of annualized base rent from Unconsolidated Properties ("pro-rata basis"), which is recognized in equity in income (loss) of investment in real estate partnerships, for the year ended December 31, 2012. Distributions to stock and unit holders could be adversely affected by the loss of revenues in the event a significant tenant:

- becomes bankrupt or insolvent;
- experiences a downturn in its business;
- · materially defaults on its leases;
- does not renew its leases as they expire; or
- renews at lower rental rates.

Vacated anchor space, including space owned by the anchor, can reduce rental revenues generated by the shopping center because of the loss of the departed anchor tenant's customer drawing power. Some anchors have the right to vacate and prevent re-tenanting by paying rent for the balance of the lease term. If significant tenants vacate a property, then other tenants may be entitled to terminate their leases at the property.

## Our net income depends on the success and continued occupancy of our tenants.

Our net income could be adversely affected in the event of bankruptcy or insolvency of any of our anchors or a significant number of our non-anchor tenants within a shopping center, or if we fail to lease significant portions of our new developments. The adverse impact on our net income may be greater than the loss of rent from the resulting unoccupied space because co-tenancy clauses in select centers may allow other tenants to modify or terminate their rent or lease obligations. Co-tenancy clauses have several variants: they may allow a tenant to postpone a store opening if certain other tenants fail to open their stores; they may allow a tenant to close its store prior to lease expiration; or more commonly, they may allow a tenant to pay reduced levels of rent until a certain number of tenants open their stores within the same shopping center.

# A large percentage of our revenues are derived from smaller shop tenants and our net income could be adversely impacted if our smaller shop tenants are not successful.

A large percentage of our revenues are derived from smaller shop tenants (those occupying less than 10,000 square feet). Smaller shop tenants may be more vulnerable to negative economic conditions as they have more limited resources than larger tenants. The types of smaller shop tenants vary from retail shops to service providers. If we are unable to attract the right type or mix of smaller shop tenants into our centers, our net income could be adversely impacted.

## We may be unable to collect balances due from tenants in bankruptcy.

Although minimum rent is supported by long-term lease contracts, tenants who file bankruptcy have the legal right to reject any or all of their leases and close related stores. In the event that a tenant with a significant number of leases in our shopping centers files bankruptcy and rejects its leases, we could experience a significant reduction in our revenues and may not be able to collect all pre-petition amounts owed by that party.

## Our real estate assets may be subject to impairment charges.

Our long-lived assets, primarily real estate held for investment, are carried at cost unless circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the assets may not be recoverable. We evaluate whether there are any indicators, including property operating performance and general market conditions, that the value of the real estate properties (including any related amortizable intangible assets or liabilities) may not be recoverable. Through the evaluation, we compare the current carrying value of the asset to the estimated undiscounted cash flows that are directly associated with the use and ultimate disposition of the asset. Our estimated cash flows are based on several key assumptions, including rental rates, costs of tenant improvements, leasing commissions, anticipated hold periods, and assumptions regarding the residual value upon disposition, including the exit capitalization rate. These key assumptions are subjective in nature and could differ materially from actual results. Changes in our disposition strategy or changes in the marketplace may alter the hold period of an asset or asset group, which may result in an impairment loss and such loss could be material to the Company's financial condition or operating performance. To the extent that the carrying value of the asset exceeds the estimated undiscounted cash flows, an impairment loss is recognized equal to the excess of carrying value over fair value. If such indicators, as described above, are not identified, management will not assess the recoverability of a property's carrying value.

The fair value of real estate assets is highly subjective and is determined through comparable sales information and other market data if available, or through use of an income approach such as the direct capitalization method or the traditional discounted cash flow approach. Such cash flow projections consider factors, including expected future operating income, trends and prospects, as well as the effects of demand, competition and other factors, and therefore are subject to a significant degree of management judgment. Changes in those factors could impact the determination of fair value. In estimating the fair value of undeveloped land, we generally use market data and comparable sales information.

These subjective assessments have a direct impact on our net income because recording an impairment charge results in an immediate negative adjustment to net income. There can be no assurance that we will not take additional charges in the future related to the impairment of our assets. Any future impairment could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations in the period in which the charge is taken.

# Adverse global market and economic conditions may adversely affect us and could cause us to recognize additional impairment charges or otherwise harm our performance.

We are unable to predict the timing, severity, and length of adverse market and economic conditions. Adverse market and economic conditions may impede our ability to generate sufficient operating cash flow to pay expenses, maintain properties, pay distributions to our stock and unit holders, and refinance debt. During adverse periods, there may be significant uncertainty in the valuation of our properties and investments that could result in a substantial decrease in their value. No assurance can be given that we would be able to recover the current carrying amount of all of our properties and investments in the future. Our failure to do so would require us to recognize additional impairment charges for the period in which we reached that conclusion, which could materially and adversely affect us and the market price of our common stock.

## Our acquisition activities may not produce the returns that we expect.

Our investment strategy includes investing in high-quality shopping centers that are leased to market-dominant grocers, category-leading anchors, specialty retailers, or restaurants located in areas with high barriers to entry and above average household incomes and population densities. The acquisition of properties entails risks that include, but are not limited to, the following, any of which could adversely affect our results of operations and our ability to meet our obligations:

- we may not be able to identify suitable properties to acquire or may be unable to complete the acquisition of the properties we identify;
- properties we acquire may fail to achieve the occupancy or rental rates we project, within the time frames we project, at the time we
  make the decision to invest, which may result in the properties' failure to achieve the returns we projected;
- our pre-acquisition evaluation of the physical condition of each new investment may not detect certain defects or identify necessary
  repairs until after the property is acquired, which could significantly increase our total acquisition costs or decrease cash flow from the
  property;
- our investigation of a property or building prior to our acquisition, and any representations we may receive from the seller of such building or property, may fail to reveal various liabilities, which could reduce the cash flow from the property or increase our acquisition costs;
- our estimate of the costs to improve, reposition or redevelop a property may prove to be too low, or the time we estimate to complete the improvement, repositioning or redevelopment may be too short, either of which could result in the property failing to achieve the returns we have projected, either temporarily or for a longer time; and
- we may not be able to integrate an acquisition into our existing operations successfully.

## Unsuccessful development activities or a slowdown in development activities could have a direct impact on our revenues and our revenue growth.

We actively pursue development activities as opportunities arise. Development activities require various government and other approvals for entitlements and any delay in such approvals may significantly delay the development process. We may not recover our investment in development projects for which approvals are not received. We incur other risks associated with development activities, including:

- the ability to lease developments to full occupancy on a timely basis;
- the risk that occupancy rates and rents of a completed project will not be sufficient to make the project profitable;
- the risk that development costs of a project may exceed original estimates, possibly making the project unprofitable;
- delays in the development and construction process;
- · the risk that we may abandon development opportunities and lose our investment in these developments;
- the risk that the current size of our development pipeline will strain the organization's capacity to complete the developments within the targeted timelines and at the expected returns on invested capital; and
- the lack of cash flow during the construction period.

If our developments are unsuccessful or we experience a slowdown in development activities, our revenue growth and/or operating expenses may be adversely impacted.

## We may experience difficulty or delay in renewing leases or re-leasing space.

We derive most of our revenue directly or indirectly from rent received from our tenants. We are subject to the risks that, upon expiration or termination of leases, leases for space in our properties may not be renewed, space may not be re-leased, or the terms of renewal or re-lease, including the cost of required renovations or concessions to tenants, may be less favorable than current lease terms. As a result, our results of operations and our net income could be adversely impacted.

## We may be unable to sell properties when appropriate because real estate investments are illiquid.

Real estate investments generally cannot be sold quickly. Our inability to respond promptly to unfavorable changes in the performance of our investments could have an adverse effect on our ability to meet our obligations and make distributions to our stock and unit holders.

# Geographic concentration of our properties makes our business vulnerable to natural disasters and severe weather conditions, which could have an adverse effect on our cash flow and operating results.

A significant portion of our property gross leasable area is located in areas that are susceptible to the harmful effects of earthquakes, tropical storms, hurricanes, tornadoes, wildfires, and similar natural disasters. As of December 31, 2012, approximately 23.4%, 14.9%, and 9.5% of our property gross leasable area, on a pro-rata basis, was located in California, Florida, and Texas, respectively. Intense weather conditions during the last decade have caused our cost of property insurance to increase significantly. While much of the cost of this insurance is passed on to our tenants as reimbursable property costs, some tenants do not pay a pro rata share of these costs under their leases. These weather conditions also disrupt our business and the business of our tenants, which could affect the ability of some tenants to pay rent and may reduce the willingness of residents to remain in or move to the affected area. Therefore, as a result of the geographic concentration of our properties, we face demonstrable risks, including higher costs, such as uninsured property losses and higher insurance premiums, and disruptions to our business and the businesses of our tenants.

## An uninsured loss or a loss that exceeds the insurance policies on our properties could subject us to loss of capital or revenue on those properties.

We carry comprehensive liability, fire, flood, extended coverage, rental loss, and environmental insurance for our properties with policy specifications and insured limits customarily carried for similar properties. We believe that the insurance carried on our properties is adequate and consistent with industry standards. There are, however, some types of losses, such as from hurricanes, terrorism, wars or earthquakes, which may be uninsurable, or the cost of insuring against such losses may not be economically justifiable. In addition, tenants generally are required to indemnify and hold us harmless from liabilities resulting from injury to persons or damage to personal or real property, on or off the premises, due to activities conducted by tenants or their agents on the properties (including without limitation any environmental contamination), and at the tenant's expense, to obtain and keep in full force during the term of the lease, liability and property damage insurance policies. However, our tenants may not properly maintain their insurance policies or have the ability to pay the deductibles associated with such policies. Should a loss occur that is uninsured or in an amount exceeding the combined aggregate limits for the policies noted above, or in the event of a loss that is subject to a substantial deductible under an insurance policy, we could lose all or part of our capital invested in, and anticipated revenue from, one or more of the properties, which could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and financial condition, as well as our ability to make distributions to stock and unit holders.

## Loss of our key personnel could adversely affect the value of our Parent Company's stock price.

We depend on the efforts of our key executive personnel. Although we believe qualified replacements could be found for our key executives, the loss of their services could adversely affect our Parent Company's stock price.

## We face competition from numerous sources, including other real estate investment trusts and small real estate owners.

The ownership of shopping centers is highly fragmented. We face competition from other real estate investment trusts as well as from numerous small owners in the acquisition, ownership, and leasing of shopping centers. We compete to develop shopping centers with other real estate investment trusts engaged in development activities as well as with local, regional, and national real estate developers. If we cannot successfully compete in our targeted markets, our cash flow, and therefore distributions to stock and unit holders, may be adversely affected.

## Costs of environmental remediation could reduce our cash flow available for distribution to stock and unit holders.

Under various federal, state and local laws, an owner or manager of real property may be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of hazardous or toxic substances on the property. These laws often impose liability without regard to whether the owner knew of, or was responsible for, the presence of hazardous or toxic substances. The cost of any required remediation could exceed the value of the property and/or the aggregate assets of the owner or the responsible party. The presence of, or the failure to properly remediate, hazardous or toxic substances may adversely affect our ability to sell or lease a contaminated property or to borrow using the property as collateral. Any of these developments could reduce cash flow and our ability to make distributions to stock and unit holders.

# Compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and fire, safety and other regulations may require us to make unintended expenditures that adversely affect our cash flows.

All of our properties are required to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA"). The ADA has separate compliance requirements for "public accommodations" and "commercial facilities," but generally requires that buildings be made accessible to people with disabilities. Compliance with the ADA requirements could require removal of access barriers, and noncompliance could result in imposition of fines by the U.S. government or an award of damages to private litigants, or both. While the tenants to whom we lease properties are obligated by law to comply with the ADA provisions, and typically under tenant leases are obligated to cover costs associated with compliance, if required changes involve greater expenditures than anticipated, or if the changes must be made on a more accelerated basis than anticipated, the ability of these tenants to cover costs could be adversely affected. In addition, we are required to operate the properties in compliance with fire and safety regulations, building codes and other land use regulations, as they may be adopted by governmental entities and become applicable to the properties. We may be required to make substantial capital expenditures to comply with these requirements, and these expenditures could have a material adverse effect on our ability to meet our financial obligations and make distributions to our stock and unit holders.

## If we do not maintain the security of tenant-related information, we could incur substantial additional costs and become subject to litigation.

We have implemented an online payment system where we receive certain information about our tenants that depends upon secure transmissions of confidential information over public networks, including information permitting cashless payments. A compromise of our security systems that results in information being obtained by unauthorized persons could adversely affect our operations, results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, and could result in litigation against us or the imposition of penalties. In addition, a security breach could require that we expend significant additional resources related to our information security systems and could result in a disruption of our operations.

# We rely extensively on computer systems to process transactions and manage our business. Disruptions in both our primary and secondary (back-up) systems could harm our ability to run our business.

Although we have independent, redundant and physically separate primary and secondary computer systems, it is critical that we maintain uninterrupted operation of our business-critical computer systems. Our computer systems, including our back-up systems, are subject to damage or interruption from power outages, computer and telecommunications failures, computer viruses, security breaches, catastrophic events such as fires, tornadoes and hurricanes, and usage errors by our employees. If our computer systems and our back-up systems are damaged or cease to function properly, we may have to make a significant investment to repair or replace them, and we may suffer interruptions in our operations in the interim. Any material interruption in both of our computer systems and back-up systems may have a material adverse effect on our business or results of operations.

## Risk Factors Related to Our Co-investment Partnerships and Acquisition Structure

## We do not have voting control over our joint venture investments, so we are unable to ensure that our objectives will be pursued.

We have invested as a partner in a number of joint venture investments for the acquisition or development of properties. These investments involve risks not present in a wholly-owned project. We do not have voting control over the ventures. The other partner might (i) have interests or goals that are inconsistent with our interests or goals or (ii) otherwise impede our objectives. The other partner also might become insolvent or bankrupt. These factors could limit the return that we receive from such investments or cause our cash flows to be lower than our estimates.

The termination of our co-investment partnerships could adversely affect our cash flow, operating results, and our ability to make distributions to stock and unit holders.

If co-investment partnerships owning a significant number of properties were dissolved for any reason, we would lose the asset and property management fees from these co-investment partnerships, which could adversely affect our operating results and our cash available for distribution to stock and unit holders.

## Risk Factors Related to Funding Strategies and Capital Structure

Higher market capitalization rates for our properties could adversely impact our ability to sell properties and fund developments and acquisitions, and could dilute earnings.

As part of our funding strategy, we sell operating properties that no longer meet our investment standards. These sales proceeds are used to fund the construction of new developments. An increase in market capitalization rates could cause a reduction in the value of centers identified for sale, which would have an adverse impact on the amount of cash generated. In order to meet the cash requirements of our development program, we may be required to sell more properties than initially planned, which could have a negative impact on our earnings.

## We depend on external sources of capital, which may not be available in the future on favorable terms or at all.

To qualify as a REIT, the Parent Company must, among other things, distribute to its stockholders each year at least 90% of its REIT taxable income (excluding any net capital gains). Because of these distribution requirements, we will likely not be able to fund all future capital needs, including capital for acquisitions or developments, with income from operations. We therefore will have to rely on third-party sources of capital, which may or may not be available on favorable terms or at all. Our access to third-party sources of capital depends on a number of things, including the market's perception of our growth potential and our current and potential future earnings. Our access to debt depends on our credit rating, the willingness of creditors to lend to us and conditions in the capital markets. In addition to finding creditors willing to lend to us, we are dependent upon our joint venture partners to contribute their share of any amount needed to repay or refinance existing debt when lenders reduce the amount of debt our joint ventures are eligible to refinance.

In addition, our existing debt arrangements also impose covenants that limit our flexibility in obtaining other financing, such as a prohibition on negative pledge agreements. Additional equity offerings may result in substantial dilution of stockholders' interests and additional debt financing may substantially increase our degree of leverage.

Without access to external sources of capital, we would be required to pay outstanding debt with our operating cash flows and proceeds from property sales. Our operating cash flows may not be sufficient to pay our outstanding debt as it comes due and real estate investments generally cannot be sold quickly at a return we believe is appropriate. If we are required to deleverage our business with operating cash flows and proceeds from property sales, we may be forced to reduce the amount of, or eliminate altogether, our distributions to stock and unit holders or refrain from making investments in our business.

## Our debt financing may reduce distributions to stock and unit holders.

Our organizational documents do not limit the amount of debt that we may incur. In addition, we do not expect to generate sufficient funds from operations to make balloon principal payments on our debt when due. If we are unable to refinance our debt on acceptable terms, we might be forced (i) to dispose of properties, which might result in losses, or (ii) to obtain financing at unfavorable terms. Either could reduce the cash flow available for distributions to stock and unit holders. If we cannot make required mortgage payments, the mortgagee could foreclose on the property securing the mortgage, causing the loss of cash flow from that property.

## Covenants in our debt agreements may restrict our operating activities and adversely affect our financial condition.

Our unsecured notes, unsecured term loan, and unsecured line of credit contain customary covenants, including compliance with financial ratios, such as ratio of total debt to gross asset value and fixed charge coverage ratio. Fixed charge coverage ratio is defined as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") divided by the sum of interest expense and scheduled mortgage principal paid to our lenders plus dividends paid to our preferred stockholders. Our debt arrangements also restrict our ability to enter into a transaction that would result in a change of control. These covenants may limit our operational flexibility and our acquisition activities. Moreover, if we breach any of the covenants in our debt agreements, and did not cure the breach within the applicable cure period, our lenders could require us to repay the debt immediately, even in the absence of a payment default. Many of our debt arrangements, including our unsecured notes, unsecured term loan, and unsecured line of credit are cross-defaulted, which means that the lenders under those debt arrangements can put us in default and require immediate repayment of their debt if we breach and fail to cure a default under certain of our other material debt obligations. As a result, any default under our debt covenants could have an adverse effect on our financial condition, our results of operations, our ability to meet our obligations, and the market value of our stock.

## Increases in interest rates would cause our borrowing costs to rise and negatively impact our results of operations.

While a significant amount of our outstanding debt has fixed interest rates, we do borrow funds at variable interest rates under our credit facilities. Increases in interest rates would increase our interest expense on any variable rate debt, in addition, increases in interest rates will affect the terms under which we refinance our existing debt as it matures.

This would reduce our future earnings and cash flows, which could adversely affect our ability to service our debt and meet our other obligations and also could reduce the amount we are able to distribute to our stock and unit holders.

## Risk Factors Related to Interest Rates and the Market Price for Our Stock

## Changes in economic and market conditions could adversely affect the Parent Company's stock price.

The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly in response to many factors, many of which are out of our control, including:

- actual or anticipated variations in our operating results or dividends;
- changes in our funds from operations or earnings estimates;
- publication of research reports about us or the real estate industry in general and recommendations by financial analysts or actions taken by rating agencies with respect to our securities or those of other REIT's;
- the ability of our tenants to pay rent and meet their other obligations to us under current lease terms and our ability to re-lease space as leases expire;
- increases in market interest rates that drive purchasers of our stock to demand a higher dividend yield;
- changes in market valuations of similar companies;
- adverse market reaction to any additional debt we incur in the future;
- any future issuances of equity securities;
- additions or departures of key management personnel;
- strategic actions by us or our competitors, such as acquisitions or restructurings;
- actions by institutional stockholders;
- speculation in the press or investment community; and
- general market and economic conditions.

These factors may cause the market price of our common stock to decline, regardless of our financial condition, results of operations, business or prospects. It is impossible to ensure that the market price of our common stock will not fall in the future. A decrease in the market price of our common stock could reduce our ability to raise additional equity in the public markets. Selling common stock at a decreased market price would have a dilutive impact on existing stockholders.

## **Risk Factors Related to Federal Income Tax Laws**

If the Parent Company fails to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, it would be subject to federal income tax at regular corporate rates.

We believe that we qualify for taxation as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, and we plan to operate so that we can continue to meet the requirements for taxation as a REIT. If we qualify as a REIT, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on our income that we distribute currently to our stockholders. Many of the REIT requirements, however, are highly technical and complex. The determination that we are a REIT requires an analysis of various factual matters and circumstances, some of which may not be totally within our control and some of which involve questions of interpretation. For example, to qualify as a REIT, at least 95% of our gross income must come from specific passive sources, like rent, that are itemized in the REIT tax laws. There can be no assurance that the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") or a court would agree with the positions we have taken in interpreting the REIT requirements. We are also required to distribute to our stockholders at least 90% of our REIT taxable income, excluding capital gains. The fact that we hold many of our assets through co-investment partnerships and their subsidiaries further complicates the application of the REIT requirements. Even a technical or inadvertent mistake could jeopardize our REIT status. Furthermore, Congress and the IRS might make changes to the tax laws and regulations, and the courts might issue new rulings, that make it more difficult, or impossible, for us to remain qualified as a REIT.

Also, unless the IRS granted us relief under certain statutory provisions, we would remain disqualified as a REIT for four years following the year we first failed to qualify. If we failed to qualify as a REIT (currently and/or with respect to any tax years for which the statute of limitations has not expired), we would have to pay significant income taxes, reducing cash available to pay dividends, which would likely have a significant adverse effect on the value of our securities. In addition, we would no longer be required to pay any dividends to stockholders. Although we believe that we qualify as a REIT, we cannot assure you that we will continue to qualify or remain qualified as a REIT for tax purposes.

Even if we qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we are required to pay certain federal, state and local taxes on our income and property. For example, if we have net income from "prohibited transactions," that income will be subject to a 100% tax. In general, prohibited transactions include sales or other dispositions of property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business. The determination as to whether a particular sale is a prohibited transaction depends on the facts and circumstances related to that sale. While we have undertaken a significant number of asset sales in recent years, we do not believe that those sales should be considered prohibited transactions, but there can be no assurance that the IRS would not contend otherwise.

## Risk Factors Related to Our Ownership Limitations and the Florida Business Corporation Act

## Restrictions on the ownership of the Parent Company's capital stock to preserve our REIT status could delay or prevent a change in control.

Ownership of more than 7% by value of our outstanding capital stock is prohibited, with certain exceptions, by our articles of incorporation, for the purpose of maintaining our qualification as a REIT. This 7% limitation may discourage a change in control and may also (i) deter tender offers for our capital stock, which offers may be attractive to our stockholders, or (ii) limit the opportunity for our stockholders to receive a premium for their capital stock that might otherwise exist if an investor attempted to assemble a block in excess of 7% of our outstanding capital stock or to affect a change in control.

## The issuance of the Parent Company's capital stock could delay or prevent a change in control.

Our articles of incorporation authorize our Board of Directors to issue up to 30,000,000 shares of preferred stock and 10,000,000 shares of special common stock and to establish the preferences and rights of any shares issued. The issuance of preferred stock or special common stock could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control. The provisions of the Florida Business Corporation Act regarding control share acquisitions and affiliated transactions could also deter potential acquisitions by preventing the acquiring party from voting the common stock it acquires or consummating a merger or other extraordinary corporate transaction without the approval of our disinterested stockholders.

## **Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments**

None.

## Item 2. Properties

The following table is a list of the shopping centers summarized by state and in order of largest holdings presented for Consolidated Properties (excludes properties owned by unconsolidated co-investment partnerships):

		December	r 31, 2012		December 31, 2011					
Location	# Properties	GLA (in thousands)	% of Total GLA	% Leased	# Properties	GLA (in thousands)	% of Total GLA	% Leased		
California	43	5,544	24.6%	95.1%	44	5,521	23.3%	91.1%		
Florida	39	3,961	17.6%	93.0%	45	4,550	19.2%	92.6%		
Texas	18	2,324	10.3%	95.2%	22	2,932	12.4%	93.5%		
Ohio	10	1,402	6.2%	97.1%	12	1,592	6.7%	96.3%		
Georgia	15	1,386	6.2%	93.1%	14	1,269	5.3%	89.1%		
Colorado	14	1,163	5.2%	94.3%	14	1,162	4.9%	91.6%		
Virginia	7	951	4.2%	94.2%	7	951	4.0%	92.9%		
Illinois	4	748	3.3%	97.3%	5	863	3.6%	95.0%		
North Carolina	9	743	3.3%	91.8%	9	837	3.5%	92.6%		
Oregon	8	741	3.3%	91.2%	8	741	3.1%	90.8%		
Washington	6	683	3.0%	92.8%	5	357	1.5%	94.1%		
Missouri	4	408	1.8%	99.0%	4	408	1.7%	98.7%		
Tennessee	5	392	1.7%	95.9%	6	479	2.0%	94.1%		
Arizona	3	387	1.7%	88.1%	3	389	1.6%	84.0%		
Massachusetts	2	357	1.6%	94.6%	2	360	1.5%	94.6%		
Nevada	1	331	1.5%	91.1%	1	331	1.4%	88.7%		
Pennsylvania	4	325	1.5%	99.1%	4	322	1.4%	98.4%		
Delaware	2	243	1.1%	94.2%	2	243	1.0%	89.6%		
Michigan	2	118	0.5%	43.9%	2	118	0.5%	39.2%		
Maryland	1	88	0.4%	100.0%	1	88	0.4%	97.2%		
Alabama	1	85	0.4%	86.2%	1	85	0.4%	86.2%		
South Carolina	2	74	0.3%	100.0%	2	74	0.3%	98.1%		
Indiana	3	55	0.2%	89.8%	3	55	0.2%	82.3%		
Kentucky	1	23	0.1%	100.0%	1	23	0.1%	93.9%		
Total	204	22,532	100.0%	94.1%	217	23,750	100.0%	92.2%		

Certain Consolidated Properties are encumbered by mortgage loans of \$474.0 million as of December 31, 2012.

The weighted average annual effective rent for the consolidated portfolio of properties, net of tenant concessions, is \$16.95 per square foot as of December 31, 2012.

The following table is a list of the shopping centers summarized by state and in order of largest holdings presented for Unconsolidated Properties (includes properties owned by unconsolidated co-investment partnerships, excluding the properties of BRE Throne, LLC ("BRET") as the property holdings of BRET do not impact the rate of return on Regency's preferred stock investment):

		December	31, 2012			December	r 31, 2011	
Location	# Properties	GLA (in thousands)	% of Total GLA	% Leased	# Properties	GLA (in thousands)	% of Total GLA	% Leased
California	25	3,265	18.4%	95.7%	27	3,551	19.3%	95.5%
Virginia	22	2,789	15.7%	96.3%	21	2,780	15.1%	94.8%
Maryland	14	1,577	8.9%	92.9%	15	1,727	9.4%	92.9%
North Carolina	8	1,276	7.2%	96.4%	7	1,192	6.5%	95.8%
Texas	9	1,227	6.9%	95.9%	9	1,227	6.7%	96.0%
Illinois	8	1,067	6.0%	97.1%	10	1,328	7.2%	97.5%
Pennsylvania	7	982	5.5%	96.1%	7	982	5.3%	95.9%
Colorado	6	962	5.4%	93.0%	6	941	5.1%	95.5%
Florida	11	841	4.7%	93.7%	11	841	4.6%	93.2%
Minnesota	5	675	3.8%	97.5%	5	675	3.7%	98.4%
Washington	5	577	3.3%	94.5%	5	577	3.1%	90.9%
Ohio	2	532	3.0%	90.2%	2	532	2.9%	93.3%
South Carolina	4	286	1.6%	96.3%	4	286	1.6%	96.3%
Wisconsin	2	269	1.5%	96.9%	2	269	1.5%	93.5%
Georgia	3	244	1.4%	95.3%	3	243	1.3%	92.0%
Connecticut	1	180	1.0%	99.8%	1	180	1.0%	99.8%
New Jersey	2	157	0.9%	94.0%	2	157	0.9%	96.6%
Massachusetts	1	149	0.8%	95.4%	1	185	1.0%	98.1%
New York	1	141	0.8%	100.0%	_	_	—%	%
Indiana	2	139	0.8%	91.9%	2	139	0.7%	93.1%
Alabama	1	119	0.7%	71.6%	1	119	0.6%	64.6%
Arizona	1	108	0.6%	89.2%	1	108	0.6%	92.1%
Oregon	1	93	0.5%	94.8%	1	93	0.5%	92.5%
Delaware	1	67	0.4%	100.0%	2	227	1.2%	89.3%
Dist. of Columbia	2	40	0.2%	100.0%	2	40	0.2%	100.0%
Total	144	17,762	100.0%	95.2%	147	18,399	100.0%	94.8%

Certain Unconsolidated Properties are encumbered by mortgage loans of \$1.8 billion as of December 31, 2012.

The weighted average annual effective rent for the unconsolidated portfolio of properties, net of tenant concessions, is \$17.03 per square foot as of December 31, 2012.

The following table summarizes the largest tenants occupying our shopping centers for Consolidated Properties plus Regency's pro-rata share of Unconsolidated Properties, excluding the properties of BRET, as of December 31, 2012, based upon a percentage of total annualized base rent exceeding or equal to 0.5% (GLA and dollars in thousands):

Tenant	GLA	Percent of Company Owned GLA	Rent	Percentage of Annualized Base Rent	Number of Leased Stores	Anchor Owned Stores (1)
Kroger	1,987	7.0%	\$ 19,182	4.3%	40	7
Publix	1,948	6.9%	19,041	4.2%	53	1
Safeway	1,535	5.4%	14,696	3.3%	45	6
Supervalu	774	2.7%	9,559	2.1%	25	1
CVS	501	1.8%	8,051	1.8%	47	_
TJX Companies	573	2.0%	7,081	1.6%	27	_
Whole Foods	252	0.9%	5,485	1.2%	9	_
PETCO	264	0.9%	5,450	1.2%	32	_
Ahold	361	1.3%	5,134	1.1%	13	_
Ross Dress For Less	273	1.0%	4,341	1.0%	16	_
H.E.B.	295	1.0%	4,326	1.0%	5	_
Walgreens	150	0.5%	3,906	0.9%	13	_
JPMorgan Chase Bank	66	0.2%	3,599	0.8%	25	_
Sears Holdings	426	1.5%	3,445	0.8%	8	1
Trader Joe's	124	0.4%	3,373	0.7%	14	_
Starbucks	92	0.3%	3,335	0.7%	78	_
Wells Fargo Bank	72	0.3%	3,329	0.7%	34	_
Rite Aid	207	0.7%	3,206	0.7%	24	_
Bank of America	70	0.2%	3,183	0.7%	25	_
Sports Authority	141	0.5%	3,063	0.7%	4	_
Harris Teeter	248	0.9%	2,929	0.7%	8	_
Target	350	1.2%	2,884	0.6%	4	14
Subway	93	0.3%	2,832	0.6%	107	_
Toys "R" Us	176	0.6%	2,750	0.6%	7	_
Michael's	169	0.6%	2,579	0.6%	10	_
Wal-Mart	435	1.5%	2,466	0.5%	4	5
Hallmark	133	0.5%	2,406	0.5%	40	_

<sup>(1)</sup> Stores owned by anchor tenant that are attached to our centers.

Regency's leases for tenant space under 5,000 square feet generally have terms ranging from three to five years. Leases greater than 10,000 square feet generally have lease terms in excess of five years, mostly comprised of anchor tenants. Many of the anchor leases contain provisions allowing the tenant the option of extending the term of the lease at expiration. The leases provide for the monthly payment in advance of fixed minimum rent, additional rents calculated as a percentage of the tenant's sales, the tenant's pro-rata share of real estate taxes, insurance, and common area maintenance ("CAM") expenses, and reimbursement for utility costs if not directly metered.

The following table sets forth a schedule of lease expirations for the next ten years and thereafter, assuming no tenants renew their leases (GLA and dollars in thousands):

Lease Expiration Year	Number of Tenants with Expiring Leases	Expiring GLA (2)	Percent of Total Company GLA (2)	N	Ainimum Rent Expiring Leases <sup>(3)</sup>	Percent of Minimum Rent (3)
(1)	173	218	0.8%	\$	4,697	1.0%
2013	936	1,854	7.3%		37,980	8.4%
2014	1,057	2,610	10.2%		52,016	11.6%
2015	1,059	2,312	9.1%		47,824	10.6%
2016	936	2,758	10.8%		48,383	10.8%
2017	1,011	3,303	12.9%		64,138	14.2%
2018	316	1,780	7.0%		28,336	6.3%
2019	158	1,271	5.0%		20,302	4.5%
2020	144	1,493	5.8%		22,711	5.0%
2021	174	1,245	4.9%		20,094	4.5%
2022	222	1,666	6.5%		25,845	5.8%
Thereafter	274	5,028	19.7%		78,048	17.3%
Total	6,460	25,538	100.0%	\$	450,374	100.0%

<sup>(1)</sup> Leases currently under month-to-month rent or in process of renewal.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents GLA for Consolidated Properties plus Regency's pro-rata share of Unconsolidated Properties.

<sup>(3)</sup> Minimum rent includes current minimum rent and future contractual rent steps for the Consolidated Properties plus Regency's pro-rata share from Unconsolidated Properties, but excludes additional rent such as percentage rent, common area maintenance, real estate taxes and insurance reimbursements.

See the following property table and also see Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis for further information about Regency's properties.

Property Name (1)	Year Acquired	Year Con- structed <sup>(2)</sup>	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Percent Leased (3)	Grocer & Major Tenant(s) >40,000 Sq Ft <sup>(6)</sup>	Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft
CALIFORNIA	1104		(02.1)		(-)	
Los Angeles / Southern CA						
Amerige Heights Town Center	2000	2000	89,181	100.0%	Albertsons, (Target)	_
Brea Marketplace (5)	2005	1987	352,226	98.1%	Sprout's Markets, Target	$24\mathrm{Hour}$ Fitness, Big 5 Sporting Goods, Beverages & More!, Childtime Childcare, Golfsmith
El Camino Shopping Center	1999	1995	135,728	95.1%	Von's Food & Drug	Sav-On Drugs
Granada Village (5)	2005	1965	225,528	97.9%	Sprout's Markets	Rite Aid, TJ Maxx, Stein Mart, PETCO, Homegoods
Hasley Canyon Village (5)	2003	2003	65,801	100.0%	Ralphs	_
Heritage Plaza	1999	1981	230,163	99.4%	Ralphs	CVS, Daiso, Mitsuwa Marketplace, Total Woman
Laguna Niguel Plaza (5)	2005	1985	41,943	96.4%	(Albertsons)	CVS
Marina Shores (5)	2008	2001	67,727	100.0%	Whole Foods	PETCO
Morningside Plaza	1999	1996	91,212	97.4%	Stater Bros.	_
Newland Center	1999	1985	149,140	96.0%	Albertsons	-
Plaza Hermosa	1999	1984	94,777	100.0%	Von's Food & Drug	Sav-On Drugs
Rona Plaza	1999	1989	51,760	100.0%	Superior Super Warehouse	_
Seal Beach (5)	2002	1966	96,858	97.8%	Von's Food & Drug	CVS
South Bay Village	2012	2012	107,706	100.0%	Orchard Supply Hardware	Homegoods
Twin Oaks Shopping Center (5)	2005	1978	98,399	100.0%	Ralphs	Rite Aid
Valencia Crossroads	2002	2003	172,856	98.8%	Whole Foods, Kohl's	_
Vine at Castaic	2005	2005	27,314	70.4%	_	_
Westridge Village	2001	2003	92,287	96.6%	Albertsons	Beverages & More!
Woodman Van Nuys	1999	1992	107,614	99.1%	El Super	_
Silverado Plaza (5)	2005	1974	84,916	100.0%	Nob Hill	Longs Drug
Gelson's Westlake Market Plaza	2002	2002	84,975	95.5%	Gelson's Markets	_
Oakbrook Plaza	1999	1982	83,286	99.3%	Albertsons	(Longs Drug)
Ventura Village	1999	1984	76,070	91.3%	Von's Food & Drug	_
Westlake Village Plaza and Center	1999	1975	190,529	90.2%	Von's Food & Drug and Sprouts	(CVS), Longs Drug, Total Woman
Falcon Ridge Town Center Phase I (5)	2003	2004	232,754	88.0%	Stater Bros., (Target)	Sports Authority, Ross Dress for Less, Michaels, Party City
Falcon Ridge Town Center Phase II (5)	2005	2005	66,864	100.0%	24 Hour Fitness	CVS
French Valley Village Center	2004	2004	98,752	95.3%	Stater Bros.	CVS
Indio Towne Center	2006	2010	179,505	85.6%	(Home Depot), (WinCo), Toys R Us	CVS, 24 Hour Fitness, PETCO, Party City
Jefferson Square	2007	2007	38,013	81.4%	Fresh & Easy	CVS
4S Commons Town Center	2004	2004	240,060	92.2%	Ralphs, Jimbo'sNaturally!	Bed Bath & Beyond, Cost Plus World Market, CVS, Griffin Ace Hardware
Balboa Mesa Shopping Center	2012	1974	189,321	96.5%	Von's Food & Drug, Kohl's	CVS
Costa Verde Center	1999	1988	178,623	94.7%	Bristol Farms	Bookstar, The Boxing Club
El Norte Pkwy Plaza	1999	1984	90,549	84.2%	Von's Food & Drug	CVS
Friars Mission Center	1999	1989	146,897	100.0%	Ralphs	Longs Drug

Property Name (1)	Year Acquired	Year Con- structed <sup>(2)</sup>	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Percent Leased <sup>(3)</sup>	Grocer & Major Tenant(s) >40,000 Sq Ft <sup>(6)</sup>	Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft
Navajo Shopping Center (5)	2005	1964	102,139	95.5%	Albertsons	Rite Aid, O'Reilly Auto Parts
Point Loma Plaza (5)	2005	1987	212,415	94.0%	Von's Food & Drug	Sport Chalet 5, 24 Hour Fitness, Jo-Ann Fabrics
Rancho San Diego Village (5)	2005	1981	153,256	87.6%	Von's Food & Drug	(Longs Drug), 24 Hour Fitness
Twin Peaks	1999	1988	198,139	99.4%	Albertsons, Target	_
Uptown District	2012	1990	148,638	96.7%	Ralphs, Trader Joe's	_
Vista Village IV	2006	2006	11,000	45.5%	_	-
Vista Village Phase I (5)	2002	2003	129,009	96.7%	Krikorian Theaters, (Lowe's)	-
Vista Village Phase II (5)	2002	2003	55,000	45.5%	Frazier Farms	-
San Francisco / Northern CA						
Auburn Village (5)	2005	1990	133,944	85.4%	Bel Air Market	Dollar Tree, Goodwill Industries, (CVS)
Bayhill Shopping Center (5)	2005	1990	121,846	100.0%	Mollie Stone's Market	CVS
Clayton Valley Shopping Center	2003	2004	260,205	92.9%	Fresh & Easy, Orchard Supply Hardware	Longs Drugs, Dollar Tree, Ross Dress For Less
Diablo Plaza	1999	1982	63,265	94.3%	(Safeway)	(CVS), Beverages & More
El Cerrito Plaza	2000	2000	256,035	98.9%	(Lucky's), Trader Joe's	(Longs Drug), Bed Bath & Beyond, Barnes & Noble, Jo-Ann Fabrics, PETCO, Ross Dress For Less
Encina Grande	1999	1965	102,413	95.8%	Safeway	Walgreens
Folsom Prairie City Crossing	1999	1999	90,237	92.4%	Safeway	_
Gateway 101	2008	2008	92,110	100.0%	(Home Depot), (Best Buy), Sports Authority, Nordstrom Rack	_
Oak Shade Town Center	2011	1998	103,762	92.3%	Safeway	Office Max, Rite Aid
Pleasant Hill Shopping Center (5)	2005	1970	227,681	100.0%	Target, Toys "R" Us	Barnes & Noble, Ross Dress for Less
Powell Street Plaza	2001	1987	165,928	100.0%	Trader Joe's	PETCO, Beverages & More!, Ross Dress For Less, DB Shoe Company, Marshalls
Raley's Supermarket (5)	2007	1964	62,827	100.0%	Raley's	_
San Leandro Plaza	1999	1982	50,432	100.0%	(Safeway)	(Longs Drug)
Sequoia Station	1999	1996	103,148	94.2%	(Safeway)	Longs Drug, Barnes & Noble, Old Navy, Pier 1
Strawflower Village	1999	1985	78,827	95.3%	Safeway	(Longs Drug)
Tassajara Crossing	1999	1990	146,140	96.4%	Safeway	Longs Drug, Tassajara Valley Hardware
Woodside Central	1999	1993	80,591	100.0%	(Target)	Chuck E. Cheese, Marshalls
Ygnacio Plaza (5)	2005	1968	109,701	100.0%	Fresh & Easy	Sports Basement
Blossom Valley (5)	1999	1990	93,316	98.4%	Safeway	CVS
Loehmanns Plaza California	1999	1983	113,310	96.9%	(Safeway)	Longs Drug, Loehmann's
Mariposa Shopping Center (5)	2005	1957	126,658	100.0%	Safeway	Longs Drug, Ross Dress for Less
Snell & Branham Plaza (5)	2005	1988	92,352	100.0%	Safeway	_
West Park Plaza	1999	1996	88,104	98.4%	Safeway	Rite Aid
Golden Hills Promenade	2006	2006	241,846	95.8%	Lowe's	Bed Bath & Beyond, TJ Maxx
Five Points Shopping Center (5)	2005	1960	144,553	98.5%	Albertsons	Longs Drug, Ross Dress for Less, Big 5 Sporting Goods, PETCO
East Washington Place (4)	2011	2011	203,155	81.8%	(Target), Dick's Sporting Goods, TJ Maxx	_
Corral Hollow (5)	2000	2000	167,184	98.3%	Safeway, Orchard Supply & Hardware	Longs Drug

Property Name (1)	Year Acquired	Year Con- structed <sup>(2)</sup>	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Percent Leased (3)	Grocer & Major Tenant(s) >40,000 Sq Ft <sup>(6)</sup>	Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft
Subtotal/Weighted Average (CA)			8,808,500	95.3%		
FLORIDA						
Ft. Myers / Cape Coral						
Corkscrew Village	2007	1997	82,011	98.3%	Publix	_
Grande Oak	2000	2000	78,784	94.7%	Publix	_
Jacksonville / North Florida						
Anastasia Plaza	1993	1988	102,342	96.5%	Publix	_
Canopy Oak Center (5)	2006	2006	90,042	88.7%	Publix	_
Carriage Gate	1994	1978	76,784	86.8%	_	Leon County Tax Collector, TJ Maxx
Courtyard Shopping Center	1993	1987	137,256	100.0%	(Publix), Target	_
Fleming Island	1998	2000	136,663	77.5%	Publix, (Target)	PETCO
Hibernia Pavilion	2006	2006	51,298	97.4%	Publix	_
Hibernia Plaza	2006	2006	8,400	16.7%	_	(Walgreens)
Horton's Corner	2007	2007	14,820	100.0%	_	Walgreens
John's Creek Center (5)	2003	2004	75,101	80.5%	Publix	_
Julington Village (5)	1999	1999	81,820	98.3%	Publix	(CVS)
Lynnhaven (5)	2001	2001	63,871	100.0%	Publix	_
Millhopper Shopping Center	1993	1974	80,421	100.0%	Publix	CVS
Newberry Square	1994	1986	180,524	91.1%	Publix, K-Mart	Jo-Ann Fabrics
Nocatee Town Center	2007	2007	69,679	100.0%	Publix	_
Oakleaf Commons	2006	2006	73,717	82.9%	Publix	(Walgreens)
Ocala Corners	2000	2000	86,772	98.6%	Publix	_
Old St Augustine Plaza	1996	1990	232,459	93.5%	Publix, Burlington Coat Factory, Hobby Lobby	_
Pine Tree Plaza	1997	1999	63,387	100.0%	Publix	_
Plantation Plaza (5)	2004	2004	77,747	88.0%	Publix	_
Seminole Shoppes	2009	2009	73,241	98.1%	Publix	_
Shoppes at Bartram Park (5)	2005	2004	119,958	94.3%	Publix, (Kohl's)	(Tutor Time)
Shops at John's Creek	2003	2004	15,490	83.3%	_	_
Starke	2000	2000	12,739	100.0%	_	CVS
Vineyard Shopping Center (5)	2001	2002	62,821	84.7%	Publix	_
Miami / Fort Lauderdale						
Aventura Shopping Center	1994	1974	102,876	76.8%	Publix	CVS
Berkshire Commons	1994	1992	110,062	97.8%	Publix	Walgreens
Caligo Crossing	2007	2007	10,763	87.9%	(Kohl's)	_
Five Corners Plaza (5)	2005	2001	44,647	100.0%	Publix	_

1997 2007 2000 1998 1996 1998 2002 1999 1995 2007 1993 2007 2008	Structed (2) 1991 2000 1990 1982 1987 2003 1999 1983 1995 1986 2007	(GLA) 90,258 125,390 76,767 108,192 109,949 267,736 69,841 75,020 90,296 75,495 349,848 108,434	98.6% 90.0% 95.8% 96.8%	Publix AMC Theater, Michaels, (Rect Pup) (Meedill)	Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft  CVS  —  (Walgreens)  Navarro Discount Pharmacies  Bealls  Ace Hardware  —  —  —  —  Dollar Tree, Marshalls, Shoe Carnival, Staples, TJ Maxx, PETCO, Ulta
2000 1998 1996 1998 2002 1999 1995 2007 1993 2007 2008	1990 1982 1987 2003 1999 1983 1995 1986 2007	76,767 108,192 109,949 267,736 69,841 75,020 90,296 75,495 349,848	98.6% 90.0% 98.7% 98.6% 90.0% 98.7% 77.3% 95.8%	Publix Winn-Dixie Publix Publix, Wal-Mart, Bealls Publix Publix LA Fitness Publix AMC Theater, Michaels,	(Walgreens)  Navarro Discount Pharmacies  Bealls  Ace Hardware  — — — —
1998 1996 1998 2002 1999 1995 2007 1993 2007 2008	1990 1982 1987 2003 1999 1983 1995 1986 2007	108,192 109,949 267,736 69,841 75,020 90,296 75,495 349,848	96.7% 91.7% 98.6% 90.0% 98.7% 77.3% 95.8%	Winn-Dixie Publix  Publix, Wal-Mart, Bealls Publix Publix LA Fitness Publix AMC Theater, Michaels,	Navarro Discount Pharmacies  Bealls  Ace Hardware  — — —
1996 1998 2002 1999 1995 2007 1993 2007 2008	1982 1987 2003 1999 1983 1995 1986 2007	267,736 69,841 75,020 90,296 75,495 349,848	98.6% 90.0% 98.7% 77.3% 95.8% 96.8%	Publix, Wal-Mart, Bealls Publix Publix LA Fitness Publix AMC Theater, Michaels,	Bealls  Ace Hardware  — — — — —
1998 2002 1999 1995 2007 1993 2007 2008	1987 2003 1999 1983 1995 1986 2007	267,736 69,841 75,020 90,296 75,495 349,848	98.6% 90.0% 98.7% 77.3% 95.8%	Publix, Wal-Mart, Bealls Publix Publix LA Fitness Publix AMC Theater, Michaels,	Ace Hardware  — — — —
2002 1999 1995 2007 1993 2007 2008	2003 1999 1983 1995 1986 2007	69,841 75,020 90,296 75,495 349,848	90.0% 98.7% 77.3% 95.8% 96.8%	Publix Publix LA Fitness Publix AMC Theater, Michaels,	
2002 1999 1995 2007 1993 2007 2008	2003 1999 1983 1995 1986 2007	69,841 75,020 90,296 75,495 349,848	90.0% 98.7% 77.3% 95.8% 96.8%	Publix Publix LA Fitness Publix AMC Theater, Michaels,	
2002 1999 1995 2007 1993 2007 2008	2003 1999 1983 1995 1986 2007	69,841 75,020 90,296 75,495 349,848	90.0% 98.7% 77.3% 95.8% 96.8%	Publix Publix LA Fitness Publix AMC Theater, Michaels,	
1999 1995 2007 1993 2007 2008	1999 1983 1995 1986 2007	75,020 90,296 75,495 349,848	98.7% 77.3% 95.8% 96.8%	Publix  LA Fitness  Publix  AMC Theater, Michaels,	— — — — — — — — Dollar Tree, Marshalls, Shoe Carnival, Staples, TJ Maxx, PETCO, Ulta
1995 2007 1993 2007 2008	1983 1995 1986 2007	90,296 75,495 349,848	77.3% 95.8% 96.8%	LA Fitness  Publix  AMC Theater, Michaels,	— — — — — — — — — — Dollar Tree, Marshalls, Shoe Carnival, Staples, TJ Maxx, PETCO, Ulta
2007 1993 2007 2008	1995 1986 2007	75,495 349,848	95.8% 96.8%	Publix  AMC Theater, Michaels,	— — — — — — — — — — — Dollar Tree, Marshalls, Shoe Carnival, Staples, TJ Maxx, PETCO, Ulta
1993 2007 2008	1986 2007	349,848	96.8%	AMC Theater, Michaels,	— Dollar Tree, Marshalls, Shoe Carnival, Staples, TJ Maxx, PETCO, Ulta
2007 2008	2007	ŕ			Dollar Tree, Marshalls, Shoe Carnival, Staples, TJ Maxx, PETCO, Ulta
2008		108,434	0	(Dest Duy), (Macuil)	
	2008		94.8%	Kohl's	_
1997		9,451	44.5%	(Target)	_
	1999	44,380	95.7%	_	PETCO, Pier 1 Imports
1995	1993	181,110	86.8%	Publix	Walgreens, Stein Mart
2007	1998	78,998	95.2%	Publix	_
2000	2000	89,930	100.0%	Publix	_
1997	1993	111,625	88.5%	Publix	Citi Trends, Pet Supermarket
1993	1986	157,403	95.1%	Publix	Bealls, Books-A-Million
2007	1996	58,456	97.6%	Publix	_
1996	1982	107,325	93.6%	Publix	CVS
		4,802,399	93.1%		
2005	1983	156,917	92.7%	Martin's, (Kroger)	_
2005	1971	88,006	86.6%	_	Tractor Supply Company, Floor Trader
2005	1948	111,177	96.7%	Martin's	CVS
2000	2000	91 905	100.0%	Giant Food	_
					_
	2007 2000 1997 1993 2007 1996	1997 1999 1995 1993 2007 1998 2000 2000  1997 1993 1993 1986 2007 1996 1996 1982  2005 1983 2005 1971 2005 1948	2008       2008       9,451         1997       1999       44,380         1995       1993       181,110         2007       1998       78,998         2000       2000       89,930         1997       1993       111,625         1993       1986       157,403         2007       1996       58,456         1996       1982       107,325         4,802,399         2005       1983       156,917         2005       1971       88,006         2005       1948       111,177         2000       2000       91,905	2008         2008         9,451         44.5%           1997         1999         44,380         95.7%           1995         1993         181,110         86.8%           2007         1998         78,998         95.2%           2000         2000         89,930         100.0%           1997         1993         111,625         88.5%           1993         1986         157,403         95.1%           2007         1996         58,456         97.6%           1996         1982         107,325         93.6%           4,802,399         93.1%           2005         1983         156,917         92.7%           2005         1971         88,006         86,6%           2005         1948         111,177         96.7%           2000         2000         91,905         100.0%	Carre   Carr

Safeway

96.9%

96,439

2004

2004

Braemar Shopping Center (5)

Property Name (1)	Year Acquired	Year Con- structed (2)	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Percent Leased <sup>(3)</sup>	Grocer & Major Tenant(s) >40,000 Sq Ft <sup>(6)</sup>	Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft
Centre Ridge Marketplace (5)	2005	1996	104,100	100.0%	Shoppers Food Warehouse	Sears
Cheshire Station	2000	2000	97,156	97.5%	Safeway	PETCO
Culpeper Colonnade	2006	2006	131,707	94.0%	Martin's, (Target)	PetSmart, Staples
Fairfax Shopping Center	2007	1955	75,711	89.2%	_	Direct Furniture
Festival at Manchester Lakes (5)	2005	1990	165,130	100.0%	Shoppers Food Warehouse	-
Fortuna Center Plaza (5)	2004	2004	104,694	100.0%	Shoppers Food Warehouse, (Target)	Rite Aid
Fox Mill Shopping Center (5)	2005	1977	103,269	100.0%	Giant Food	-
Greenbriar Town Center (5)	2005	1972	339,939	96.0%	Giant Food	CVS, HMY Roomstore, Total Beverage, Ross Dress for Less, Marshalls, PETCO
Hollymead Town Center (5)	2003	2004	153,739	95.0%	Harris Teeter, (Target)	Petsmart
Kamp Washington Shopping Center (5)	2005	1960	71,924	100.0%	_	Golfsmith
Kings Park Shopping Center (5)	2005	1966	74,496	100.0%	Giant Food	CVS
Lorton Station Marketplace (5)	2006	2005	132,445	100.0%	Shoppers Food Warehouse	Advanced Design Group
Lorton Town Center (5)	2006	2005	51,807	88.4%	_	ReMax
Market at Opitz Crossing	2003	2003	149,791	80.2%	Safeway	Hibachi Grill & Supreme Buffet
Saratoga Shopping Center (5)	2005	1977	113,013	100.0%	Giant Food	_
Shops at County Center	2005	2005	96,695	92.6%	Harris Teeter	_
Shops at Stonewall	2007	2011	307,845	100.0%	Wegmans, Dick's Sporting Goods	Staples, Ross Dress For Less, Bed Bath & Beyond, Michaels
Signal Hill (5)	2003	2004	95,172	100.0%	Shoppers Food Warehouse	_
Town Center at Sterling Shopping Center (5)	2005	1980	186,531	98.2%	Giant Food	Direct Furniture, Party Depot
Tysons Corner CVS (5)	2012	2012	12,900	100.0%	_	CVS
Village Center at Dulles (5)	2002	1991	297,572	92.1%	Shoppers Food Warehouse, Gold's Gym	CVS, Advance Auto Parts, Chuck E. Cheese, Staples, Goodwill, Tuesday Morning
Willston Centre I (5)	2005	1952	105,376	84.5%	_	CVS, Baileys Health Care
Willston Centre II (5)	2005	1986	135,862	98.6%	Safeway, (Target)	_
Subtotal/Weighted Average (VA)			3,740,215	95.7%		
TEXAS						
Austin						
Hancock	1999	1998	410,438	97.9%	H.E.B., Sears	Twin Liquors, PETCO, 24 Hour Fitness
Market at Round Rock	1999	1987	122,646	88.3%	Sprout's Markets	Office Depot
North Hills	1999	1995	144,020	99.8%	H.E.B.	_
Tech Ridge Center	2011	2001	187,350	92.7%	H.E.B.	Office Depot, Petco
D.W. (E. ctv. d						
Dallas / Fort Worth			00.000		•	
Bethany Park Place (5)	1998	1998	98,906	98.0%	Kroger	_
Hickory Creek Plaza	2006	2006	28,134	77.6%	(Kroger)	_
Hillcrest Village	1999	1991	14,530	100.0%	_	_
Keller Town Center	1999	1999	114,938	88.2%	Tom Thumb	_

Property Name (1)	Year Acquired	Year Con- structed <sup>(2)</sup>	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Percent Leased <sup>(3)</sup>	Grocer & Major Tenant(s) >40,000 Sq Ft <sup>(6)</sup>	Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft
Lebanon/Legacy Center	2000	2002	56,435	89.2%	(Wal-Mart)	_
Market at Preston Forest	1999	1990	96,353	100.0%	Tom Thumb	_
Mockingbird Common	1999	1987	120,321	93.1%	Tom Thumb	Ogle School of Hair Design
Prestonbrook	1998	1998	91,537	98.8%	Kroger	_
Rockwall Town Center	2002	2004	46,095	91.3%	(Kroger)	(Walgreens)
Shiloh Springs (5)	1998	1998	110,040	85.3%	Kroger	_
Signature Plaza	2003	2004	32,415	72.3%	(Kroger)	_
Houston						
Alden Bridge (5)	2002	1998	138,953	99.0%	Kroger	Walgreens
Cochran's Crossing	2002	1994	138,192	98.8%	Kroger	CVS
Indian Springs Center (5)	2002	2003	136,625	100.0%	H.E.B.	_
Kleinwood Center (5)	2002	2003	148,964	90.3%	H.E.B.	(Walgreens)
Panther Creek	2002	1994	166,077	100.0%	Randall's Food	CVS, Sears Paint & Hardware (Sublease Morelands), The Woodlands Childrens Museum
Southpark at Cinco Ranch (4)	2012	2012	242,687	92.0%	Kroger, Academy	_
Sterling Ridge	2002	2000	128,643	100.0%	Kroger	CVS
Sweetwater Plaza (5)	2001	2000	134,045	94.5%	Kroger	Walgreens
Weslayan Plaza East (5)	2005	1969	169,693	100.0%	_	Berings, Ross Dress for Less, Michaels, Berings Warehouse, Chuck E. Cheese, The Next Level Fitness, Spec's Liquor, Bike Barn
Weslayan Plaza West (5)	2005	1969	185,964	98.4%	Randall's Food	Walgreens, PETCO, Jo Ann's, Office Max, Tuesday Morning
Westwood Village	2006	2006	183,547	96.7%	(Target)	Gold's Gym, PetSmart, Office Max, Ross Dress For Less, TJ Maxx
Woodway Collection (5)	2005	1974	103,796	93.8%	Randall's Food	_
Subtotal/Weighted Average (TX)			3,551,344	95.4%		
COLORADO						
Colorado Springs						
Falcon Marketplace	2005	2005	22,491	84.9%	(Wal-Mart Supercenter)	_
Marketplace at Briargate	2006	2006	29,075	91.8%	(King Soopers)	_
Monument Jackson Creek	1998	1999	85,263	100.0%	King Soopers	_
Woodmen Plaza	1998	1998	116,233	92.4%	King Soopers	_
Denver						
Applewood Shopping Center (5)	2005	1956	381,041	94.1%	King Soopers, Wal-Mart	Applejack Liquors, PetSmart, Wells Fargo Bank
Arapahoe Village (5)	2005	1957	159,237	79.3%	Safeway	Jo-Ann Fabrics, PETCO, Pier 1 Imports
Belleview Square	2004	1978	117,331	100.0%	King Soopers	-
Boulevard Center	1999	1986	80,320	95.9%	(Safeway)	One Hour Optical
Buckley Square	1999	1978	116,147	98.0%	King Soopers	Ace Hardware
Cherrywood Square (5)	2005	1978	96,667	98.4%	King Soopers	_
Crossroads Commons (5)	2001	1986	142,589	98.7%	Whole Foods	Barnes & Noble, Bicycle Village

Property Name (1)	Year Acquired	Year Con- structed <sup>(2)</sup>	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Percent Leased (3)	Grocer & Major Tenant(s) >40,000 Sq Ft <sup>(6)</sup>	Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft
Hilltop Village (5)	2002	2003	100,030	93.8%	King Soopers	—
Kent Place	2011	2011	48,168	94.6%	King Soopers	_
Littleton Square	1999	1997	94,222	80.7%	King Soopers	_
Lloyd King Center	1998	1998	83,326	98.3%	King Soopers	_
Ralston Square Shopping Center (5)	2005	1977	82,750	96.7%	King Soopers	_
Shops at Quail Creek	2008	2008	37,585	100.0%	(King Soopers)	_
South Lowry Square	1999	1993	119,916	93.9%	Safeway	_
Stroh Ranch	1998	1998	93,436	96.8%	King Soopers	_
Centerplace of Greeley III	2007	2007	119,090	88.8%	Sports Authority	Best Buy, TJ Maxx
Subtotal/Weighted Average (CO)			2,124,917	93.7%		
NORTH CAROLINA						
Charlotte						
Carmel Commons	1997	1979	132,651	94.1%	Fresh Market	Chuck E. Cheese, Party City, Rite Aid, Planet Fitness
Cochran Commons (5)	2007	2003	66,020	100.0%	Harris Teeter	(Walgreens)
Phillips Place (5)	2012	1996	133,059	99.3%	Dean & Deluca	Phillips Place Theater, Dean & Deluca
Providence Commons (5)	2010	1994	77,315	100.0%	Harris Teeter	Rite Aid
Trovidence Commons	2010	100.	77,515	100.070	Timino Teeter	
Greensboro						
Harris Crossing	2007	2007	65,150	92.9%	Harris Teeter	_
Timino Grooming	2007	2007	00,100	02.070	Tiding Teeter	
Raleigh / Durham						
Erwin Square (4)	2012	2012	89,830	67.9%	Harris Teeter	_
Southpoint Crossing	1998	1998	103,128	95.9%	Kroger	_
Woodcroft Shopping Center	1996	1984	89,833	95.4%	Food Lion	Triangle True Value Hardware
Cameron Village (5)	2004	1949	552,541	97.5%	Harris Teeter, Fresh Market	Eckerd, Talbots, Wake County Public Library, Great Outdoor Provision Co., York
Cameron Vinage (9)	2004	1343	332,341	37.370	ridiris reeter, rresii warket	Properties, The Bargain Box, K&W Cafetaria, Johnson-Lambe Sporting Goods, Pier 1 Imports, Bevello, The Cheshire Cat Gallery
Colonnade Center	2009	2009	57,637	96.0%	Whole Foods	— Imports, Deveno, The Chesime Cat Ganery
Glenwood Village	1997	1983	42,864	96.8%	Harris Teeter	_
Lake Pine Plaza	1998	1997	87,690	95.2%	Kroger	_
Maynard Crossing (5)	1998	1997	122,782	84.5%	Kroger	_
Middle Creek Commons	2006	2006	73,634	95.1%	Lowes Foods	_
Shoppes of Kildaire (5)	2005	1986	145,101	96.5%	Trader Joe's	Home Comfort Furniture, Fitness Connection, Staples
Sutton Square (5)	2006	1985	101,025	97.1%	Fresh Market	Rite Aid
Village Plaza (5)	2012	1970	78,182	95.3%	Whole Foods	PTA Thrift Shop
			· 			
Subtotal/Weighted Average (NC)			2,018,442	94.7%		
5 0 0 7						

Property Name (1)	Year Acquired	Year Con- structed <sup>(2)</sup>	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Percent Leased (3)	Grocer & Major Tenant(s) >40,000 Sq Ft <sup>(6)</sup>	Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft
ОНІО						
Cincinnati						
Cincinnati  Beckett Commons	1998	1995	121,318	95.7%	Vyogov	
Cherry Grove	1998	1995	195,513		Kroger	Hancock Fabrics, Shoe Carnival, TJ Maxx
Hyde Park	1998	1997	396,861	98.0% 97.5%	Kroger Kroger, Biggs	Walgreens, Jo-Ann Fabrics, Ace Hardware, Michaels, Staples
	2005	2005		100.0%	Kohl's, (Wal-Mart	
Indian Springs Market Center (5)			141,063		Supercenter)	Office Depot, HH Gregg Appliances
Red Bank Village	2006	2006	164,317	98.0%	Wal-Mart	_
Regency Commons	2004	2004	30,770	94.5%	_	_
Sycamore Crossing & Sycamore Plaza (5)	2008	1966	390,957	86.6%	Fresh Market, Macy's Furniture Gallery, Toys 'R Us, Dick's Sporting Goods	Barnes & Noble, Old Navy, Staples, Identity Salon & Day Spa
Westchester Plaza	1998	1988	88,181	93.8%	Kroger	_
Columbus						
East Pointe	1998	1993	86,503	96.8%	Kroger	_
Kroger New Albany Center	1999	1999	93,286	94.1%	Kroger	_
Maxtown Road (Northgate)	1998	1996	85,100	100.0%	Kroger, (Home Depot)	_
Windmiller Plaza Phase I	1998	1997	140,437	98.5%	Kroger	Sears Hardware
Subtotal/Weighted Average (OH)			1,934,306	95.2%		
ILLINOIS						
Chicago						
Civic Center Plaza (5)	2005	1989	264,973	98.9%	Super H Mart, Home Depot	O'Reilly Automotive, King Spa
Geneva Crossing (5)	2004	1997	123,182	98.8%	Dominick's	Goodwill
Glen Oak Plaza	2010	1967	62,616	100.0%	Trader Joe's	Walgreens, ENH Medical Offices
Hinsdale	1998	1986	178,960	97.2%	Dominick's	Goodwill, Cardinal Fitness
McHenry Commons Shopping Center (5)	2005	1988	99,448	92.6%	Hobby Lobby	Goodwill
Riverside Sq & River's Edge (5)	2005	1986	169,435	96.5%	Dominick's	Ace Hardware, Party City
Roscoe Square (5)	2005	1981	140,426	94.9%	Mariano's	Walgreens, Toys "R" Us
Shorewood Crossing (5)	2004	2001	87,705	93.4%	Dominick's	_
Shorewood Crossing II (5)	2007	2005	86,276	100.0%	-	Babies R Us, Staples, PETCO, Factory Card Outlet
Stonebrook Plaza Shopping Center (5)	2005	1984	95,825	100.0%	Dominick's	_
Westbrook Commons	2001	1984	123,855	92.4%	Dominick's	Goodwill
Willow Festival	2010	2007	382,837	98.4%	Whole Foods, Lowe's	CVS, DSW Warehouse, HomeGoods, Recreational Equipment, Best Buy
Subtotal/Weighted Average (IL)			1,815,538	97.2%		

Property Name (1)	Year Acquired	Year Con- structed <sup>(2)</sup>	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Percent Leased <sup>(3)</sup>	Grocer & Major Tenant(s) >40,000 Sq Ft <sup>(6)</sup>	Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft
MARYLAND						
Baltimore						
Elkridge Corners (5)	2005	1990	73,529	97.6%	Green Valley Markets	Rite Aid
Festival at Woodholme (5)	2005	1986	81,016	95.3%	Trader Joe's	_
Parkville Shopping Center (5)	2005	1961	161,735	92.5%	Giant Food	Parkville Lanes, Castlewood Realty (Sub: Herit)
Southside Marketplace (5)	2005	1990	125,146	96.1%	Shoppers Food Warehouse	Rite Aid
Valley Centre (5)	2005	1987	219,549	100.0%	_	TJ Maxx, Ross Dress for Less, HomeGoods, Staples, PetSmart
Village at Lee Airpark	2005	2005	87,557	100.0%	Giant Food, (Sunrise)	_
Other Maryland						
Bowie Plaza (5)	2005	1966	102,904	97.9%	_	CVS, Fitness 4 Less
Clinton Park (5)	2003	2003	206,050	96.3%	G-Mart, Sears, (Toys "R" Us)	Fitness For Less
Cloppers Mill Village (5)	2005	1995	137,035	91.2%	Shoppers Food Warehouse	CVS
Firstfield Shopping Center (5)	2005	1978	22,328	75.4%	_	_
Goshen Plaza (5)	2005	1987	42,906	84.1%	_	CVS
King Farm Village Center (5)	2004	2001	118,326	96.3%	Safeway	_
Takoma Park (5)	2005	1960	104,079	100.0%	Shoppers Food Warehouse	_
Watkins Park Plaza (5)	2005	1985	113,443	56.5%	_	CVS
Woodmoor Shopping Center (5)	2005	1954	68,887	98.1%	_	CVS
Subtotal/Weighted Average (MD)			1,664,490	93.3%		
GEORGIA						
Atlanta						
Ashford Place	1997	1993	53,449	98.1%	_	Harbor Freight Tools
Briarcliff La Vista	1997	1962	39,204	100.0%	_	Michaels
Briarcliff Village	1997	1990	189,551	94.2%	Publix	Office Depot, Party City, Shoe Carnival, TJ Maxx
Buckhead Court	1997	1984	48,317	97.5%	_	_
Cambridge Square	1996	1979	71,429	100.0%	Kroger	_
Cornerstone Square	1997	1990	80,406	95.7%	Aldi	CVS, Hancock Fabrics, Concentra
Delk Spectrum	1998	1991	100,539	69.2%	Publix	Eckerd
Dunwoody Hall (5)	1997	1986	89,551	100.0%	Publix	Eckerd
Dunwoody Village	1997	1975	120,169	86.2%	Fresh Market	Walgreens, Dunwoody Prep
Howell Mill Village	2004	1984	92,280	91.9%	Publix	Eckerd
King Plaza (5)	2007	1998	81,432	90.8%	Publix	_
Loehmanns Plaza Georgia	1997	1986	137,139	98.5%	_	Loehmann's, Office Max, Dance 101
Lost Mountain Crossing (5)	2007	1994	72,568	94.7%	Publix	_
Paces Ferry Plaza	1997	1987	61,698	93.5%	_	Harry Norman Realtors
Tucco I city I luzu	1557	1507	01,030	33.370		The state of the s

Property Name (1)	Year Acquired	Year Con- structed <sup>(2)</sup>	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Percent Leased (3)	Grocer & Major Tenant(s) >40,000 Sq Ft <sup>(6)</sup>	Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft
Powers Ferry Square	1997	1987	97,897	94.9%	_	CVS, PETCO
Powers Ferry Village	1997	1994	78,896	100.0%	Publix	Mardi Gras, Brush Creek Package
Russell Ridge	1994	1995	98,559	93.8%	Kroger	_
Sandy Springs	2012	1959	116,094	94.4%	_	Trader Joe's, Pier 1, Party City
Subtotal/Weighted Average (GA)			1,629,178	93.5%		
PENNSYLVANIA						
Allentown / Bethlehem						
Allen Street Shopping Center (5)	2005	1958	46,228	100.0%	Ahart Market	_
Lower Nazareth Commons	2007	2007	90,210	98.2%	(Target), Sports Authority	PETCO
Stefko Boulevard Shopping Center (5)	2005	1976	133,899	88.3%	Valley Farm Market	_
Harrisburg						
Silver Spring Square (5)	2005	2005	314,450	99.0%	Wegmans, (Target)	Ross Dress For Less, Bed Bath and Beyond, Best Buy, Office Max, Ulta, PETCO
Philadelphia						
City Avenue Shopping Center (5)	2005	1960	159,406	94.2%	_	Ross Dress for Less, TJ Maxx, Sears
Gateway Shopping Center	2004	1960	214,213	99.3%	Trader Joe's	Staples, TJ Maxx, Famous Footwear, Jo-Ann Fabrics
Kulpsville Village Center	2006	2006	14,820	100.0%	_	Walgreens
Mercer Square Shopping Center (5)	2005	1988	91,400	96.7%	Wies Markets	_
Newtown Square Shopping Center (5)	2005	1970	146,959	94.9%	Acme Markets	Rite Aid
Warwick Square Shopping Center (5)	2005	1999	89,680	100.0%	Giant Food	-
Other Pennsylvania						
Hershey	2000	2000	6,000	100.0%	_	_
Subtotal/Weighted Average (PA)			1,307,265	96.8%		
WASHINGTON						
Portland						
Orchards Market Center I (5)	2002	2004	100,663	100.0%	Wholesale Sports	Jo-Ann Fabrics, PETCO, (Rite Aid)
Orchards Market Center II	2005	2005	77,478	92.1%	LA Fitness	Office Depot
Seattle						
Aurora Marketplace (5)	2005	1991	106,921	97.5%	Safeway	TJ Maxx
Cascade Plaza (5)	1999	1999	211,072	91.7%	Safeway	Fashion Bug, Jo-Ann Fabrics, Ross Dress For Less, Big Lots, Fitness Evolution
Eastgate Plaza (5)	2005	1956	78,230	97.3%	Albertsons	Rite Aid

Property Name (1)	Year Acquired	Year Con- structed (2)	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Percent Leased <sup>(3)</sup>	Grocer & Major Tenant(s) >40,000 Sq Ft <sup>(6)</sup>	Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft	
Grand Ridge (4)	2012	2012	326,022	88.6%	Safeway, Regal Cinemas	Port Blakey	
Inglewood Plaza	1999	1985	17,253	88.4%	_	_	
Overlake Fashion Plaza (5)	2005	1987	80,555	88.5%	(Sears)	Marshalls	
Pine Lake Village	1999	1989	102,900	100.0%	Quality Foods	Rite Aid	
Sammamish-Highlands	1999	1992	101,289	98.1%	(Safeway)	Bartell Drugs, Ace Hardware	
Southcenter	1999	1990	58,282	97.0%	(Target)	-	
Subtotal/Weighted Average (WA)			1,260,665	93.6%			
OREGON							
Portland							
Greenway Town Center (5)	2005	1979	93,101	94.8%	Lamb's Thriftway	Rite Aid, Dollar Tree	
Murrayhill Marketplace	1999	1988	148,967	81.2%	Safeway	_	
Sherwood Crossroads	1999	1999	87,966	92.0%	Safeway	_	
Sherwood Market Center	1999	1995	124,259	93.5%	Albertsons	_	
Sunnyside 205	1999	1988	53,547	74.8%	_	_	
Tanasbourne Market	2006	2006	71,000	100.0%	Whole Foods	_	
Walker Center	1999	1987	89,610	91.4%	Bed Bath and Beyond	_	
Other Oregon							
Corvallis Market Center	2006	2006	84,548	100.0%	Trader Joe's	TJ Maxx, Michael's	
Northgate Marketplace	2011	2011	80,953	98.8%	Trader Joe's	REI, PETCO, Ulta Salon	
Subtotal/Weighted Average (OR)			833,951	91.6%			
MINNESOTA							
Minneapolis							
Apple Valley Square (5)	2006	1998	184,841	100.0%	Rainbow Foods, Jo-Ann Fabrics, (Burlington Coat Factory)	Savers, PETCO	
Calhoun Commons (5)	2011	1999	66,150	100.0%	Whole Foods	_	
Colonial Square (5)	2005	1959	93,248	100.0%	Lund's	_	
Rockford Road Plaza (5)	2005	1991	205,479	95.1%	Rainbow Foods	PetSmart, HomeGoods, TJ Maxx	
Rockridge Center <sup>(5)</sup>	2011	2006	125,213	94.6%	Cub Foods	-	
Subtotal/Weighted Average (MN)			674,931	97.5%			
Subtotal/Weighted Average (MN)  MASSACHUSETTS			674,931	97.5%			

Property Name (1)	Year Acquired	Year Con- structed <sup>(2)</sup>	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Percent Leased (3)	Grocer & Major Tenant(s) >40,000 Sq Ft <sup>(6)</sup>	Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft
Boston						
Shops at Saugus	2006	2006	86,855	94.4%	Trader Joe's	La-Z-Boy, PetSmart
Twin City Plaza	2006	2004	270,242	94.6%	Shaw's, Marshall's	Rite Aid, K&G Fashion, Dollar Tree, Gold's Gym, Extra Space Storage
Speedway Plaza <sup>(5)</sup>	2006	1988	148,767	95.4%	Stop & Shop, Burlington Coat Factory	-
Subtotal/Weighted Average (MA)			505,864	94.8%		
ARIZONA						
Phoenix						
Anthem Marketplace	2003	2000	113,293	91.4%	Safeway	_
Palm Valley Marketplace (5)	2001	1999	107,633	89.2%	Safeway	_
Pima Crossing	1999	1996	238,275	93.6%	Golf & Tennis Pro Shop, Inc.	Life Time Fitness, E & J Designer Shoe Outlet, Paddock Pools Store, Pier 1 Imports, Stein Mart
Shops at Arizona	2003	2000	35,710	41.0%	_	_
Subtotal/Weighted Average (AZ)			494,911	88.4%		
MISSOURI						
St. Louis						
Brentwood Plaza	2007	2002	60,452	96.5%	Schnucks	_
Bridgeton	2007	2005	70,762	97.3%	Schnucks, (Home Depot)	_
Dardenne Crossing	2007	1996	67,430	100.0%	Schnucks	-
Kirkwood Commons	2007	2000	209,703	100.0%	Wal-Mart, (Target), (Lowe's)	TJ Maxx, HomeGoods, Famous Footwear
Subtotal/Weighted Average (MO)			408,347	99.0%		
TENNESSEE						
Nashville						
Harpeth Village Fieldstone	1997	1998	70,091	97.7%	Publix	-
Lebanon Center	2006	2006	63,800	94.0%	Publix	_
Northlake Village	2000	1988	137,807	92.2%	Kroger	PETCO
Peartree Village	1997	1997	109,506	100.0%	Harris Teeter	PETCO, Office Max
Other Tennessee						
Dickson Tn	1998	1998	10,908	100.0%	_	Eckerd
Subtotal/Weighted Average (TN)			392,112	95.9%		

Property Name (1)	Year Acquired	Year Con- structed <sup>(2)</sup>	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Percent Leased (3)	Grocer & Major Tenant(s) >40,000 Sq Ft <sup>(6)</sup>	Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft
SOUTH CAROLINA						
Charleston						
Merchants Village (5)	1997	1997	79,649	97.0%	Publix	_
Orangeburg	2006	2006	14,820	100.0%	_	Walgreens
Queensborough Shopping Center (5)	1998	1993	82,333	93.9%	Publix	-
Columbia						
Murray Landing (5)	2002	2003	64,359	100.0%	Publix	-
Other South Carolina						
Buckwalter Village	2006	2006	59,601	100.0%	Publix	_
Surfside Beach Commons (5)	2007	1999	59,881	94.7%	Bi-Lo	-
Subtotal/Weighted Average (SC)			360,643	97.1%		
Nevada						
Las Vegas						
Deer Springs Town Center	2007	2007	330,907	91.1%	(Target), Home Depot, Toys "R" Us	Michaels, PetSmart, Ross Dress For Less, Staples
Subtotal/Weighted Average (NV)			330,907	91.1%		
DELAWARE						
Dover						
White Oak - Dover, DE	2000	2000	10,908	100.0%	_	Eckerd
Wilmington						
Pike Creek	1998	1981	232,031	94.0%	Acme Markets, K-Mart	Rite Aid
Shoppes of Graylyn (5)	2005	1971	66,808	100.0%	-	Rite Aid
Subtotal/Weighted Average (DE)			309,747	95.5%		
WISCONSIN						
Whitnall Square Shopping Center (5)	2005	1989	133,421	98.4%	Pick 'N' Save	Harbor Freight Tools, Dollar Tree
Racine Centre Shopping Center (5)	2005	1989	135,827	95.4%	Piggly Wiggly	Golds Gym, Factory Card Outlet, Dollar Tree
The state of the s	2003	1000	,02,	23.173	00-7 ***00-7	

Property Name (1)	Year Acquired	Year Con- structed <sup>(2)</sup>	Leasable Area (GLA)	Percent Leased (3)	Grocer & Major Tenant(s) >40,000 Sq Ft <sup>(6)</sup>	Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft
Subtotal/Weighted Average (WI)			269,248	96.9%		
ALABAMA						
Shoppes at Fairhope Village	2008	2008	84,740	86.2%	Publix	-
Valleydale Village Shop Center (5)	2002	2003	118,466	71.6%	Publix	-
Subtotal/Weighted Average (AL)			203,206	77.7%		
INDIANA						
Indianapolis						
Greenwood Springs	2004	2004	28,028	85.1%	(Gander Mountain), (Wal- Mart Supercenter)	_
Willow Lake Shopping Center (5)	2005	1987	85,923	90.5%	(Kroger)	Party City
Willow Lake West Shopping Center (5)	2005	2001	52,961	94.3%	Trader Joe's	_
Other Indiana						
Airport Crossing	2006	2006	11,924	88.6%	(Kohl's)	-
Augusta Center	2006	2006	14,533	100.0%	(Menards)	_
Subtotal/Weighted Average (IN)			193,369	91.3%		
CONNECTICUT						
Corbin's Corner (5)	2005	1962	179,865	99.8%	Trader Joe's	Toys "R" Us, Best Buy, Old Navy, Office Depot, Pier 1 Imports
Subtotal/Weighted Average (CT)			179,865	99.8%		
NEW JERSEY						
Plaza Square (5)	2005	1990	103,891	97.2%	Shop Rite	_
Haddon Commons (5)	2005	1985	52,640	87.7%	Acme Markets	CVS
0.1						
Subtotal/Weighted Average (NJ)			156,531	94.0%		
NEW YORK						
NEW YORK						
				402-227		
Lake Grove Commons (5)	2012	2008	141,382	100.0%	Whole Foods, LA Fitness	PETCO
0.14 100 114 14						
Subtotal/Weighted Average (NY)			141,382	100.0%		

Gross

Property Name (1)	Year Acquired	Year Con- structed (2)	Leasable Area (GLA)	Percent Leased (3)	Grocer & Major Tenant(s) >40,000 Sq Ft <sup>(6)</sup>		Drug Stores & Other Junior Anchors > 10,000 Sq Ft
MICHIGAN							
State Street Crossing	2006	2006	21,049	86.7%	(Wal-Mart)	_	
Fenton Marketplace	1999	1999	97,224	34.7%	_	Michaels	
Subtotal/Weighted Average (MI)			118,273	43.9%			
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA							
Shops at The Columbia (5)	2006	2006	22,812	100.0%	Trader Joe's	_	
Spring Valley Shopping Center (5)	2005	1930	16,835	100.0%	_	CVS	
Subtotal/Weighted Average (DC)			39,647	100.0%			
KENTUCKY							
Walton Towne Center	2007	2007	23,186	100.0%	(Kroger)	_	
Subtotal/Weighted Average (KY)			23,186	100.0%			
Total/Weighted Average			40,293,379	94.6%			
3 3							

Gross

<sup>(1)</sup> This table includes both Regency's Consolidated and Unconsolidated Properties ("Combined Portfolio") and excludes the properties of BRET as the property holdings of BRET do not impact the rate of return on Regency's preferred stock investment

<sup>(2)</sup> Or latest renovation.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes properties where the Company has not yet incurred at least 90% of the expected costs to complete and the anchor has not yet been open for at least two calendar years ("development properties" or "properties in development"). If development properties are excluded, the total percentage leased would be 94.8% for Company's Combined Portfolio of shopping centers.

<sup>(4)</sup> Property in development.

<sup>(5)</sup> Owned by a co-investment partnership with outside investors in which RCLP or an affiliate is the general partner or has a voting interest.

<sup>(6)</sup> A retailer that supports the Company's shopping center and in which the Company has no ownership is indicated by parentheses.

## Item 3. Legal Proceedings

We are a party to various legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business. We are not currently involved in any litigation nor to our knowledge, is any litigation threatened against us, the outcome of which would, in our judgment based on information currently available to us, have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations.

## Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

#### PART II

## Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters, and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Our common stock (NYSE: REG) is traded on the New York Stock Exchange. The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices and the cash dividends declared on our common stock by quarter for 2012 and 2011.

		2012		2011				
			Cash			Cash		
Quarter	High	Low	Dividends	High	Low	Dividends		
Ended	Price	Price	Declared	Price	Price	Declared		
March 31	\$ 44.78	40.90	0.4625	\$ 45.36	40.90	0.4625		
June 30	47.99	41.65	0.4625	47.51	41.00	0.4625		
September 30	51.38	45.81	0.4625	47.90	34.11	0.4625		
December 31	50.40	36.30	0.4625	41.64	32.30	0.4625		

The Company has determined that the dividends paid during 2012 and 2011 on our common stock qualify for the following tax treatment:

	Distri	Total bution per Share	Ordinary Dividends	Total Capital Gain Distributions	Nontaxable Distributions
2012	\$	1.8500	1.3135	0.0185	0.5180
2011	\$	1.8500	0.6105	0.0185	1.2210

As of February 22, 2013, there were approximately 15,000 holders of common equity.

We intend to pay regular quarterly distributions to Regency Centers Corporations' common stockholders. Future distributions will be declared and paid at the discretion of our Board of Directors, and will depend upon cash generated by operating activities, our financial condition, capital requirements, annual dividend requirements under the REIT provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and such other factors as our Board of Directors deems relevant. In order to maintain Regency Centers Corporation's qualification as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we are generally required to make annual distributions at least equal to 90% of our real estate investment trust taxable income for the taxable year. Under certain circumstances, which we do not expect to occur, we could be required to make distributions in excess of cash available for distributions in order to meet such requirements. The Company has a dividend reinvestment plan under which shareholders may elect to reinvest their dividends automatically in common stock. Under the plan, the Company may elect to purchase common stock in the open market on behalf of shareholders or may issue new common stock to such shareholders.

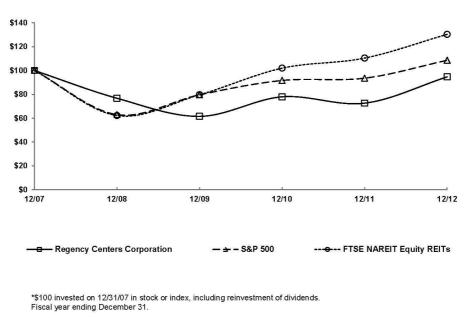
Under the loan agreement of our line of credit, in the event of any monetary default, we may not make distributions to stockholders except to the extent necessary to maintain our REIT status.

There were no unregistered sales of equity securities during the quarter ended December 31, 2012. The Company did not repurchase any of its equity securities during the quarter-ended December 31, 2012.

The performance graph furnished below shows Regency's cumulative total stockholder return to the S&P 500 Index and the FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT Index since December 31, 2007. The stock performance graph should not be deemed filed or incorporated by reference into any other filing made by us under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except to the extent that we specifically incorporate the stock performance graph by reference in another filing.

## **COMPARISON OF 5 YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN\***

Among Regency Centers Corporation, the S&P 500 Index and the FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index



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Item 6. Selected Financial Data (in thousands, except per share and unit data, number of properties, and ratio of earnings to fixed charges)

The following table sets forth Selected Financial Data for the Company on a historical basis for the five years ended December 31, 2012. This historical Selected Financial Data has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements as reclassified for discontinued operations. This information should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of Regency Centers Corporation and Regency Centers, L.P. (including the related notes thereto) and Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Financial Condition and Results of Operations, each included elsewhere in this Form 10-K.

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Operating Data:					
Revenues	\$ 496,920	493,098	468,191	470,593	479,467
Operating expenses	321,258	318,128	306,100	294,802	258,789
Other expense	185,740	136,275	147,434	210,085	117,061
(Loss) Income before equity in income (loss) of investments in real estate partnerships	(10,078)	38,695	14,657	(34,294)	103,617
Equity in income (loss) of investments in real estate partnerships	23,807	9,643	(12,884)	(26,373)	5,292
Income (loss) from continuing operations before tax	13,729	48,338	1,773	(60,667)	108,909
Income tax expense (benefit) of taxable REIT subsidiary	13,224	2,994	(1,333)	1,883	(1,600
Income (loss) from continuing operations	505	45,344	3,106	(62,550)	110,509
Income from discontinued operations	23,546	8,040	8,902	14,157	16,629
Income (loss) before gain on sale of real estate	24,051	53,384	12,008	(48,393)	127,13
Gain on sale of real estate	2,158	2,404	993	19,357	20,340
Net income (loss)	26,209	55,788	13,001	(29,036)	147,484
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(342)	(4,418)	(4,185)	(3,961)	(5,333
Net income (loss) attributable to the Company	25,867	51,370	8,816	(32,997)	142,15
Preferred stock dividends	(32,531)	(19,675)	(19,675)	(19,675)	(19,675
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	(6,664)	31,695	(10,859)	(52,672)	122,476
Funds from operations (1)	222,100	220,318	151,321	85,758	263,84
Core funds from operations (1)	230,937	213,148	199,357	207,971	240,44
ncome per Common Share - diluted:					
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$ (0.34)	0.26	(0.25)	(0.89)	1.52
Income from discontinued operations	0.26	0.09	0.11	0.19	0.24
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	\$ (80.0)	0.35	(0.14)	(0.70)	1.70
Other Information:					
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 257,215	217,633	138,459	195,804	211,31
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	3,623	(77,723)	(184,457)	51,545	(105,00
Net cash used in financing activities	(249,891)	(145,569)	(32,797)	(164,279)	(105,14
Distributions paid to common stockholders	164,747	160,478	149,117	159,670	199,52
Common dividends declared per share	1.85	1.85	1.85	2.11	2.9
Common stock outstanding including exchangeable operating partnership units	90,572	90,099	81,717	81,670	70,09
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges (3)	1.1	1.4	1.2	0.8 (2)	1.
Balance Sheet Data:					
Real estate investments before accumulated depreciation	\$ 4,352,839	4,488,794	4,417,746	4,259,990	4,425,89
Total assets	3,853,458	3,987,071	3,994,539	3,992,228	4,158,56
Total debt	1,941,891	1,982,440	2,094,469	1,886,380	2,135,57
Total liabilities	2,107,547	2,117,417	2,250,137	2,061,621	2,416,82
Stockholders' equity	1,730,765	1,808,355	1,685,177	1,862,380	1,676,323
Noncontrolling interests	15,146	61,299	59,225	68,227	65,42

<sup>(1)</sup> FFO is a commonly used measure of REIT performance, which the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") defines as net income, computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains and losses from sales of depreciable property, net of tax, excluding operating real estate impairments, plus depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Core FFO represents FFO, excluding, but not limited to, transaction income or expense, gains or losses from the early extinguishment of debt, development and outparcel gains or losses and other non-core items. See Supplemental Earnings Information within Item 7 for additional information and a reconciliation to the nearest GAAP measure.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Company's ratio of earnings to fixed charges was deficient in 2009 by \$26.2 million in earnings, due to significant non-cash charges for impairment of real estate investments of \$97.5 million.

<sup>(3)</sup> See Exhibit 12.1 for additional information regarding the computation of ratio of earnings to fixed charges.

		<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Operating Data:						
Revenues	\$	496,920	493,098	468,191	470,593	479,467
Operating expenses		321,258	318,128	306,100	294,802	258,789
Other expense		185,740	136,275	147,434	210,085	117,061
(Loss) income before equity in income (loss) of investments in real estate partnerships		(10,078)	38,695	14,657	(34,294)	103,617
Equity in income (loss) of investments in real estate partnerships		23,807	9,643	(12,884)	(26,373)	5,292
Income (loss) from continuing operations before tax		13,729	48,338	1,773	(60,667)	108,909
Income tax expense (benefit) of taxable REIT subsidiary		13,224	2,994	(1,333)	1,883	(1,600)
Income (loss) from continuing operations		505	45,344	3,106	(62,550)	110,509
Income from discontinued operations		23,546	8,040	8,902	14,157	16,629
Income (loss) before gain on sale of real estate		24,051	53,384	12,008	(48,393)	127,138
Gain on sale of real estate		2,158	2,404	993	19,357	20,346
Net income (loss)		26,209	55,788	13,001	(29,036)	147,484
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(865)	(590)	(376)	(452)	(701)
Net income (loss) attributable to the Partnership		25,344	55,198	12,625	(29,488)	146,783
Preferred unit distributions		(31,902)	(23,400)	(23,400)	(23,400)	(23,400)
Net (loss) income attributable to common unit holders		(6,558)	31,798	(10,775)	(52,888)	123,383
Funds from operations (1)		222,100	220,318	151,321	85,758	263,848
Core funds from operations (1)		230,937	213,148	199,357	207,971	240,449
Income per common unit - diluted:						
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$	(0.34)	0.26	(0.25)	(0.89)	1.52
Income from discontinued operations	_	0.26	0.09	0.11	0.19	0.24
Net (loss) income attributable to common unit holders	\$	(0.08)	0.35	(0.14)	(0.70)	1.76
Other Information:						
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	257,215	217,633	138,459	195,804	211,314
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		3,623	(77,723)	(184,457)	51,545	(105,006)
Net cash used in financing activities		(249,891)	(145,569)	(32,797)	(164,279)	(105,144)
Distributions paid on common units		164,747	160,478	149,117	159,670	199,528
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges (3)		1.1	1.4	1.2	0.8 (2)	1.6
Balance Sheet Data:						
Real estate investments before accumulated depreciation	\$	4,352,839	4,488,794	4,417,746	4,259,990	4,425,895
Total assets		3,853,458	3,987,071	3,994,539	3,992,228	4,158,568
Total debt		1,941,891	1,982,440	2,094,469	1,886,380	2,135,571
Total liabilities		2,107,547	2,117,417	2,250,137	2,061,621	2,416,824
Partners' capital		1,729,612	1,856,550	1,733,573	1,918,859	1,733,764
Noncontrolling interests		16,299	13,104	10,829	11,748	7,980

<sup>(1)</sup> FFO is a commonly used measure of REIT performance, which the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") defines as net income, computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains and losses from sales of depreciable property, net of tax, excluding operating real estate impairments, plus depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Core FFO represents FFO, excluding, but not limited to, transaction income or expense, gains or losses from the early extinguishment of debt, development and outparcel gains or losses and other non-core items. See Supplemental Earnings Information within Item 7 for additional information and a reconciliation to the nearest GAAP measure.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Company's ratio of earnings to fixed charges was deficient in 2009 by \$26.2 million in earnings, due to significant non-cash charges for impairment of real estate investments of \$97.5 million.

<sup>(3)</sup> See Exhibit 12.1 for additional information regarding the computation of ratio of earnings to fixed charges.

#### Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### Overview

Regency Centers Corporation began its operations as a REIT in 1993 and is the managing general partner in Regency Centers, L.P. We endeavor to be the preeminent, best-in-class national shopping center company distinguished by sustaining growth in shareholder value and compounding total shareholder return in excess of our peers. We work to achieve these goals through reliable growth in net operating income from a portfolio of dominant, infill shopping centers, balance sheet strength, value-added development capabilities and an engaged team of talented and dedicated people. All of our operating, investing, and financing activities are performed through the Operating Partnership, its wholly-owned subsidiaries, and through its investments in real estate partnerships with third parties (also referred to as "co-investment partnerships" or "joint ventures"). The Parent Company currently owns approximately 99.8% of the outstanding common partnership units of the Operating Partnership.

At December 31, 2012, we directly owned 204 shopping centers (the "Consolidated Properties") located in 24 states representing 22.5 million square feet of gross leasable area ("GLA"). Through co-investment partnerships, we own partial ownership interests in 144 shopping centers (the "Unconsolidated Properties") located in 24 states and the District of Columbia representing 17.8 million square feet of GLA.

We earn revenues and generate cash flow by leasing space in our shopping centers to grocery stores, major retail anchors, restaurants, side-shop retailers, and service providers, as well as by ground leasing or selling building pads ("out-parcels") to these same types of tenants. We experience growth in revenues by increasing occupancy and rental rates in our existing shopping centers and by acquiring and developing new shopping centers. At December 31, 2012, the consolidated shopping centers were 94.1% leased, as compared to 92.2% at December 31, 2011.

We monitor the operating performance and rent collections of all tenants in our shopping centers, especially those tenants operating retail formats that are experiencing significant changes in competition, business practice, and store closings in other locations. We also evaluate consumer preferences, shopping behaviors, and demographics to anticipate both challenges and opportunities in the changing retail industry that may affect our tenants.

We grow our shopping center portfolio through acquisitions of operating centers and new shopping center development. We will continue to use our development capabilities, market presence, and anchor relationships to invest in value-added new developments and redevelopments of existing centers. Development is customer driven, meaning we generally have an executed lease from the anchor before we start construction. Developments serve the growth needs of our anchors and retailers, resulting in modern shopping centers with long-term anchor leases that produce attractive returns on our invested capital. This development process typically requires two to three years once construction has commenced, but can vary subject to the size and complexity of the project. We fund our acquisition and development activity from various capital sources including property sales, equity offerings, and new debt.

Co-investment partnerships provide us with an additional capital source for shopping center acquisitions, as well as the opportunity to earn fees for asset management, property management, and other investing and financing services. As asset manager, we are engaged by our partners to apply similar operating, investment and capital strategies to the portfolios owned by the co-investment partnerships as those applied to the portfolio that we whollyown. Co-investment partnerships grow their shopping center investments through acquisitions from third parties or direct purchases from us. Although selling properties to co-investment partnerships reduces our direct ownership interest, it provides a source of capital that further strengthens our balance sheet while we continue to share, to the extent of our ownership interest, in the risks and rewards of shopping centers that meet our high quality standards and long-term investment strategy.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Knowledge about our accounting policies is necessary for a complete understanding of our financial statements. The preparation of our financial statements requires that we make certain estimates that impact the balance of assets and liabilities at a financial statement date and the reported amount of income and expenses during a financial reporting period. These accounting estimates are based upon, but not limited to, our judgments about historical results, current economic activity, and industry accounting standards. They are considered to be critical because of their significance to the financial statements and the possibility that future events may differ from those judgments, or that the use of different assumptions could result in materially different estimates. We review these estimates on a periodic basis to ensure reasonableness; however, the amounts we may ultimately realize could differ from such estimates.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Minimum rent, percentage rent, and expense recoveries from tenants for common area maintenance costs, insurance and real estate taxes are the Company's principal source of revenue. As a result of generating this revenue, we will routinely have accounts receivable due from tenants. We are subject to tenant defaults and bankruptcies that may affect the collection of outstanding receivables. To address the collectability of these receivables, we analyze historical write-off experience, tenant credit-worthiness and current economic trends when evaluating the adequacy of our allowance for doubtful accounts. Although we estimate uncollectible receivables and provide for them through charges against income, actual experience may differ from those estimates.

#### **Real Estate Investments**

#### Acquisition of Real Estate Investments

Upon acquisition of real estate operating properties, the Company estimates the fair value of acquired tangible assets (consisting of land, building, building improvements and tenant improvements) and identified intangible assets and liabilities (consisting of above and below-market leases, in-place leases and tenant relationships), assumed debt, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree at the date of acquisition, based on evaluation of information and estimates available at that date. Based on these estimates, the Company allocates the estimated fair value to the applicable assets and liabilities. Fair value is determined based on an exit price approach, which contemplates the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. If, up to one year from the acquisition date, information regarding fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed is received and estimates are refined, appropriate adjustments are made to the purchase price allocation on a retrospective basis. The Company expenses transaction costs associated with business combinations in the period incurred.

We strategically invest in entities that own, manage, acquire, develop and redevelop operating properties. We analyze our investments in real estate partnerships in order to determine whether the entity should be consolidated. If it is determined that these investments do not require consolidation because the entities are not variable interest entities ("VIEs"), we are not considered the primary beneficiary of the entities determined to be VIEs, we do not have voting control, and/or the limited partners (or non-managing members) have substantive participatory rights, then the selection of the accounting method used to account for our investments in real estate partnerships is generally determined by our voting interests and the degree of influence we have over the entity. Management uses its judgment when making these determinations. We use the equity method of accounting for investments in real estate partnerships when we own 20% or more of the voting interests and have significant influence but do not have a controlling financial interest, or if we own less than 20% of the voting interests but have determined that we have significant influence. Under the equity method, we record our investments in and advances to these entities in our consolidated balance sheets, and our proportionate share of earnings or losses earned by the joint venture is recognized in equity in income (loss) of investments in real estate partnerships in our consolidated statements of operations.

### Development of Real Estate Assets and Cost Capitalization

We capitalize the acquisition of land, the construction of buildings and other specifically identifiable development costs incurred by recording them into properties in development in our accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. Once a development property is substantially complete and held available for occupancy, costs are no longer capitalized. Other specifically identifiable development costs include pre-development costs essential to the development process, as well as, interest, real estate taxes, and direct employee costs incurred during the development period. Pre-development costs are incurred prior to land acquisition during the due diligence phase and include contract deposits, legal, engineering, and other professional fees related to evaluating the feasibility of developing a shopping center. At December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company had capitalized pre-development costs of \$3.5 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, of which \$2.3 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, were refundable deposits. If we determine it is probable that a specific project undergoing due diligence will not be developed, we immediately expense all

related capitalized pre-development costs not considered recoverable. During the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, we expensed pre-development costs of approximately \$1.5 million, \$241,000, and \$520,000, respectively, recorded in other expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. Interest costs are capitalized into each development project based on applying our weighted average borrowing rate to that portion of the actual development costs expended. We cease interest cost capitalization when the property is no longer being developed or is available for occupancy upon substantial completion of tenant improvements, but in no event would we capitalize interest on the project beyond 12 months after substantial completion of the building shell. During the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, we capitalized interest of \$3.7 million, \$1.5 million, and \$5.1 million, respectively, on our development projects. We have a staff of employees who directly support our development program. All direct internal costs attributable to these development activities are capitalized as part of each development project. During the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, we capitalized \$10.3 million, \$5.5 million, and \$2.7 million, respectively, of direct internal costs incurred to support our development program. The capitalization of costs is directly related to the actual level of development activity occurring.

#### Valuation of Real Estate Investments

We evaluate whether there are any indicators that have occurred, including property operating performance and general market conditions, that would result in us determining that the carrying value of our real estate properties (including any related amortizable intangible assets or liabilities) may not be recoverable. If such indicators occur, we compare the current carrying value of the asset to the estimated undiscounted cash flows that are directly associated with the use and ultimate disposition of the asset. Our estimated cash flows are based on several key assumptions, including rental rates, costs of tenant improvements, leasing commissions, anticipated hold period, and assumptions regarding the residual value upon disposition, including the exit capitalization rate. These key assumptions are subjective in nature and the resulting impairment, if any, could differ from the actual gain or loss recognized upon ultimate sale in an arms length transaction. If the carrying value of the asset exceeds the estimated undiscounted cash flows, an impairment loss is recognized equal to the excess of carrying value over fair value. Changes in our disposition strategy or changes in the marketplace may alter the hold period of an asset or asset group, which may result in an impairment loss and such loss could be material to the Company's financial condition or operating performance.

We evaluate our investments in real estate partnerships for impairment whenever there are indicators, including underlying property operating performance and general market conditions, that the value of our investments in real estate partnerships may be impaired. An investment in a real estate partnerships is considered impaired only if we determine that its fair value is less than the net carrying value of the investment in that real estate partnerships on an other-than-temporary basis. Cash flow projections for the investments consider property level factors such as expected future operating income, trends and prospects, as well as the effects of demand, competition and other factors. We consider various qualitative factors to determine if a decrease in the value of our investment is other-than-temporary. These factors include the age of the real estate partnerships, our intent and ability to retain our investment in the entity, the financial condition and long-term prospects of the entity and relationships with our partners and banks. If we believe that the decline in the fair value of the investment is temporary, no impairment charge is recorded. If our analysis indicates that there is an other-than-temporary impairment related to the investment in a particular real estate partnerships, the carrying value of the investment will be adjusted to an amount that reflects the estimated fair value of the investment.

The fair value of real estate investments is highly subjective and is determined through comparable sales information and other market data if available, or through use of an income approach such as the direct capitalization or the traditional discounted cash flow methods. Such cash flow projections consider factors such as expected future operating income, trends and prospects, as well as the effects of demand, competition and other factors, and therefore are subject to a significant degree of management judgment and changes in those factors could impact the determination of fair value. In estimating the fair value of undeveloped land, we generally use market data and comparable sales information.

#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 1 to Consolidated Financial Statements.

### **Shopping Center Portfolio**

The following table summarizes general information related to the Consolidated Properties in our shopping center portfolio (GLA in thousands):

	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Number of Properties	204	217
Properties in Development	4	7
Gross Leasable Area	22,532	23,750
% Leased – Operating and Development	94.1%	92.2%
% Leased – Operating	94.4%	93.2%

The following table summarizes general information related to the Unconsolidated Properties owned in co-investment partnerships in our shopping center portfolio, excluding the properties held by BRET (GLA in thousands):

	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	
Number of Properties	144	147	
Gross Leasable Area	17,762	18,399	
% Leased – Operating	95.2%	94.8%	

We seek to reduce our operating and leasing risks through geographic diversification, avoiding dependence on any single property, market, or tenant, and owning a portion of our shopping centers through co-investment partnerships.

The following table summarizes leasing activity for the year ended December 31, 2012, including Regency's pro-rata share of activity within the portfolio of our co-investment partnerships, except for the BRET portfolio:

				Tenant Improvements	Leasing Commissions
	<b>Leasing Transactions</b>	GLA (in thousands)	Base Rent / SF	/ SF	/ SF
New leases	695	2,143	\$19.68	\$4.33	\$7.70
Renewals	1,105	2,967	\$18.27	\$0.32	\$2.15
Total	1,800	5,110	\$18.86	\$2.00	\$4.48

The following table summarizes our four most significant tenants, each of which is a grocery retailer, occupying our shopping centers at December 31, 2012:

Grocery Anchor	Number of Stores (1)	Percentage of Company- owned GLA <sup>(2)</sup>	Percentage of Annualized Base Rent <sup>(2)</sup>
Kroger	47	7.0%	4.3%
Publix	54	6.9%	4.2%
Safeway	51	5.4%	3.3%
Supervalu <sup>(3)</sup>	26	2.7%	2.1%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes stores owned by grocery anchors that are attached to our centers.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes Regency's pro-rata share of Unconsolidated Properties and excludes those owned by anchors and the properties of BRET.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(3)</sup> On January 10, 2013, SUPERVALU announced that it had entered into an agreement to sell its four largest grocery chains to an investor consortium. We will continue to closely monitor the pending sale and the impact, if any, on its shopping centers.

Although base rent is supported by long-term lease contracts, tenants who file bankruptcy may have the legal right to reject any or all of their leases and close related stores. In the event that a tenant with a significant number of leases in our shopping centers files bankruptcy and cancels its leases, we could experience a significant reduction in our revenues. We monitor industry trends and sales data to help us identify declines in retail categories or tenants who might be experiencing financial difficulties as a result of slowing sales, lack of credit, changes in retail formats or increased competition. As a result of our findings, we may reduce new leasing, suspend leasing, or curtail the allowance for the construction of leasehold improvements within a certain retail category or to a specific retailer.

We monitor the financial condition of our tenants. We communicate often with those tenants who have announced store closings or filed bankruptcy. We are not currently aware of the pending bankruptcy or announced store closings of any tenants in our shopping centers that would individually cause a material reduction in our revenues, and no tenant represents more than 5% of our total annualized base rent on a pro-rata basis.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our Parent Company has no capital commitments other than its guarantees of the commitments of our Operating Partnership. The Parent Company will from time to time access the capital markets for the purpose of issuing new equity and will simultaneously contribute all of the offering proceeds to the Operating Partnership in exchange for additional partnership units. All debt is issued by our Operating Partnership or by our co-investment partnerships. On December 31, 2012, our cash balance was \$22.3 million. We have an \$800.0 million Line of Credit commitment (the "Line"), which matures in September 2016, that had an outstanding balance of \$70.0 million at December 31, 2012 with remaining available borrowings of \$730.0 million. As of December 31, 2012, we had the capacity to issue \$128.0 million in common stock under various equity distribution agreements.

The following table summarizes net cash flows related to operating, investing, and financing activities of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands):

	2012	2011	2010
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 257,215	217,633	138,459
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	3,623	(77,723)	(184,457)
Net cash used in financing activities	(249,891)	(145,569)	(32,797)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,947	(5,659)	(78,795)

#### Net cash provided by operating activities:

Net cash provided by operating activities increased by \$39.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011 due primarily to increased operating income, driven by higher occupancy, a decrease in interest expense, and timing of cash receipts and payments.

Our dividend distribution policy is set by our Board of Directors who monitor our financial position. Our Board of Directors recently declared our quarterly dividend of \$0.4625 per share, paid on February 27, 2013. Our dividend has remained unchanged since May 2009 and future dividends will be declared at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will be subject to capital requirements and availability. We plan to continue paying an aggregate amount of distributions to our stock and unit holders that, at a minimum, meet the requirements to continue qualifying as a REIT for Federal income tax purposes. We operate our business such that we expect net cash provided by operating activities will provide the necessary funds to pay our distributions to our share and unit holders, which were \$188.4 million and \$183.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

#### Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities:

Net cash provided by investing activities increased by \$81.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2012, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011. Significant investing activity during the year ended December 31, 2012 included:

- Receiving proceeds of \$352.7 million from the sale of real estate including \$273.5 million from the sale of a 15-property portfolio to a partnership in which Regency retained a non-controlling interest;
- Contributing \$14.2 million to a co-investment partnership for our pro rata ownership interest in Lake Grove Commons, a shopping center acquired in January 2012;
- Contributing \$37.6 million to a co-investment partnership for our pro rata share to repay maturing debt;
- Contributing \$6.6 million to a co-investment partnership for our pro rata share of redevelopment costs;
- Contributing \$1.7 million to a new co-investment partnership for our pro rata share of the acquisition of land;
- Contributing \$6.2 million to a new co-investment partnership for our pro rata ownership interest in Phillips Place, a shopping center acquired in December 2012; and

• Capital expenditures incurred for the acquisition, development, redevelopment, improvement and leasing of our real estate properties was \$320.6 million and \$152.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2012, and 2011 (in thousands), respectively as follows:

	 2012	2011	Change
Capital expenditures:			
Acquisition of operating real estate	\$ 156,026	70,629	85,397
Acquisition of land for development / redevelopment	\$ 27,100	2,308	24,792
Development costs	71,702	24,813	46,889
Redevelopment costs	10,944	11,552	(608)
Tenant allowances	8,664	9,501	(837)
Capitalized interest	3,686	1,480	2,206
Capitalized direct compensation	10,312	5,538	4,774
Building improvements and other	32,180	26,877	5,303
Real estate development and capital improvements	\$ 164,588	82,069	82,519
Total	\$ 320,614	152,698	167,916

- During the year ended December 31, 2012, we acquired five operating properties and five land parcels for \$156.0 million and \$27.1 million, respectively, compared to acquiring three operating properties and two land parcels for \$70.6 million and \$2.3 million, respectively, during the year ended December 31, 2011.
- The increase in building improvements and other capital expenditures is due to normal ongoing improvements that may be capitalized for our existing centers.
- During 2012, we started five new developments and one redevelopment as compared to starting four new developments and four redevelopments during 2011; however, two of the developments started in 2011 occurred during the fourth quarter of 2011 and contributed to the increased capitalization in 2012.

At December 31, 2012, we had four development projects that were either under construction or in lease up, compared to seven such development projects at December 31, 2011. The following table details our development projects as of December 31, 2012 (in thousands, except cost per square foot):

Property Name	Start Date	Estimated / Actual Anchor Opening	Estimated Net Development Costs After Partner Participation <sup>(1)</sup>	Estimated Net Costs to Complete (1)	Company Owned GLA	Cost per square foot of GLA <sup>(1)</sup>
East Washington Place	Q4-11	Aug-13	\$ 60,562 \$	36,191	203 \$	298
Southpark at Cinco Ranch	Q1-12	Oct-12	31,532	7,730	243	130
Shops at Erwin Mill	Q2-12	Dec-13	14,384	5,448	90	160
Grand Ridge Plaza	Q2-12	Jun-13	81,074	50,151	326	249
Total			\$ 187,552 \$	99,520	862 \$	218 (2)

<sup>(1)</sup> Amount represents costs, including leasing costs, net of tenant reimbursements.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amount represents a weighted average

The following table details our developments completed during 2012 (in thousands, except cost per square foot):

Property Name	Completion Date	Net Development Costs (1)	Company Owned GLA	Cost per square foot of GLA <sup>(1)</sup>
Centerplace of Greeley III Ph II	Q2-12	\$ 2,110	25 \$	84
Village at Lee Airpark	Q2-12	24,107	88	274
Nocatee Town Center	Q3-12	14,304	70	204
Suncoast Crossing Ph II (2)	Q3-12	7,253	9	806
Harris Crossing	Q3-12	8,407	65	129
Market at Colonnade	Q3-12	15,270	58	263
South Bay Village	Q4-12	28,419	108	263
Kent Place	Q4-12	9,119	48	190
Northgate Marketplace	Q4-12	19,448	81	240
Total		\$ 128,437	552 \$	233

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes leasing costs, net of tenant reimbursements.

We plan to continue developing projects for long-term investment purposes and have a staff of employees who directly support our development program. Internal costs attributable to these development activities are capitalized as part of each development project. During the year ended December 31, 2012, we capitalized \$3.7 million of interest expense and \$10.3 million of internal costs for direct compensation for development and redevelopment activity. Changes in the level of future development activity could adversely impact results of operations by reducing the amount of internal costs for development projects that may be capitalized. A 10% reduction in development activity without a corresponding reduction in the compensation costs directly related to our development activities could result in an additional charge to net income of approximately \$859,000.

#### Net cash provided or used in financing activities:

Net cash used in financing activities increased by \$104.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2012, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011. Significant financing activities during the year ended December 31, 2012 include:

- On January 15, 2012, the Operating Partnership repaid \$192.4 million of maturing 6.75% ten-year unsecured notes;
- On February 9, 2012, the Operating Partnership purchased all of its issued and outstanding 7.45% Series D Preferred Units, at a 3.75% discount to par, for net redemption costs of \$48.1 million;
- On February 16, 2012, the Parent Company issued 10 million shares of 6.625% Series 6 Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares with a liquidation preference of \$25 per share, resulting in proceeds of \$241.4 million, net of issuance costs;
- On March 31, 2012, the Parent Company redeemed all issued and outstanding shares of 7.45% Series 3 and 7.25% Series 4 Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares for \$200.0 million;
- On August 23, 2012, the Parent Company issued 3 million shares of 6.00% Series 7 Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares with a liquidation preference of \$25 per share, resulting in proceeds of \$72.5 million, net of issuance costs;
- On September 13, 2012, the Parent Company redeemed all issued and outstanding shares of 6.70% Series 5 Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares for \$75.0 million;
- During the third quarter of 2012, the Parent Company issued 442,786 shares of common stock through its at-the-market ("ATM") common equity issuance program resulting in proceeds, net of commissions and issuance costs, of \$21.5 million;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> Suncoast Crossing Phase II net development costs include land improvements that will benefit a third phase, for which development has not yet commenced.

• During 2012, we borrowed \$250.0 million available under a Term Loan and repaid \$150 million using the proceeds from the sale of real estate previously discussed. Our Term Loan has no remaining borrowing capacity and matures in December 2016.

We endeavor to maintain a high percentage of unencumbered assets. At December 31, 2012, 76.8% of our wholly-owned real estate assets were unencumbered. Such assets allow us to access the secured and unsecured debt markets and to maintain significant availability on the Line. Our coverage ratio, including our pro-rata share of our partnerships, was 2.5 times for the year ended December 31, 2012 as compared to 2.3 times for the year ended December 31, 2011. We define our coverage ratio as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") divided by the sum of the gross interest and scheduled mortgage principal paid to our lenders plus dividends paid to our preferred stockholders.

Through 2013, we estimate that we will require approximately \$130.5 million to repay \$16.7 million of maturing debt (excluding scheduled principal payments), \$110.5 million to complete currently in-process developments and redevelopments, and \$3.3 million to fund our pro-rata share of estimated capital contributions to our co-investment partnerships for repayment of debt. If we start new development or redevelop additional shopping centers, our cash requirements will increase. At December 31, 2012, our joint ventures had \$24.4 million of scheduled secured mortgage loans and credit lines maturing through 2013. To meet our cash requirements, we will utilize cash generated from operations, borrowings from our Line, proceeds from the sale of real estate, and when the capital markets are favorable, proceeds from the sale of common equity and the issuance of debt.

#### **Investments in Real Estate Partnerships**

At December 31, 2012 and 2011, we had investments in real estate partnerships of \$442.9 million and \$386.9 million, respectively. The following table is a summary of unconsolidated combined assets and liabilities of these co-investment partnerships and our pro-rata share at December 31, 2012 and 2011 (dollars in thousands):

		2012	2011
Number of Co-investment Partnerships	_	19	16
Regency's Ownership		20%-50%	20%-50%
Number of Properties		144	147
Combined Assets (1)	\$	3,434,954	3,501,775
Combined Liabilities (1)	\$	1,933,488	1,992,213
Combined Equity (1)	\$	1,501,466	1,509,562
Regency's Share of (1)(2)(3):			
Assets	\$	1,154,387	1,160,954
Liabilities	\$	635,882	648,533

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes the assets and liabilities of BRET as the property holdings of BRET do not impact the rate of return on Regency's preferred stock investment.

Investments in real estate partnerships are primarily comprised of co-investment partnerships in which we currently invest with six co-investment partners and a closed-end real estate fund ("Regency Retail Partners" or the "Fund"), as further summarized below. In addition to earning our pro-rata share of net income or loss in each of these co-investment partnerships, we receive recurring market-based fees for asset management, property management, and leasing as well as fees for investment and financing services, which were \$25.4 million, \$29.0 million and \$25.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 respectively. During the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 we received transaction fees from our co-investment partnerships of \$5.0 million and \$2.6 million, respectively, with no such fees received during 2012.

Our equity method investments in real estate partnerships as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 consist of the following (in thousands):

	Regency's Ownership	2012	2011
GRI - Regency, LLC (GRIR)	40.00% \$	272,044	262,018
Macquarie CountryWide-Regency III, LLC (MCWR III)	24.95%	29	195
Columbia Regency Retail Partners, LLC (Columbia I)	20.00%	17,200	20,335
Columbia Regency Partners II, LLC (Columbia II)	20.00%	8,660	9,686
Cameron Village, LLC (Cameron)	30.00%	16,708	17,110
RegCal, LLC (RegCal)	25.00%	15,602	18,128
Regency Retail Partners, LP (the Fund)	20.00%	15,248	16,430
US Regency Retail I, LLC (USAA)	20.01%	2,173	3,093
BRE Throne Holdings, LLC (BRET)	47.80%	48,757	_
Other investments in real estate partnerships	50.00%	46,506	39,887
Total (1)	\$	442,927	386,882

<sup>(1)</sup> The difference between Regency's share of the net assets of the co-investment partnerships and the Company's investments in real estate partnerships per the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets relates primarily to differences in inside/outside basis as further described in Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

<sup>(2)</sup> Pro-rata financial information is not, and is not intended to be, a presentation in accordance with GAAP. However, management believes that providing such information is useful to investors in assessing the impact of its investments in real estate partnership activities on the operations of Regency, which includes such items on a single line presentation under the equity method in its consolidated financial statements.

<sup>(3)</sup> The difference between Regency's share of the net assets of the co-investment partnerships and the Company's investments in real estate partnerships per the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets relates primarily to differences in inside/outside basis as further described in Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Contractual Obligations**

We have debt obligations related to our mortgage loans, unsecured notes, and our unsecured credit facilities as described further below and in Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. We have shopping centers that are subject to non-cancelable long-term ground leases where a third party owns and has leased the underlying land to us to construct and/or operate a shopping center. In addition, we have non-cancelable operating leases pertaining to office space from which we conduct our business. The table below excludes:

- Reserves for \$9.3 million related to our pro-rata share of environmental remediation as discussed herein under *Environmental Matters* as the timing of the remediation payments is not currently known;
- Obligations related to construction or development contracts, since payments are only due upon satisfactory performance under the contracts;
- Letters of credit of \$20.8 million issued to cover performance obligations on certain development projects, which will be satisfied upon completion
  of the development projects; and
- Obligations for retirement savings plans due to uncertainty around timing of participant withdrawals, which are solely within the control of the participant, and are further discussed in Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The following table of Contractual Obligations summarizes our debt maturities including interest, excluding recorded debt premiums or discounts that are not obligations, and our obligations under non-cancelable operating leases, sub-leases, and ground leases as of December 31, 2012, including our prorata share of obligations within co-investment partnerships (in thousands):

	_	Payments Due by Period						
	_						Beyond 5	
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Years	Total
Notes Payable:								
Regency (1)	\$	125,525	276,553	488,153	255,663	554,975	632,762	2,333,631
Regency's share of JV $^{(1)}$		46,560	57,212	77,676	150,348	69,264	380,510	781,570
Operating Leases:								
Regency		4,786	4,070	3,999	3,406	1,891	58	18,210
Subleases:								
Regency		(229)	(117)	(94)	(32)	_	_	(472)
Ground Leases:								
Regency		3,175	3,183	2,808	2,807	2,758	101,555	116,286
Regency's share of JV		208	208	208	208	208	10,534	11,574
Total	\$	180,025	341,109	572,750	412,400	629,096	1,125,419	3,260,799

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts include interest payments.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not have off-balance sheet arrangements, financings, or other relationships with other unconsolidated entities (other than our co-investment partnerships) or other persons, also known as variable interest entities, not previously discussed. Our co-investment partnership properties have been financed with non-recourse loans. The Company has no guarantees related to these loans.

#### **Results from Operations**

Comparison of the years ended December 31, 2012 to 2011:

Our revenues increased by \$3.8 million or 0.8% in 2012, as compared to 2011, as summarized in the following table (in thousands):

	2012	2011	Change
Minimum rent	\$ 359,350	350,223	9,127
Percentage rent	3,327	2,996	331
Recoveries from tenants and other income	107,732	105,899	1,833
Management, transaction, and other fees	26,511	33,980	(7,469)
Total revenues	\$ 496,920	493,098	3,822

Minimum rent increased \$9.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 compared to the year ended December 31, 2011 despite a \$13.2 million decrease attributable to the sale of a 15-property portfolio on July 25, 2012. This portfolio was sold for total consideration of \$273.5 million, net of a \$47.5 million retained investment in the acquiring real estate partnership. As of December 31, 2012, this asset group did not meet the definition of discontinued operations, in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 205-20, Presentation of Financial Statements - Discontinued Operations, based on our continuing involvement.

The increase in minimum rent is due to increased average occupancy levels at our consolidated properties from 92.2% leased at December 31, 2011 to 94.1% leased at December 31, 2012, combined with an increase in average base rent per square foot (psf) from \$16.59 psf for the year ended December 31, 2011 to \$16.86 psf for the year ended December 31, 2012. Minimum rent also increased \$2.9 million due to the acquisition of five operating properties and four development properties since December 31, 2011.

Recoveries from tenants represent their share of the operating, maintenance, and real estate tax expenses that we incur to operate our shopping centers, as well as other income. Recoveries increased during the year ended December 31, 2012 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011 primarily due to increased average occupancy, although recoveries were partially offset by declines in recovery revenue from the sale of real estate.

We earned fees, at market-based rates, for asset management, property management, leasing, acquisition, and financing services that we provided to our co-investment partnerships and third parties as follows (in thousands):

	2012	2011	Change
Asset management fees	\$ 6,488	6,705	(217)
Property management fees	14,224	14,910	(686)
Leasing commissions and other fees	5,799	7,365	(1,566)
Transaction fees		5,000	(5,000)
	\$ 26,511	33,980	(7,469)

The decrease in fees in 2012 was primarily the result of the liquidation of the DESCO co-investment partnership during 2011, which included a \$5.0 million disposition fee and a \$1.0 million consulting fee we received as a result of the liquidation. Asset management fees, property management fees, and leasing commissions also declined as a result of the sale of properties held by our co-investment partnerships since December 31, 2011.

Our operating expenses increased by \$3.1 million or 1.0% in 2012, as compared to 2011. The following table summarizes our operating expenses (in thousands):

	2012	2011	Change
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 126,808	128,963	(2,155)
Operating and maintenance	69,900	71,707	(1,807)
General and administrative	61,700	56,117	5,583
Real estate taxes	55,604	54,622	982
Other expenses	7,246	6,719	527
Total operating expenses	\$ 321,258	318,128	3,130

Depreciation and amortization expense and operating and maintenance expense decreased \$2.2 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2012, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011, due to mild winter weather and a net reduction in the number of shopping centers owned during 2012. General and administrative expense increased \$5.6 million primarily due to an increase in incentive compensation expense as a result of exceeding performance targets.

The following table presents the components of other expense (income) (in thousands):

	2012	2011	Change
Interest expense, net	\$ 112,129	123,645	(11,516)
Provision for impairment	74,816	12,424	62,392
Early extinguishment of debt	852	_	852
Net investment (income) loss from deferred compensation			
plan	(2,057)	206	(2,263)
:	\$ 185,740	136,275	49,465

As discussed above, we sold a 15-property portfolio during 2012, and as a result of this sale, we recognized a net impairment loss of \$18.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2012. Additional impairment of \$56.7 million was recognized related to two operating properties and three land parcels. The majority of this impairment, \$50.0 million, related to one operating property, which we determined was more likely than not to be sold before the end of its previously estimated hold period, which led to the impairment. This property is located in a master planned community of North Los Vegas, a market that was significantly impacted by the housing market crash. This is the only property owned by us in this market, and we currently do not intend to hold the property for a term that we estimate would be necessary for us to recover our investment. The other operating property exhibited weak operating fundamentals, including low economic occupancy for an extended period of time, which led to a \$4.5 million impairment.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, a \$12.4 million provision for impairment was recognized related to two operating properties, that exhibited weak operating fundamentals, including low economic occupancy for an extended period of time, which lead to the impairment.

On July 20, 2012, we repaid \$150 million of our Term Loan, and as a result of this early extinguishment of debt, we expensed approximately \$852,000 in loan costs.

The \$2.3 million increase in net investment income from deferred compensation plan related to the change in the fair value of plan assets from December 31, 2011 to December 31, 2012 and is consistent with the change in plan liabilities.

The following table presents the change in net interest expense (in thousands):

	2012	2011	Change
Interest on notes payable	\$ 103,610	116,343	(12,733)
Interest on unsecured credit facilities	4,388	1,746	2,642
Capitalized interest	(3,686)	(1,480)	(2,206)
Hedge interest	9,492	9,478	14
Interest income	(1,675)	(2,442)	767
	\$ 112,129	123,645	(11,516)

Interest on notes payable decreased and interest on unsecured credit facilities increased during the year ended December 31, 2012, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011, as a result of the repayment of \$192.4 million of 6.75% unsecured debt in January 2012 using proceeds from our Term Loan and \$800 million Line of Credit at lower interest rates. Additional interest was capitalized during 2012 due to increased development activity.

Our equity in income (loss) of investments in real estate partnerships increased by \$14.2 million in 2012, as compared to 2011 as follows (in thousands):

	Regency's Ownership	2012	2011	Change
GRI - Regency, LLC (GRIR)	40.00% \$	9,311	7,266	2,045
Macquarie CountryWide-Regency III, LLC (MCWR III)	24.95%	(22)	(123)	101
Macquarie CountryWide-Regency-DESCO, LLC (MCWR-DESCO) <sup>(1)</sup>	_	_	(293)	293
Columbia Regency Retail Partners, LLC (Columbia I)	20.00%	8,480	2,775	5,705
Columbia Regency Partners II, LLC (Columbia II)	20.00%	290	179	111
Cameron Village, LLC (Cameron)	30.00%	596	322	274
RegCal, LLC (RegCal)	25.00%	540	1,904	(1,364)
Regency Retail Partners, LP (the Fund)	20.00%	297	268	29
US Regency Retail I, LLC (USAA)	20.01%	297	243	54
BRE Throne Holdings, LLC (BRET)	47.80%	2,211	_	2,211
Other investments in real estate partnerships	50.00%	1,807	(2,898)	4,705
Total	\$	23,807	9,643	14,164

<sup>(1)</sup> At December 2010, our ownership interest in MCWR-DESCO was 16.35%. The liquidation of MCWR-DESCO was complete effective May 4, 2011. Our ownership interest in MCWR-DESCO was 0.00% at both December 2012 and 2011.

The increase in our equity in income (loss) in investments in real estate partnerships for the year ended December 31, 2012, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011, is primarily due to the recognition of our pro-rata share of the \$34.5 million gain on sale of an operating property in the Columbia I partnership during second quarter of 2012, the new ownership joint venture interest retained in BRET as part of the portfolio sale during the three months ended December 31, 2012, and a \$4.6 million impairment recognized on one investment in a real estate partnership during the first quarter of 2011.

The following represents the remaining components to determine net income attributable to the common stockholders and unit holders for the year ended December 31, 2012, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

		2012	2011	Change
Income from continuing operations before tax	\$	13,729	48,338	(34,609)
Income tax expense (benefit) of taxable REIT subsidiary		13,224	2,994	10,230
Income from discontinued operations		23,546	8,040	15,506
Gain on sale of real estate		2,158	2,404	(246)
Income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(342)	(4,418)	4,076
Preferred stock dividends	_	(32,531)	(19,675)	(12,856)
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	\$	(6,664)	31,695	(38,359)
Net income attributable to exchangeable operating partnership units	-	(106)	(103)	(3)
Net (loss) income attributable to common unit holders	\$	(6,558)	31,798	(38,356)

Income tax expense increased \$10.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2012, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011. During 2012, we identified four core operating properties within the Taxable REIT Subsidiary ("TRS") and sold them to the REIT, which generated taxable gains enabling us to use a significant amount of the net operating losses created during the portfolio sale from July 2012. Based on the remaining properties within the TRS and future taxable income sources, the remaining deferred tax assets are not likely to be realized and a full valuation allowance was established on the balance.

Income from discontinued operations was \$23.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 and includes \$21.9 million in gains, net of taxes, from the sale of five properties and the operations of the shopping centers sold. Income from discontinued operations was \$8.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 and includes \$5.9 million in gains, net of taxes, from the sale of seven properties and the operations, including impairment, of the shopping centers sold.

Gain on sale of real estate decreased approximately \$246,000 for the year ended December 31, 2012, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011. During the year ended December 31, 2012, we sold seven out-parcels for a gain of \$2.2 million, whereas during the year ended December 31, 2011, we sold eight out-parcels for no gain, and we sold two operating properties, which did not meet the definition of discontinued operations due to our continuing involvement, for a gain of \$2.4 million.

The income attributable to noncontrolling interests decreased during the year ended December 31, 2012 related to the redemption of preferred units in February 2012, resulting in expense recognition of the original preferred unit issuance costs of approximately \$842,000 offset by the redemption discount of \$1.9 million.

Preferred stock dividends increased \$12.9 million during the year ended December 31, 2012, from \$19.7 million during the year ended December 31, 2011 to \$32.5 million during the year ended December 31, 2012. The increase is attributable to the \$9.3 million of non-cash charges for the deemed distribution recognized upon redemption of the Series 3, 4 and 5 Preferred Stock during the year ended December 31, 2012, as well as the impact of additional dividends on the Series 6 Preferred Stock issued in February 2012 and Series 7 Preferred Stock issued in September 2012.

Related to our Parent Company's results, our net loss attributable to common stockholders for the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$6.7 million, a decrease of \$38.4 million as compared to net income of \$31.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2011. The lower net income was primarily related to an increase in impairment provisions of \$62.4 million, offset by a decrease in interest expense of \$11.5 million and an increase in equity in income of investments in real estate partnerships of \$14.2 million. Our diluted net loss per share was \$0.08 for the year ended December 31, 2012 as compared to diluted net income per share of \$0.35 for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Related to our Operating Partnership results, our net loss attributable to common unit holders for the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$6.6 million, a decrease of \$38.4 million as compared to net income of \$31.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 for the same reasons stated above. Our diluted net loss per unit was \$0.08 for the year ended December 31, 2012 as compared to diluted net income per unit of \$0.35 for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Comparison of the years ended December 31, 2011 to 2010:

Our revenues increased by \$24.9 million or 5.3% in 2011, as compared to 2010, as summarized in the following table (in thousands):

	2011	2010	Change
Minimum rent	\$ 350,223	332,159	18,064
Percentage rent	2,996	2,540	456
Recoveries from tenants and other income	105,899	104,092	1,807
Management, transaction, and other fees	33,980	29,400	4,580
Total revenues	\$ 493,098	468,191	24,907

Minimum rent increased \$18.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 compared to the year ended December 31, 2010 due to an increase in average base rent per square foot (psf) from \$16.55 psf for the year ended December 31, 2010 to \$16.59 psf for the year ended December 31, 2011, despite consistent average occupancy levels at our consolidated properties of 92.2% at December 31, 2011 and 2010. Minimum rent also increased due to the acquisition of two operating properties in the latter part of the fourth quarter of 2010, the acquisition of three operating properties during 2011, and four properties received through a distribution-in-kind ("DIK") of one interest in MCWR-DESCO ("DESCO DIK") in May 2011.

Recoveries from tenants increased as a result of increases in our operating and maintenance expenses, and real estate taxes for the year ended December 31, 2011 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010 as summarized further below. In addition, other income increased due to increased contingency income earned from prior year sales of \$1.4 million.

We earned fees, at market-based rates, for asset management, property management, leasing, acquisition, disposition and financing services that we provided to our co-investment partnerships and third parties as follows (in thousands):

	2011	2010	Change
Asset management fees	\$ 6,705	6,695	10
Property management fees	14,910	15,599	(689)
Transaction fees	5,000	2,594	2,406
Leasing commissions and other fees	7,365	4,512	2,853
	\$ 33,980	29,400	4,580

The increase in transaction and other fees was due to the \$5.0 million disposition fee and a \$1.0 million consulting fee we received as a result of the DESCO DIK liquidation during the the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the \$2.6 million disposition fee we received related to GRI's acquisition of Macquarie CountryWide's ("MCW") investment during the year ended December 31, 2010.

Our operating expenses increased by \$12.0 million or 3.9% in 2011, as compared to 2010. The following table summarizes our operating expenses (in thousands):

	2011	2010	Change
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 128,963	118,398	10,565
Operating and maintenance	71,707	67,514	4,193
General and administrative	56,117	61,505	(5,388)
Real estate taxes	54,622	52,386	2,236
Other expenses	6,719	6,297	422
Total operating expenses	\$ 318,128	306,100	12,028

Depreciation and amortization expense, operating and maintenance expense, and real estate tax expense increased primarily due to the acquisition of two operating properties in the latter part of the fourth quarter of 2010, the acquisition of three operating properties during 2011, and the four properties received through the DESCO DIK in May 2011. General and administrative expense decreased \$5.4 million primarily due to a decrease in salary expense, including incentive compensation and certain employee benefits.

The following table presents the components of other expense (income) (in thousands):

	2011	2010	Change
Interest expense, net \$	123,645	125,287	(1,642)
Provision for impairment	12,424	19,886	(7,462)
Early extinguishment of debt	_	4,243	(4,243)
Net investment (income) loss from deferred compensation			
plan	206	(1,982)	2,188
\$	136,275	147,434	(11,159)

During the year ended December 31, 2011, a \$12.4 million provision for impairment was recognized related to two operating properties that exhibited weak operating fundamentals, including low economic occupancy for an extended period of time, which lead to the impairment.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, a \$19.9 million provision for impairment was recognized as a result of identifying properties that had been previously considered held for long term investment and determining that they no longer met our long term investment strategy. As a result of this reevaluation, we changed our expected investment holding period and reduced our carrying value to estimated fair value.

On October 29, 2010, RCLP completed a tender offer for outstanding debt by purchasing \$11.8 million of its \$173.5 million 7.95% unsecured notes maturing in January 2011, and \$57.6 million of its \$250.0 million 6.75% unsecured notes maturing in January 2012 (collectively, the "Notes"). The Company recognized a \$4.2 million expense for the early extinguishment of this debt.

The \$2.2 million increase in net investment income from deferred compensation plan related to the change in the fair value of plan assets from December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2011 and is consistent with the change in plan liabilities.

The following table presents the change in interest expense (in thousands):

	2011	2010	Change
Interest on notes payable	\$ 116,343	125,788	(9,445)
Interest on unsecured credit facilities	1,746	1,430	316
Capitalized interest	(1,480)	(5,099)	3,619
Hedge interest	9,478	5,576	3,902
Interest income	(2,442)	(2,408)	(34)
	\$ 123,645	125,287	(1,642)

Interest on notes payable decreased during the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010, as a result of the repayment of \$161.7 million and \$20.0 million of unsecured debt in January 2011 and December 2011, respectively. Capitalized interest decreased as a result of reduced development activity during the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to 2010. Hedge interest increased as a result of \$36.7 million of hedges settled on September 30, 2010, with the realized loss being amortized over a ten year period beginning October 2010.

Our equity in income (loss) of investments in real estate partnerships increased by \$22.5 million in 2011, as compared to 2010 as follows (in thousands):

	Ownership	2011	2010	Change
GRI - Regency, LLC (GRIR)	40.00% \$	7,266	(6,672)	13,938
Macquarie CountryWide-Regency III, LLC (MCWR III)	24.95%	(123)	(108)	(15)
Macquarie CountryWide-Regency-DESCO, LLC (MCWR-DESCO) <sup>(1)</sup>	—%	(293)	(817)	524
Columbia Regency Retail Partners, LLC (Columbia I)	20.00%	2,775	(2,970)	5,745
Columbia Regency Partners II, LLC (Columbia II)	20.00%	179	(69)	248
Cameron Village, LLC (Cameron)	30.00%	322	(221)	543
RegCal, LLC (RegCal)	25.00%	1,904	194	1,710
Regency Retail Partners, LP (the Fund)	20.00%	268	(3,565)	3,833
US Regency Retail I, LLC (USAA)	20.01%	243	(88)	331
Other investments in real estate partnerships	50.00%	(2,898)	1,432	(4,330)
Total	\$	9,643	(12,884)	22,527

(1) At December 31, 2010, our ownership interest in MCWR-DESCO was 16.35%. The liquidation of MCWR-DESCO was complete effective May 4, 2011.

The increase in our equity in income (loss) in investments in real estate partnerships for the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010, is related to our pro-rata share of the decrease in depreciation expense of \$5.7 million, the decrease in interest expense of \$5.9 million, the decrease in impairment provisions of \$18.5 million, and the net gain on extinguishment of debt of \$1.7 million, offset by a decrease in net operating income of \$7.8 million and a gain on sale of properties of approximately \$700,000 at the individual real estate partnerships.

The following represents the remaining components to determine net income attributable to the common stockholders and unit holders for the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

	2011	2010	Change
Income from continuing operations before tax	\$ 48,338	1,773	46,565
Income tax expense (benefit) of taxable REIT subsidiary	2,994	(1,333)	4,327
Income from discontinued operations	8,040	8,902	(862)
Gain on sale of real estate	2,404	993	1,411
Income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(4,418)	(4,185)	(233)
Preferred stock dividends	(19,675)	(19,675)	_
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ 31,695	(10,859)	42,554
Net income attributable to exchangeable operating partnership units	(103)	(84)	(19)
Net income (loss) attributable to common unit holders	\$ 31,798	(10,775)	42,573

Income tax expense increased \$4.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010, primarily due to the increase in deferred income taxes in 2011 and a tax benefit recognized in 2010.

Income from discontinued operations was \$8.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 and includes \$5.9 million in gains, net of taxes, from the sale of seven properties and the operations of the shopping centers sold. Income from discontinued operations was \$8.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2010 and includes \$7.6 million in gains, net of taxes, from the sale of three properties and the operations, including impairment, of the shopping centers sold.

Gain on sale of real estate increased approximately \$1.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010. During the year ended December 31, 2011, we sold eight out-parcels for no gain, and we sold two operating properties that did not meet the definition of discontinued operations due to our continuing involvement, for a gain of \$2.4 million. During the year ended December 31, 2010 we sold eleven out-parcels for a gain of approximately \$661,000, and we sold three operating properties for a gain of approximately \$332,000. These properties did not meet the definition of discontinued operations due to our continuing involvement.

The income attributable to noncontrolling interests remained relatively consistent for the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010, increasing approximately \$233,000. Preferred stock dividends also remained consistent between 2011 and 2010.

Related to our Parent Company's results, our net income attributable to common stockholders for the year ended December 31, 2011 was \$31.7 million, an increase of \$42.6 million as compared to net loss of \$10.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2010. The higher net income was primarily related to the increase in revenue, offset partially by the increase in operating expenses, from 2010 to 2011 as discussed above, a decrease in impairment provisions of \$7.5 million, the \$4.2 million net loss on extinguishment of debt incurred in 2010, and an increase in equity in income of investments in real estate partnerships of \$22.5 million. Our diluted net income per share was \$0.35 for the year ended December 31, 2011 as compared to diluted net loss per share of \$0.14 for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Related to our Operating Partnership results, our net income attributable to common unit holders for the year ended December 31, 2011 was \$31.8 million an increase of \$42.6 million as compared to net loss of \$10.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2010 for the same reasons stated above. Our diluted net income per unit was \$0.35 for the year ended December 31, 2011 as compared to diluted net loss per unit of \$0.14 for the year ended December 31, 2010.

## **Supplemental Earnings Information**

We use certain non-GAAP performance measures, in addition to the required GAAP presentations, as we believe these measures are beneficial to us in improving the understanding of the Company's operational results among the investing public. We believe such measures make comparisons of other REITs' operating results to the Company's more meaningful. We continually evaluate the usefulness, relevance, and calculation of our reported non-GAAP performance measures to determine how best to provide relevant information to the public, and thus such reported measures could change.

The following are our definitions of Same Property Net Operating Income ("NOI"), Funds from Operations ("FFO"), and Core FFO, which we believe to be beneficial non-GAAP performance measures used in understanding our operational results:

- Ÿ Same Property NOI includes only the net operating income of comparable operating properties that were owned and operated for the entirety of both periods being compared and this excludes all Properties in Development and Non-Same Properties. A Non-Same Property is a property acquired during either period being compared or a development completion that is less than 90% funded or features less than two years of anchor operations. In no event can a development completion be termed a non-same property for more than two years. As such, Same Property NOI assists in eliminating disparities in net income due to the development, acquisition or disposition of properties during the particular period presented, and thus provides a more consistent performance measure for the comparison of our properties.
- Ÿ *NOI* is calculated as total property revenues (minimum rent, percentage rents, and recoveries from tenants and other income) less direct property operating expenses (operating and maintenance and real estate taxes) from the properties owned by the Company, and excludes corporate-level income (including management, transaction, and other fees), for the entirety of the periods presented.
- Ÿ FFO is a commonly used measure of REIT performance, which the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") defines as net income, computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains and losses from sales of depreciable property, net of tax, excluding operating real estate impairments, plus depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. We compute FFO for all periods presented in accordance with NAREIT's definition. Many companies use different depreciable lives and methods, and real estate values historically fluctuate with market conditions. Since FFO excludes depreciation and amortization and gains and losses from depreciable property dispositions, and impairments, it can provide a performance measure that, when compared year over year, reflects the impact on operations from trends in occupancy rates, rental rates, operating costs, acquisition and development activities, and financing costs. This provides a perspective of our financial performance not immediately apparent from net income determined in accordance with GAAP. Thus, FFO is a supplemental non-GAAP financial measure of our operating performance, which does not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and therefore, should not be considered an alternative for net income as a measure of liquidity.
- Ÿ *Core FFO* is an additional performance measure we use as the computation of FFO includes certain non-cash and non-comparable items that affect our period-over-period performance. Core FFO excludes from FFO, but is not limited to, transaction income or expense, gains or losses from the early extinguishment of debt, development and outparcel gains and losses and other non-core items. We provide a reconciliation of FFO to Core FFO as shown below.

The Company's reconciliation of property revenues and property expenses to Same Property NOI for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 is as follows (in thousands):

			2012			2011			
		Same Property	Other (1)	Total	Same Property	Other (1)	Total		
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	140,054	(139,549)	505	160,784	(115,440)	45,344		
Less:									
Management, transaction, and other fees		_	26,511	26,511	_	33,980	33,980		
Other (2)		5,511	1,685	7,196	5,169	1,125	6,294		
Plus:									
Depreciation and amortization		103,775	23,033	126,808	103,294	25,669	128,963		
General and administrative		_	61,700	61,700	_	56,117	56,117		
Other operating expense, excluding provision for									
doubtful accounts		9	4,230	4,239	328	3,376	3,704		
Other expense (income)		82,499	103,241	185,740	41,659	94,616	136,275		
Equity in income (loss) of investments in real estate									
excluded from NOI (3)		63,053	3,489	66,542	69,079	10,060	79,139		
Income tax expense of taxable REIT subsidiary		_	13,224	13,224	_	2,994	2,994		
NOI from properties sold		_	2,781	2,781	_	10,203	10,203		
NOI	\$	383,879	43,953	427,832	369,975	52,490	422,465		

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes revenues and expenses attributable to non-same property, development, and corporate activities.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes straight-line rental income, net of reserves, above and below market rent amortization, banking charges, and other fees.

<sup>(3)</sup> Excludes non-operating related expenses.

The Company's reconciliation of net income available to common shareholders to FFO and Core FFO for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 is as follows (in thousands, except share information):

	 2012	2011
Reconciliation of Net income to Funds from Operations		
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ (6,664)	31,695
Adjustments to reconcile to Funds from Operations:		
Depreciation and amortization - consolidated real estate	108,057	113,384
Depreciation and amortization - unconsolidated partnerships	43,162	43,750
Consolidated JV partners' share of depreciation	(755)	(739)
Provision for impairment (1)	75,326	19,614
Amortization of leasing commissions and intangibles	16,055	16,427
Gain on sale of operating properties, net of tax $^{(1)}$	(13,187)	(4,916)
Loss from deferred compensation plan, net	_	1,000
Noncontrolling interest of exchangeable partnership units	 106	103
Funds From Operations	\$ 222,100	220,318
Reconciliation of FFO to Core FFO		
Funds from operations	\$ 222,100	220,318
Adjustments to reconcile to Core Funds from Operations:		
Development and outparcel gain, net of dead deal costs and tax $^{\left( 1\right) }$	(3,415)	(1,328)
Provision for impairment to land and outparcels (1)	1,000	849
Provision for hedge ineffectiveness (1)	20	54
Loss (gain) on early debt extinguishment (1)	1,238	(1,745)
Original preferred stock issuance costs expensed	10,119	_
Gain on redemption of preferred units	(1,875)	_
One-time additional preferred dividend	1,750	_
Transaction fees and promotes	 	(5,000)
Core Funds From Operations	\$ 230,937	213,148

 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$  Includes Regency's pro-rata share of unconsolidated co-investment partnerships.

#### **Environmental Matters**

We are subject to numerous environmental laws and regulations as they apply to our shopping centers pertaining to chemicals used by the dry cleaning industry, the existence of asbestos in older shopping centers, and underground petroleum storage tanks. We believe that the tenants who currently operate dry cleaning plants or gas stations do so in accordance with current laws and regulations. Generally, we use all legal means to cause tenants to remove dry cleaning plants from our shopping centers or convert them to more environmentally friendly systems. Where available, we have applied and been accepted into state-sponsored environmental programs. We have a blanket environmental insurance policy for third-party liabilities and remediation costs on shopping centers that currently have no known environmental contamination. We have also placed environmental insurance, where possible, on specific properties with known contamination, in order to mitigate our environmental risk. We monitor the shopping centers containing environmental issues and in certain cases voluntarily remediate the sites. We also have legal obligations to remediate certain sites and we are in the process of doing so. At December 31, 2012 we had reserves of \$9.3 million for our pro-rata share of environmental remediation, primarily from property acquisitions. We believe that the ultimate disposition of currently known environmental matters will not have a material effect on our financial position, liquidity, or results of operations; however, we can give no assurance that existing environmental studies on our shopping centers have revealed all potential environmental liabilities; that any previous owner, occupant or tenant did not create any material environmental condition not known to us; that the current environmental condition of the shopping centers will not be affected by tenants and occupants, by the condition of nearby properties, or by unrelated third parties; or that changes in applicable environmental laws and regulations or their inte

#### Inflation/Deflation

Inflation has been historically low and has had a minimal impact on the operating performance of our shopping centers; however, inflation may become a greater concern in the future. Substantially all of our long-term leases contain provisions designed to mitigate the adverse impact of inflation. Most of our leases require tenants to pay their pro-rata share of operating expenses, including common-area maintenance, real estate taxes, insurance and utilities, thereby reducing our exposure to increases in costs and operating expenses resulting from inflation. In addition, many of our leases are for terms of less than ten years, which permits us to seek increased rents upon re-rental at market rates. However, during deflationary periods or periods of economic weakness, minimum rents and percentage rents may decline as the supply of available retail space exceeds demand and consumer spending declines. Occupancy declines resulting from a weak economic period will also likely result in lower recovery rates of our operating expenses.

#### Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

#### Market Risk

We are exposed to two significant components of interest rate risk:

- We have a \$800.0 million Line commitment and a \$100.0 million Term Loan commitment, as further described in Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. Our Line commitment has a variable interest rate that is based upon a annual rate of LIBOR plus 117.5 basis points and our Term Loan has a variable interest rate of LIBOR plus 145 basis points. LIBOR rates charged on our Line commitment and our Term Loan (collectively our "unsecured credit facilities") change monthly. The spread on the unsecured credit facilities is dependent upon maintaining specific credit ratings. If our credit ratings are downgraded, the spread on the unsecured credit facilities would increase, resulting in higher interest costs.
- We are also exposed to changes in interest rates when we refinance our existing long-term fixed rate debt. The objective of our interest rate risk management program is to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flows and to lower our overall borrowing costs. To achieve these objectives, we borrow primarily at fixed interest rates and may enter into derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps, caps, or treasury locks in order to mitigate our interest rate risk on a related financial instrument. We do not enter into derivative or interest rate transactions for speculative purposes. Our interest rate swaps are structured solely for the purpose of interest rate protection.

We have \$181.6 million of fixed rate debt maturing in 2013 and 2014 that has a weighted average fixed interest rate of 5.22%, which includes \$150.0 million of unsecured long-term debt that matures in April 2014. We also have \$350.0 million of unsecured long-term debt that matures in 2015. In order to mitigate the risk of interest rates rising before we obtain new unsecured borrowings in 2014 and 2015, we entered into five forward-starting interest rate swaps during December 2012, for

the same ten year periods we expect for our future borrowings. These swaps total \$300.0 million of notional value, with weighted average fixed ten year swap rates of 2.09% for those starting in 2014 and 2.48% for those starting in 2015, as discussed in note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. We continuously monitor the capital markets and evaluate our ability to issue new debt to repay maturing debt or fund our commitments. Based upon the current capital markets, our current credit ratings, our current capacity under our Line and Term Loan, and the number of high quality, unencumbered properties that we own which could collateralize borrowings, we expect that we will be able to successfully issue new secured or unsecured debt to fund these debt obligations.

Our interest rate risk is monitored using a variety of techniques. The table below presents the principal cash flows (in thousands, excluding interest expense), weighted average interest rates of remaining debt, and the fair value of total debt (in thousands) as of December 31, 2012, by year of expected maturity to evaluate the expected cash flows and sensitivity to interest rate changes. Although the average interest rate for variable rate debt is included in the table, those rates represent rates that existed at December 31, 2012 and are subject to change on a monthly basis.

The table below incorporates only those exposures that exist as of December 31, 2012 and does not consider exposures or positions that could arise after that date. Since firm commitments are not presented, the table has limited predictive value. As a result, our ultimate realized gain or loss with respect to interest rate fluctuations will depend on the exposures that arise during the period, our hedging strategies at that time, and actual interest rates.

	_	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Thereafter	Total	Fair Value
Fixed rate debt	\$	23,987	172,545	418,181	19,648	488,960	632,762	1,756,083	1,997,561
Average interest rate for all fixed rate debt (1)	l	5.67%	5.74%	5.89%	5.89%	5.89%	5.89%	_	_
Variable rate LIBOR debt	\$	204	11,837	_	170,000	_	_	182,041	182,390
Average interest rate for all variable rate debt (1)	l	1.71%	1.61%	1.61%	_	_	_	_	_

<sup>(1)</sup> Average interest rates at the end of each year presented.

## Item 8. Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

## Regency Centers Corporation and Regency Centers, L.P.

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All other schedules are omitted because of the absence of conditions under which they are required, materiality or because information required therein is shown in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Regency Centers Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Regency Centers Corporation and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2012. In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, we also have audited financial statement Schedule III. These consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Regency Centers Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2012, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Regency Centers Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2012, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated March 1, 2013 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KPMG LLP

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Regency Centers Corporation:

We have audited Regency Centers Corporation's (the Company's) internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2012, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Regency Centers Corporation's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Regency Centers Corporation maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2012, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Regency Centers Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2012, and our report dated March 1, 2013 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

/s/ KPMG LLP

The Unit Holders of Regency Centers, L.P. and the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Regency Centers Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Regency Centers, L.P. and subsidiaries (the Partnership) as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), capital, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2012. In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, we also have audited financial statement Schedule III. These consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Partnership's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Regency Centers, L.P. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2012, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Regency Centers, L.P.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2012, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated March 1, 2013 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KPMG LLP

The Unit Holders of Regency Centers, L.P. and the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Regency Centers Corporation:

We have audited Regency Centers, L.P.'s (the Partnership's) internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2012, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Regency Centers, L.P.'s management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Regency Centers, L.P. maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2012, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Regency Centers, L.P. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), capital, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2012, and our report dated March 1, 2013 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

/s/ KPMG LLP

REGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2012 and 2011 (in thousands, except share data)

	_	2012	2011
<u>Assets</u>			
Real estate investments at cost (notes 2 and 3):			
Land	\$	1,215,659	1,273,606
Buildings and improvements		2,502,186	2,604,229
Properties in development	_	192,067	224,077
		3,909,912	4,101,912
Less: accumulated depreciation	_	782,749	791,619
		3,127,163	3,310,293
Investments in real estate partnerships (note 4)	_	442,927	386,882
Net real estate investments		3,570,090	3,697,175
Cash and cash equivalents		22,349	11,402
Restricted cash		6,472	6,050
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$3,915 and \$3,442 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively		26,601	37,733
Straight-line rent receivable, net of reserve of \$870 and \$2,075 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively		49,990	48,132
Notes receivable (note 5)		23,751	35,784
Deferred costs, less accumulated amortization of \$69,224 and \$71,265 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively		69,506	70,204
Acquired lease intangible assets, less accumulated amortization of \$19,148 and \$15,588 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively (note 6)		42,459	27,054
Trading securities held in trust, at fair value (note 13)		23,429	21,713
Other assets (note 9)		18,811	31,824
Total assets	\$	3,853,458	3,987,071
Liabilities and Equity	=	-	
Liabilities:			
Notes payable (note 8)	\$	1,771,891	1,942,440
Unsecured credit facilities (note 8)	Ψ	170,000	40,000
Accounts payable and other liabilities (note 9 and 13)		127,185	101,899
Acquired lease intangible liabilities, less accumulated accretion of \$6,636 and \$4,750 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively (note 6)		20,325	12,662
Tenants' security and escrow deposits and prepaid rent		18,146	20,416
Total liabilities	_	2,107,547	2,117,417
Commitments and contingencies (notes 15 and 16)	· <u> </u>	2,107,347	2,117,417
Equity:			
Stockholders' equity (notes 11 and 12):			
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share, 30,000,000 shares authorized; 13,000,000 and 11,000,000 Series 3-7 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, with liquidation preferences of \$25 per share		325,000	275,000
Common stock \$0.01 par value per share, 150,000,000 shares authorized; 90,394,486 and 89,921,858 shares issued at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively		904	899
Treasury stock at cost, 335,347 and 338,714 shares held at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively		(14,924)	(15,197)
Additional paid in capital		2,312,310	2,281,817
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(57,715)	(71,429)
Distributions in excess of net income		(834,810)	(662,735)
Total stockholders' equity	·		
Noncontrolling interests (note 11):	_	1,730,765	1,808,355
Series D preferred units, aggregate redemption value of \$50,000 at December 31, 2011			40.450
Exchangeable operating partnership units, aggregate redemption value of \$8,348 and \$6,665 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively		— (4.450)	49,158
Limited partners' interests in consolidated partnerships		(1,153)	(963)
Total noncontrolling interests	_	16,299	13,104
Total equity	_	15,146	61,299
Total liabilities and equity	<u> </u>	1,745,911	1,869,654
rotar naomues and equity	\$	3,853,458	3,987,071

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# REGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION Consolidated Statements of Operations For the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands, except per share data)

		2012	2011	2010
Revenues:				
Minimum rent	\$	359,350	350,223	332,159
Percentage rent		3,327	2,996	2,540
Recoveries from tenants and other income		107,732	105,899	104,092
Management, transaction, and other fees		26,511	33,980	29,400
Total revenues		496,920	493,098	468,191
Operating expenses:				
Depreciation and amortization		126,808	128,963	118,398
Operating and maintenance		69,900	71,707	67,514
General and administrative		61,700	56,117	61,505
Real estate taxes		55,604	54,622	52,386
Other expenses		7,246	6,719	6,297
Total operating expenses		321,258	318,128	306,100
Other expense (income):		_	_	
Interest expense, net of interest income of \$1,675, \$2,442, and \$2,408 in 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively (note 9)		112,129	123,645	125,287
Provision for impairment		74,816	12,424	19,886
Early extinguishment of debt		852		4,243
Net investment (income) loss from deferred compensation plan, including unrealized (gains) losses of \$(888), \$567, and \$(1,342) in 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively (note				
13)		(2,057)	206	(1,982)
Total other expense (income)		185,740	136,275	147,434
(Loss) income before equity in income (loss) of investments in real estate partnerships		(10,078)	38,695	14,657
Equity in income (loss) of investments in real estate partnerships (note 4)		23,807	9,643	(12,884)
Income from continuing operations before tax		13,729	48,338	1,773
Income tax expense (benefit) of taxable REIT subsidiary		13,224	2,994	(1,333)
Income from continuing operations	,	505	45,344	3,106
Discontinued operations, net (note 3):				
Operating income		1,691	2,098	1,325
Gain on sale of operating properties, net		21,855	5,942	7,577
Income from discontinued operations		23,546	8,040	8,902
Income before gain on sale of real estate		24,051	53,384	12,008
Gain on sale of real estate	·	2,158	2,404	993
Net income	,	26,209	55,788	13,001
Noncontrolling interests:				
Preferred units		629	(3,725)	(3,725)
Exchangeable operating partnership units		(106)	(103)	(84)
Limited partners' interests in consolidated partnerships		(865)	(590)	(376)
Income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(342)	(4,418)	(4,185)
Net income attributable to the Company		25,867	51,370	8,816
Preferred stock dividends		(32,531)	(19,675)	(19,675)
	\$	(6,664)	31,695	(10,859)
(Loss) income per common share - basic (note 14):	•		·	
	\$	(0.34)	0.26	(0.25)
Discontinued operations	Ψ	0.26	0.20	0.11
	\$	(0.08)	0.35	(0.14)
	Ψ	(0.00)	0.55	(0.14)
(Loss) income per common share - diluted (note 14):	ф	(2.2.1)	2.22	/0 F=1
	\$	(0.34)	0.26	(0.25)
Discontinued operations		0.26	0.09	0.11
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	\$	(0.08)	0.35	(0.14)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# REGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands)

	2012	2011	2010
Net income	\$ 26,209	55,788	13,001
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Loss on settlement of derivative instruments:			
Unrealized loss on derivative instruments	_	_	(61,625)
Amortization of loss on settlement of derivative instruments recognized in net income	9,466	9,467	5,575
Effective portion of change in fair value of derivative instruments:			
Effective portion of change in fair value of derivative instruments	4,220	11	28,363
Less: reclassification adjustment for change in fair value of derivative instruments included in net income	25	7	(3,294)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	13,711	9,485	(30,981)
Comprehensive income (loss)	39,920	65,273	(17,980)
Less: comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests:			
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	342	4,418	4,185
Other comprehensive (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(3)	29	(69)
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	339	4,447	4,116
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to the Company	\$ 39,581	60,826	(22,096)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

## REGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION Consolidated Statements of Equity For the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands, except per share data)

**Noncontrolling Interests** 

								Noncontrolling Interests		_		
	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Treasury Stock	Additional Paid In Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Distributions in Excess of Net Income	Total Stockholders' Equity	Preferred Units	Exchangeable Operating Partnership Units	Limited Partners' Interest in Consolidated Partnerships	Total Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
Balance at			·		·							
December 31,	¢ 275 000	015	(16 500)	2.024.002	(40.072)	(271 026)	1 062 200	40.159	7 221	11 740	60 227	1 020 607
2009 Net income	\$ 275,000	815	(16,509)	2,024,883	(49,973)	<b>(371,836)</b> 8,816	<b>1,862,380</b> 8,816	49,158	<b>7,321</b>	<b>11,748</b> 376	68,227	<b>1,930,607</b> 13,001
Other	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	0,010	0,010	3,725	04	3/0	4,185	13,001
comprehensive loss	_	_	_	_	(30,912)	_	(30,912)	_	(69)	_	(69)	(30,981)
Deferred compensation plan, net (note												
13)	_	<u> </u>	334	(607)	_	_	(273)	_	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>_</del>	(273)
Amortization of restricted stock issued	_	_	_	7,236	_	_	7,236	_	_	_	_	7,236
Common stock redeemed for taxes withheld for stock based compensation,												
net	_		_	(1,374)	_	_	(1,374)		_	_	_	(1,374)
Common stock issued for dividend reinvestment plan	_	1	_	1,847	_	_	1,848	_	_	_	_	1,848
Common stock issued for				<b>-,.</b>			2,2 .2					2,5 10
partnership units exchanged	_	3	_	7,627	_	_	7,630	_	(7,630)	_	(7,630)	_
Contributions from partners	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	161	161	161
Distributions to partners	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,456)	(1,456)	(1,456)
Cash dividends declared:												
Preferred stock/unit	_	_	_	_	_	(19,675)	(19,675)	(3,725)	_	_	(3,725)	(23,400)
Common stock/unit (\$1.85 per share)	_	_	_	_	_	(150,499)	(150,499)	_	(468)	_	(468)	(150,967)
Balance at												
December 31, 2010	\$ 275,000	819	(16,175)	2,039,612	(80,885)	(533,194)	1,685,177	49,158	(762)	10,829	59,225	1,744,402
Net income	_	_	_		_	51,370	51,370	3,725	103	590	4,418	55,788
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	9,456	_	9,456	_	20	9	29	9,485
Deferred compensation plan, net	_	_	978	16,865	_	_	17,843	_	_	_	_	17,843
Amortization of restricted stock issued				10,659		_	10,659	_	_		_	10,659
Common stock redeemed for taxes withheld for stock based compensation, net	_	_		(1,689)		_	(1,689)	_	_	_	_	(1,689)
Common stock issued for dividend												
reinvestment plan	_	_	_	1,081	_	_	1,081	_	_	_	_	1,081

Common stock issued for stock offerings, net of issuance costs	_	80	_	215,289	_	_	215,369	_	_	_	_	215,369
Contributions from partners	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,787	2,787	2,787
Distributions to partners	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,111)	(1,111)	(1,111)
Cash dividends declared:												
Preferred stock/unit	_	_	_	_	_	(19,675)	(19,675)	(3,725)	_	_	(3,725)	(23,400)

## REGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION Consolidated Statements of Equity For the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands, except per share data)

					•		•	Noncontrolling Interests				
	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Treasury Stock	Additional Paid In Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Distributions in Excess of Net Income	Total Stockholders' Equity	Preferred Units	Exchangeable Operating Partnership Units	Limited Partners' Interest in Consolidated Partnerships	Total Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
Common stock/unit (\$1.85 per share)						(161,236)	(161,236)		(324)	_	(324)	(161,560)
Balance at						<u> </u>						
December 31, 2011	\$ 275,000	899	(15,197)	2,281,817	(71,429)	(662,735)	1,808,355	49,158	(963)	13,104	61,299	1,869,654
Net income	_	_	_	_	_	25,867	25,867	(629)	106	865	342	26,209
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	_	_	13,714	_	13,714	_	28	(31)	(3)	13,711
Deferred compensation plan, net	_	_	273	(261)	_	_	12	_	_	_	_	12
Amortization of restricted stock issued	_	_	_	11,526	_	_	11,526	_	_	_	_	11,526
Common stock redeemed for taxes withheld for stock based compensation, net	_	_	_	(1,474)	_	_	(1,474)	_	_	_	_	(1,474)
Common stock issued for dividend reinvestment plan				988			988					988
Common stock	<u>—</u>	_		900	_	_	900	_	_	_	<u> </u>	900
issued for stock offerings, net of issuance costs	_	5	_	21,537	_	_	21,542	_	_	_	_	21,542
Redemption of								(40.425)			(40.425)	(40.425)
preferred units Issuance of preferred stock, net of issuance costs	325,000	_	_	(11,100)		_	313,900	(48,125)	_	_	(48,125)	(48,125)
Redemption of						(0.055)						
preferred stock Contributions	(275,000)	_	_	9,277	_	(9,277)	(275,000)	_	_	_	_	(275,000)
from partners  Distributions to	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,362	3,362	3,362
partners	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,001)	(1,001)	(1,001)
Cash dividends declared:												
Preferred stock/unit	_	_	_	_	_	(23,254)	(23,254)	(404)	_	_	(404)	(23,658)
Common stock/unit (\$1.85 per share)	_	_	_	_	_	(165,411)	(165,411)	_	(324)	_	(324)	(165,735)
Balance at December 31, 2012 See accompanyin	\$ 325,000	904	(14,924)	2,312,310	(57,715)	(834,810)	1,730,765		(1,153)	16,299	15,146	1,745,911

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

### RREGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands)

	_	2012	2011	2010
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$	26,209	55,788	13,001
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		127,839	133,756	123,933
Amortization of deferred loan cost and debt premium		12,759	12,327	8,533
Amortization and (accretion) of above and below market lease intangibles, net		(1,043)	(931)	(1,161)
Stock-based compensation, net of capitalization		9,806	9,824	6,615
Equity in (income) loss of investments in real estate partnerships		(23,807)	(9,643)	12,884
Net gain on sale of properties		(24,013)	(8,346)	(8,648
Provision for impairment		74,816	15,883	26,615
Early extinguishment of debt		852	_	4,243
Deferred income tax expense (benefit) of taxable REIT subsidiary		13,727	2,422	(860
Distribution of earnings from operations of investments in real estate partnerships		44,809	43,361	41,054
Settlement of derivative instruments		_	_	(63,435
(Gain) loss on derivative instruments		(22)	54	(1,419
Deferred compensation expense (income)		2,069	(2,136)	5,068
Realized and unrealized (gain) loss on trading securities held in trust		(2,095)	184	(2,009
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Restricted cash		(423)	(651)	(1,778
Accounts receivable		6,157	(3,108)	2,657
Straight-line rent receivables, net		(6,059)	(4,642)	(6,202
Deferred leasing costs		(12,642)	(15,013)	(15,563
Other assets		(1,079)	(3,393)	(3,821
Accounts payable and other liabilities		10,994	(17,892)	(1,281
Tenants' security and escrow deposits and prepaid rent		(1,639)	9,789	33
Net cash provided by operating activities		257,215	217,633	138,459
ash flows from investing activities:	_			
Acquisition of operating real estate		(156,026)	(70,629)	(24,569
Real estate development and capital improvements		(164,588)	(82,069)	(65,889
Proceeds from sale of real estate investments		352,707	86,233	47,333
(Issuance) collection of notes receivable		(552)	(78)	883
Investments in real estate partnerships		(66,663)	(198,688)	(231,847
Distributions received from investments in real estate partnerships		38,353	188,514	90,092
Dividends on trading securities held in trust		245	225	297
Acquisition of trading securities held in trust		(17,930)	(19,377)	(10,312
Proceeds from sale of trading securities held in trust		18,077	18,146	9,555
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	3,623	(77,723)	(184,457
ash flows from financing activities:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5,025	(77,723)	(101,107
Net proceeds from common stock issuance		21,542	215,369	
Net proceeds from issuance of preferred stock		313,900	213,303	
Proceeds from sale of treasury stock		338	2,128	1,431
Acquisition of treasury stock				1,431
Redemption of preferred stock and partnership units		(4)	(14)	_
Distributions to limited partners in consolidated partnerships, net		(323,125)	(725)	(1.425
		1,375	(735)	(1,427
Distributions to exchangeable operating partnership unit holders		(324)	(324)	(468
Distributions to preferred unit holders		(404)	(3,725)	(3,725
Dividends paid to common stockholders		(164,423)	(160,154)	(148,649
Dividends paid to preferred stockholders		(23,254)	(19,675)	(19,675
Repayment of fixed rate unsecured notes		(192,377)	(181,691)	(209,879
Proceeds from issuance of fixed rate unsecured notes, net		_	_	398,599
Proceeds from unsecured credit facilities		750,000	455,000	250,000
Repayment of unsecured credit facilities		(620,000)	(425,000)	(240,000
Proceeds from notes payable		_	1,940	6,068
Repayment of notes payable		(1,332)	(16,919)	(51,687
Scheduled principal payments		(7,259)	(5,699)	(5,024

Payment of loan costs	(4,544)	(6,070)	(4,361)
Payment of premium on tender offer	_	_	(4,000)
Net cash used in financing activities	(249,891)	(145,569)	(32,797)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	10,947	(5,659)	(78,795)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	11,402	17,061	95,856
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year \$	22,349	11,402	17,061

## REGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands)

	2012	2011	2010
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			,
Cash paid for interest (net of capitalized interest of \$3,686, \$1,480, and \$5,099 in 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively)	\$ 115,879	128,649	127,591
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash transactions:			
Common stock issued for partnership units exchanged	\$ _		7,630
Real estate received through distribution in kind	\$ 	47,512	_
Mortgage loans assumed through distribution in kind	\$ _	28,760	
Mortgage loans assumed for the acquisition of real estate	\$ 30,467	31,292	58,981
Real estate contributed for investments in real estate partnerships	\$ 47,500		
Real estate received through foreclosure on notes receivable	\$ 12,585		990
Change in fair value of derivative instruments	\$ (4,285)	18	28,363
Common stock issued for dividend reinvestment plan	\$ 988	1,081	1,847
Stock-based compensation capitalized	\$ 1,979	1,104	852
Contributions from limited partners in consolidated partnerships, net	\$ 986	2,411	132
Common stock issued for dividend reinvestment in trust	\$ 440	631	640
Contribution of stock awards into trust	\$ 819	1,132	1,142
Distribution of stock held in trust	\$ 1,191		51

### REGENCY CENTERS, L.P. Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2012 and 2011 (in thousands, except unit data)

		2012	2011
Assets			
Real estate investments at cost (notes 2 and 3):			
Land	\$	1,215,659	1,273,606
Buildings and improvements		2,502,186	2,604,229
Properties in development		192,067	224,077
		3,909,912	4,101,912
Less: accumulated depreciation		782,749	791,619
		3,127,163	3,310,293
Investments in real estate partnerships (note 4)		442,927	386,882
Net real estate investments		3,570,090	3,697,175
Cash and cash equivalents		22,349	11,402
Restricted cash		6,472	6,050
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$3,915 and \$3,442 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively		26,601	37,733
Straight-line rent receivable, net of reserve of \$870 and \$2,075 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively		49,990	48,132
Notes receivable (note 5)		23,751	35,784
Deferred costs, less accumulated amortization of \$69,224 and \$71,265 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively		69,506	70,204
Acquired lease intangible assets, less accumulated amortization of \$19,148 and \$15,588 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively (note 6)		42,459	27,054
Trading securities held in trust, at fair value (note 13)		23,429	21,713
Other assets (note 9)		18,811	31,824
Total assets	\$	3,853,458	3,987,071
<u>Liabilities and Capital</u>	_		
Liabilities:			
Notes payable (note 8)	\$	1,771,891	1,942,440
Unsecured credit facilities (note 8)		170,000	40,000
Accounts payable and other liabilities (note 9 and 13)		127,185	101,899
Acquired lease intangible liabilities, less accumulated accretion of \$6,636 and \$4,750 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively (note 6)		20,325	12,662
Tenants' security and escrow deposits and prepaid rent		18,146	20,416
Total liabilities		2,107,547	2,117,417
Commitments and contingencies (notes 15 and 16)			
Capital:			
Partners' capital (notes 11 and 12):			
Series D preferred units, par value \$100: 500,000 units issued and outstanding at December 31, 2011		_	49,158
Preferred units of general partner, \$0.01 par value per unit, 13,000,000 and 11,000,000 units issued and outstanding at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, liquidation preference of \$25 per unit		325,000	275,000
General partner; 90,394,486 and 89,921,858 units outstanding at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively		1,463,480	1,604,784
Limited partners; 177,164 units outstanding at December 31, 2012 and 2011		(1,153)	(963)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(57,715)	(71,429)
Total partners' capital		1,729,612	1,856,550
Noncontrolling interests (note 11):			
Limited partners' interests in consolidated partnerships		16,299	13,104
Total noncontrolling interests	_	16,299	13,104
Total capital	_	1,745,911	1,869,654
Total liabilities and capital	\$	3,853,458	3,987,071
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## REGENCY CENTERS, L.P. Consolidated Statements of Operations For the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands, except per unit data)

	2012	2011	2010
Revenues:			
Minimum rent	\$ 359,350	350,223	332,159
Percentage rent	3,327	2,996	2,540
Recoveries from tenants and other income	107,732	105,899	104,092
Management, transaction, and other fees	26,511	33,980	29,400
Total revenues	496,920	493,098	468,191
Operating expenses:			
Depreciation and amortization	126,808	128,963	118,398
Operating and maintenance	69,900	71,707	67,514
General and administrative	61,700	56,117	61,505
Real estate taxes	55,604	54,622	52,386
Other expenses	7,246	6,719	6,297
Total operating expenses	321,258	318,128	306,100
Other expense (income):			
Interest expense, net of interest income of \$1,675, \$2,442, and \$2,408 in 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively (note 9)	112,129	123,645	125,287
Provision for impairment	74,816	12,424	19,886
Early extinguishment of debt	852	_	4,243
Net investment (income) loss from deferred compensation plan, including unrealized (gains) losses of \$(888), \$567, and \$(1,342) in 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively (note 13)	(2,057)	206	(1,982)
Total other expense (income)	185,740	136,275	147,434
(Loss) income before equity in income (loss) of investments in real estate	<u> </u>	38,695	
partnerships  Equity in income (local of investments in well estate partnerships (note 4)	(10,078)		14,657
Equity in income (loss) of investments in real estate partnerships (note 4)	23,807	9,643	(12,884)
Income from continuing operations before tax	13,729	48,338	1,773
Income tax expense (benefit) of taxable REIT subsidiary	13,224	2,994	(1,333)
Income from continuing operations	505	45,344	3,106
Discontinued operations, net (note 3):			
Operating income	1,691	2,098	1,325
Gain on sale of operating properties, net	21,855	5,942	7,577
Income from discontinued operations	23,546	8,040	8,902
Income before gain on sale of real estate	24,051	53,384	12,008
Gain on sale of real estate	2,158	2,404	993
Net income	26,209	55,788	13,001
Noncontrolling interests:			
Limited partners' interests in consolidated partnerships	(865)	(590)	(376)
Income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(865)	(590)	(376)
Net income attributable to the Partnership	25,344	55,198	12,625
Preferred unit distributions	(31,902)	(23,400)	(23,400)
Net (loss) income attributable to common unit holders	\$ (6,558)	31,798	(10,775)
(Loss) income per common unit - basic (note 14):			
Continuing operations	\$ (0.34)	0.26	(0.25)
Discontinued operations	0.26	0.09	0.11
Net (loss) income attributable to common unit holders	\$ (0.08)	0.35	(0.14)
(Loss) income per common unit - diluted (note 14):			
Continuing operations	\$ (0.34)	0.26	(0.25)
Discontinued operations	0.26	0.09	0.11
Net (loss) income attributable to common unit holders	\$ (0.08)	0.35	(0.14)

# REGENCY CENTERS, L.P. Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands)

	2012	2011	2010
Net income	\$ 26,209	55,788	13,001
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Loss on settlement of derivative instruments:			
Unrealized loss on derivative instruments	_	_	(61,625)
Amortization of loss on settlement of derivative instruments recognized in net income	9,466	9,467	5,575
Effective portion of change in fair value of derivative instruments:			
Effective portion of change in fair value of derivative instruments	4,220	11	28,363
Less: reclassification adjustment for change in fair value of derivative instruments included in net income	25	7	(3,294)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	 13,711	9,485	(30,981)
Comprehensive income (loss)	39,920	65,273	(17,980)
Less: comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests:			
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	865	590	376
Other comprehensive (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(31)	9	_
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	 834	599	376
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to the Partnership	\$ 39,086	64,674	(18,356)

## REGENCY CENTERS, L.P. Consolidated Statements of Capital For the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands)

		Preferred Units	General Partner Preferred and Common Units	Limited Partners	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Partners' Capital	Noncontrolling Interests in Limited Partners' Interest in Consolidated Partnerships	Total Capital
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$	49,158	1,912,353	7,321	(49,973)	1,918,859	11,748	1,930,607
Net income		3,725	8,816	84	_	12,625	376	13,001
Other comprehensive loss		_	_	(69)	(30,912)	(30,981)	_	(30,981)
Deferred compensation plan, net (note 13)		_	(273)	_	_	(273)	_	(273)
Contributions from partners		_	_	_	_	_	161	161
Distributions to partners		_	(150,499)	(468)	_	(150,967)	(1,456)	(152,423)
Preferred unit distributions		(3,725)	(19,675)	_	_	(23,400)	_	(23,400)
Restricted units issued as a result of amortization of restricted stock issued by Parent Company		_	7,236	_	_	7,236	_	7,236
Common units issued as a result of common stock issued by Parent Company, net of repurchases	(	_	474	_	_	474	_	474
Common units exchanged for common stock of Parent Company		_	7,630	(7,630)	_	_	_	_
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$	49,158	1,766,062	(762)	(80,885)	1,733,573	10,829	1,744,402
Net income	-	3,725	51,370	103	_	55,198	590	55,788
Other comprehensive income		_	_	20	9,456	9,476	9	9,485
Deferred compensation plan, net		_	17,843	_	_	17,843	_	17,843
Contributions from partners		_	_	_	_	_	2,787	2,787
Distributions to partners		_	(161,236)	(324)	_	(161,560)	(1,111)	(162,671)
Preferred unit distributions		(3,725)	(19,675)	_	_	(23,400)	_	(23,400)
Restricted units issued as a result of amortization of restricted stock issued by Parent Company		_	10,659	_	_	10,659	_	10,659
Common units issued as a result of common stock issued by Parent Company, net of repurchases		_	214,761	_	_	214,761	_	214,761
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$	49,158	1,879,784	(963)	(71,429)	1,856,550	13,104	1,869,654
Net income		(629)	25,867	106		25,344	865	26,209
Other comprehensive income (loss)		_	<u> </u>	28	13,714	13,742	(31)	13,711
Deferred compensation plan, net		_	12	_	_	12	_	12
Contributions from partners		_	_	_	_	_	3,362	3,362

## REGENCY CENTERS, L.P. Consolidated Statements of Capital For the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands)

	Preferred Units	General Partner Preferred and Common Units	Limited Partners	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Partners' Capital	Noncontrolling Interests in Limited Partners' Interest in Consolidated Partnerships	Total Capital
Distributions to partners		(165,411)	(324)	_	(165,735)	(1,001)	(166,736)
Redemption of preferred units	(48,125)	_	_	_	(48,125)	_	(48,125)
Preferred unit distributions	(404)	(23,254)	_	_	(23,658)	_	(23,658)
Restricted units issued as a result of amortization of restricted stock issued by Parent Company	_	11,526	_	_	11,526	_	11,526
Preferred units issued as a result of preferred stock issued by Parent Company, net of issuance							
costs	_	313,900	_	_	313,900	_	313,900
Preferred stock redemptions	_	(275,000)	_	_	(275,000)	_	(275,000)
Common units issued as a result of common stock issued by Parent Company, net of repurchases		21,056			21,056		21,056
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$	1,788,480	(1,153)	(57,715)	1,729,612	16,299	1,745,911

### REGENCY CENTERS, L.P.

### Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands)

	2012	2011	2010
ash flows from operating activities:			
Net income \$	26,209	55,788	13,001
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	127,839	133,756	123,933
Amortization of deferred loan cost and debt premium	12,759	12,327	8,533
Amortization and (accretion) of above and below market lease intangibles, net	(1,043)	(931)	(1,161
Stock-based compensation, net of capitalization	9,806	9,824	6,615
Equity in (income) loss of investments in real estate partnerships	(23,807)	(9,643)	12,884
Net gain on sale of properties	(24,013)	(8,346)	(8,648
Provision for impairment	74,816	15,883	26,615
Early extinguishment of debt	852	_	4,243
Deferred income tax expense (benefit) of taxable REIT subsidiary	13,727	2,422	(860
Distribution of earnings from operations of investments in real estate partnerships	44,809	43,361	41,054
Settlement of derivative instruments	_	_	(63,435
(Gain) loss on derivative instruments	(22)	54	(1,419
Deferred compensation expense (income)	2,069	(2,136)	5,068
Realized and unrealized (gain) loss on trading securities held in trust	(2,095)	184	(2,009
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Restricted cash	(423)	(651)	(1,778
Accounts receivable	6,157	(3,108)	2,657
Straight-line rent receivables, net	(6,059)	(4,642)	(6,202
Deferred leasing costs	(12,642)	(15,013)	(15,563
Other assets	(1,079)	(3,393)	(3,821
Accounts payable and other liabilities	10,994	(17,892)	(1,28
Tenants' security and escrow deposits and prepaid rent	(1,639)	9,789	33
Net cash provided by operating activities	257,215	217,633	138,459
ash flows from investing activities:			
Acquisition of operating real estate	(156,026)	(70,629)	(24,569
Real estate development and capital improvements	(164,588)	(82,069)	(65,889
Proceeds from sale of real estate investments	352,707	86,233	47,333
(Issuance) collection of notes receivable	(552)	(78)	883
Investments in real estate partnerships	(66,663)	(198,688)	(231,847
Distributions received from investments in real estate partnerships	38,353	188,514	90,092
Dividends on trading securities held in trust	245	225	297
Acquisition of trading securities held in trust	(17,930)	(19,377)	(10,312
Proceeds from sale of trading securities held in trust	18,077	18,146	9,555
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	3,623	(77,723)	(184,457
ash flows from financing activities:			
Net proceeds from common units issued as a result of common stock issued by Parent Company	21,542	215,369	_
Net proceeds from preferred units issued as a result of preferred stock issued by Parent Company	313,900	_	_
Proceeds from sale of treasury stock	338	2,128	1,43
Acquisition of treasury stock	(4)	(14)	_
Redemption of preferred partnership units	(323,125)	_	_
Distributions to limited partners in consolidated partnerships, net	1,375	(735)	(1,42
Distributions to partners	(164,747)	(160,478)	(149,117
Distributions to preferred unit holders	(23,658)	(23,400)	(23,400
Repayment of fixed rate unsecured notes	(192,377)	(181,691)	(209,879
Proceeds from issuance of fixed rate unsecured notes, net	_	_	398,599
Proceeds from unsecured credit facilities	750,000	455,000	250,000
Repayment of unsecured credit facilities	(620,000)	(425,000)	(240,00
Proceeds from notes payable	_	1,940	6,06
Repayment of notes payable	(1,332)	(16,919)	(51,68
Scheduled principal payments	(7,259)	(5,699)	(5,024
Payment of loan costs	(4,544)	(6,070)	(4,361
Payment of premium on tender offer	_	_	(4,000

Net cash used in financing activities	(249,891)	(145,569)	(32,797)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	10,947	(5,659)	(78,795)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	11,402	17,061	95,856
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year \$	22,349	11,402	17,061

### REGENCY CENTERS, L.P. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands)

	2012	2011	2010
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Cash paid for interest (net of capitalized interest of \$3,686, \$1,480, and \$5,099 in 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively)	\$ 115,879	128,649	127,591
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash transactions:			
Common stock issued by Parent Company for partnership units exchanged	\$ 		7,630
Real estate received through distribution in kind	\$	47,512	
Mortgage loans assumed through distribution in kind	\$ 	28,760	
Mortgage loans assumed for the acquisition of real estate	\$ 30,467	31,292	58,981
Real estate contributed for investments in real estate partnerships	\$ 47,500		
Real estate received through foreclosure on notes receivable	\$ 12,585		990
Change in fair value of derivative instruments	\$ (4,285)	18	28,363
Common stock issued by Parent Company for dividend reinvestment plan	\$ 988	1,081	1,847
Stock-based compensation capitalized	\$ 1,979	1,104	852
Contributions from limited partners in consolidated partnerships, net	\$ 986	2,411	132
Common stock issued for dividend reinvestment in trust	\$ 440	631	640
Contribution of stock awards into trust	\$ 819	1,132	1,142
Distribution of stock held in trust	\$ 1,191		51

### REGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION AND REGENCY CENTERS, L.P.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2012

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### (a) Organization and Principles of Consolidation

#### General

Regency Centers Corporation (the "Parent Company") began its operations as a Real Estate Investment Trust ("REIT") in 1993 and is the general partner of Regency Centers, L.P. (the "Operating Partnership"). At December 31, 2012, the Parent Company owned approximately 99.8% of the outstanding common Partnership Units of the Operating Partnership. The Parent Company engages in the ownership, management, leasing, acquisition, and development of retail shopping centers through the Operating Partnership, and has no other assets or liabilities other than through its investment in the Operating Partnership. At December 31, 2012, the Parent Company, the Operating Partnership and their controlled subsidiaries on a consolidated basis (the "Company" or "Regency") directly owned 204 retail shopping centers and held partial interests in an additional 144 retail shopping centers through investments in real estate partnerships (also referred to as joint ventures or co-investment partnerships).

#### Estimates, Risks, and Uncertainties

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The most significant estimates in the Company's financial statements relate to the carrying values of its investments in real estate including its shopping centers, properties in development and its investments in real estate partnerships, and accounts receivable, net. Although the U.S. economy is recovering, economic conditions remain challenging, and therefore, it is possible that the estimates and assumptions that have been utilized in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements could change significantly, if economic conditions were to weaken.

#### Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Parent Company, the Operating Partnership, its whollyowned subsidiaries, and consolidated partnerships in which the Company has a controlling interest. Investments in real estate partnerships not controlled by the Company are accounted for under the equity method. All significant inter-company balances and transactions are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

#### Ownership of the Parent Company

The Parent Company has a single class of common stock outstanding and two series of preferred stock outstanding ("Series 6 and 7 Preferred Stock"). The dividends on the Series 6 and 7 Preferred Stock are cumulative and payable in arrears on the last day of each calendar quarter.

### Ownership of the Operating Partnership

The Operating Partnership's capital includes general and limited common Partnership Units. At December 31, 2012, the Parent Company owned approximately 99.8% or 90,394,486 of the total 90,571,650 Partnership Units outstanding. Net income and distributions of the Operating Partnership are allocable to the general and limited common Partnership Units in accordance with their ownership percentages.

### **Investments in Real Estate Partnerships**

Investments in real estate partnerships not controlled by the Company are accounted for under the equity method. The accounting policies of the real estate partnerships are similar to the Company's accounting policies. Income or loss from these real estate partnerships, which includes all operating results (including impairment losses) and gains on sales of properties within the joint ventures, is allocated to the Company in accordance with the respective partnership agreements. Such allocations of net income or loss are recorded in equity in income (loss) of investments in real estate partnerships in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. The net difference in the

carrying amount of investments in real estate partnerships and the underlying equity in net assets is either accreted to income and recorded in equity in income (loss) of investments in real estate partnerships in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations over the expected useful lives of the properties and other intangible assets, which range in lives from 10 to 40 years, or recognized at liquidation if the joint venture agreement includes a unilateral right to elect to dissolve the real estate partnership and, upon such an election, receive a distribution in-kind, as discussed further below.

Cash distributions of earnings from operations from investments in real estate partnerships are presented in cash flows provided by operating activities in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Cash distributions from the sale of a property or loan proceeds received from the placement of debt on a property included in investments in real estate partnerships are presented in cash flows provided by investing activities in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The Company evaluates the structure and the substance of its investments in the real estate partnerships to determine if they are variable interest entities. The Company has concluded that these partnership investments are not variable interest entities. Further, the joint venture partners in the real estate partnerships have significant ownership rights, including approval over operating budgets and strategic plans, capital spending, sale or financing, and admission of new partners. Upon formation of the joint ventures, the Company, through the Operating Partnership, also became the managing member, responsible for the day-to-day operations of the real estate partnerships. In accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 810, the Company evaluated its investment in each real estate partnership and concluded that the other partners have kick-out rights and/or substantive participating rights and, therefore, the Company has concluded that the equity method of accounting is appropriate for these investments and they do not require consolidation. Under the equity method of accounting, investments in real estate partnerships are initially recorded at cost, subsequently increased for additional contributions and allocations of income, and reduced for distributions received and allocations of loss. These investments are included in the consolidated financial statements as investments in real estate partnerships.

### **Noncontrolling Interests**

The Company consolidates all entities in which it has a controlling ownership interest. A controlling ownership interest is typically attributable to the entity with a majority voting interest. Noncontrolling interest is the portion of equity, in a subsidiary or consolidated entity, not attributable, directly or indirectly to the Company. Such noncontrolling interests are reported on the Consolidated Balance Sheets within equity or capital, but separately from stockholders' equity or partners' capital. On the Consolidated Statements of Operations, all of the revenues and expenses from less-than-wholly-owned consolidated subsidiaries are reported in net income (loss), including both the amounts attributable to the Company and noncontrolling interests. The amounts of consolidated net income (loss) attributable to the Company and to the noncontrolling interests are clearly identified on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

### Noncontrolling Interests of the Parent Company

The consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company include the following ownership interests held by owners other than the preferred and common stockholders of the Parent Company: (i) the limited Partnership Units in the Operating Partnership held by third parties ("Exchangeable operating partnership units") and (ii) the minority-owned interest held by third parties in consolidated partnerships ("Limited partners' interests in consolidated partnerships"). The Parent Company has included all of these noncontrolling interests in permanent equity, separate from the Parent Company's stockholders' equity, in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets and Consolidated Statements of Equity and Comprehensive Income (Loss). The portion of net income (loss) or comprehensive income (loss) attributable to these noncontrolling interests is included in net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations and Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) of the Parent Company.

In accordance with the FASB ASC Topic 480, securities that are redeemable for cash or other assets at the option of the holder, not solely within the control of the issuer, are classified as redeemable noncontrolling interests outside of permanent equity in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Parent Company has evaluated the conditions as specified under the FASB ASC Topic 480 as it relates to exchangeable operating partnership units outstanding and concluded that it has the right to satisfy the redemption requirements of the units by delivering unregistered common stock. Each

outstanding exchangeable operating partnership unit is exchangeable for one share of common stock of the Parent Company, and the unit holder cannot require redemption in cash or other assets. Limited partners' interests in consolidated partnerships are not redeemable by the holders. The Parent Company also evaluated its fiduciary duties to itself, its shareholders, and, as the managing general partner of the Operating Partnership, to the Operating Partnership, and concluded its fiduciary duties are not in conflict with each other or the underlying agreements. Therefore, the Parent Company classifies such units and interests as permanent equity in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets and Consolidated Statements of Equity and Comprehensive Income (Loss).

Noncontrolling Interests of the Operating Partnership

The Operating Partnership has determined that Limited partners' interests in consolidated partnerships are noncontrolling interests. The Operating Partnership has included these noncontrolling interests in permanent capital, separate from partners' capital, in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets and Consolidated Statements of Capital and Comprehensive Income (Loss). The portion of net income (loss) or comprehensive income (loss) attributable to these noncontrolling interests is included in net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations and Consolidated Statements Comprehensive Income (Loss) of the Operating Partnership.

#### (b) Revenues

The Company leases space to tenants under agreements with varying terms. Leases are accounted for as operating leases with minimum rent recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease regardless of when payments are due. The Company estimates the collectibility of the accounts receivable related to base rents, straight-line rents, expense reimbursements, and other revenue taking into consideration the Company's historical write-off experience, tenant credit-worthiness, current economic trends, and remaining lease terms.

During the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, the Company recorded provisions for doubtful accounts of \$3.0 million, \$3.2 million, and \$4.0 million, respectively, of which approximately \$151,000 and \$56,000 is included in discontinued operations for 2011 and 2010, respectively. There were no provisions for doubtful accounts included in discontinued operations in 2012.

The following table represents the components of accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands):

	2012	2011
Tenant receivables	\$ 4,043	4,654
CAM and tax reimbursements	17,891	26,355
Other receivables	8,582	10,166
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(3,915)	(3,442)
Total	\$ 26,601	37,733

Substantially all of the lease agreements with anchor tenants contain provisions that provide for additional rents based on tenants' sales volume ("percentage rent"). Percentage rents are recognized when the tenants achieve the specified targets as defined in their lease agreements. Substantially all lease agreements contain provisions for reimbursement of the tenants' share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance ("CAM") costs. Recovery of real estate taxes, insurance, and CAM costs are recognized as the respective costs are incurred in accordance with the lease agreements.

As part of the leasing process, the Company may provide the lessee with an allowance for the construction of leasehold improvements. These leasehold improvements are capitalized and recorded as tenant improvements, and depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the improvements or the remaining lease term. If the allowance represents a payment for a purpose other than funding leasehold improvements, or in the event the Company is not considered the owner of the improvements, the allowance is considered to be a lease incentive and is recognized over the lease term as a reduction of minimum rent. Factors considered during this evaluation include, among other things, who holds legal title to the improvements as well as other controlling rights provided by the lease agreement and

provisions for substantiation of such costs (e.g. unilateral control of the tenant space during the build-out process). Determination of the appropriate accounting for the payment of a tenant allowance is made on a lease-by-lease basis, considering the facts and circumstances of the individual tenant lease. When the Company is the owner of the leasehold improvements, recognition of lease revenue commences when the lessee is given possession of the leased space upon completion of tenant improvements. However, when the leasehold improvements are owned by the tenant, the lease inception date is the date the tenant obtains possession of the leased space for purposes of constructing its leasehold improvements.

Profits from sales of real estate are recognized under the full accrual method by the Company when: (i) a sale is consummated; (ii) the buyer's initial and continuing investment is adequate to demonstrate a commitment to pay for the property; (iii) the Company's receivable, if applicable, is not subject to future subordination; (iv) the Company has transferred to the buyer the usual risks and rewards of ownership; and (v) the Company does not have substantial continuing involvement with the property.

The Company sells shopping centers to joint ventures in exchange for cash equal to the fair value of the ownership interest of its partners. The Company accounts for those sales as "partial sales" and recognizes gains on those partial sales in the period the properties were sold to the extent of the percentage interest sold, and in the case of certain real estate partnerships, applies a more restrictive method of recognizing gains, as discussed further below. The gains and operations associated with properties sold to these real estate partnerships are not classified as discontinued operations because the Company continues to partially own and manage these shopping centers.

As of December 31, 2012, six of the Company's joint ventures ("DIK-JV") give each partner the unilateral right to elect to dissolve the real estate partnership and, upon such an election, receive a distribution in-kind ("DIK") of the assets of the real estate partnership equal to their respective capital account, which could include properties the Company previously sold to the real estate partnership. The liquidation provisions require that all of the properties owned by the real estate partnership be appraised to determine their respective fair values. As a general rule, if the Company initiates the liquidation process, its partner has the right to choose the first property that it will receive with the Company choosing the next property that it will receive in liquidation. If the Company's partner initiates the liquidation process, the order of the selection process is reversed. The process then continues with an alternating selection of properties by each partner until the balance of each partner's capital account, on a fair value basis, has been distributed. After the final selection, to the extent that the fair value of properties in the DIK-JV are not distributable in a manner that equals the balance of each partner's capital account, a cash payment would be made to the other partner by the partner receiving a property distribution in excess of its capital account. The partners may also elect to liquidate some or all of the properties through sales rather than through the DIK process.

Because the contingency associated with the possibility of receiving a particular property back upon liquidation is not satisfied at the property level, but at the aggregate level, no deferred gain is recognized on property sold by the DIK-JV to a third party or received by the Company upon actual dissolution. Instead, the property received upon dissolution is recorded at the carrying value of the Company's investment in the DIK-JV on the date of dissolution.

The Company is engaged under agreements with its joint venture partners to provide asset management, property management, leasing, investing, and financing services for such joint ventures' shopping centers. The fees are market-based, generally calculated as a percentage of either revenues earned or the estimated values of the properties managed or the proceeds received, and are recognized as services are rendered, when fees due are determinable, and collectibility is reasonably assured. The Company also receives transaction fees, as contractually agreed upon with a joint venture, which include fees such as acquisition fees, disposition fees, "promotes", or "earnouts".

### (c) Real Estate Investments

Land, buildings, and improvements are recorded at cost. All specifically identifiable costs related to development activities are capitalized into properties in development on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. Properties in development are defined as properties that are in the construction or initial lease-up phase and have not reached their initial full occupancy. Once a development property is substantially complete and held available for occupancy, costs are no longer capitalized. The capitalized costs include pre-development costs essential to the development of the property, development costs, construction costs, interest costs, real estate taxes, and allocated direct employee costs incurred during the period of development. Interest costs are capitalized into each development

project based upon applying the Company's weighted average borrowing rate to that portion of the actual development costs expended. The Company discontinues interest cost capitalization when the property is no longer being developed or is available for occupancy upon substantial completion of tenant improvements, but in no event would the Company capitalize interest on the project beyond 12 months after substantial completion of the building shell.

The following table represents the components of properties in development as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands):

	 2012	2011
Construction in process	\$ 133,153	50,903
Construction complete and in lease-up	_	76,301
Land held for future development	58,914	96,873
Total	\$ 192,067	224,077

Construction in process represents developments where the Company has not yet incurred at least 90% of the expected costs to complete and the anchor tenant has not yet been open for at least two calendar years. Construction complete and in lease-up represents developments where the Company has incurred at least 90% of the estimated costs to complete and the anchor tenant has not yet been open for at least two calendar years, but is still completing lease-up and final tenant build out. Land held for future development represents projects not in construction, but identified and available for future development if and when the market demand for a new shopping center exists.

The Company incurs costs prior to land acquisition including contract deposits, as well as legal, engineering, and other external professional fees related to evaluating the feasibility of developing a shopping center. These pre-development costs are included in properties in development in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. At December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company had capitalized pre-development costs of \$3.5 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, of which \$2.3 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, were refundable deposits. If the Company determines that the development of a particular shopping center is no longer probable, any related pre-development costs previously capitalized are immediately expensed in other expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. During the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, the Company expensed pre-development costs of approximately \$1.5 million, \$241,000, and \$520,000, respectively, in other expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the useful lives of the respective assets are recorded in operating and maintenance expense.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of approximately 40 years for buildings and improvements, the shorter of the useful life or the remaining lease term subject to a maximum of 10 years for tenant improvements, and three to seven years for furniture and equipment.

The Company and the real estate partnerships account for business combinations using the acquisition method by recognizing and measuring the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree at their acquisition date fair values. The Company expenses transaction costs associated with business combinations in the period incurred.

The Company's methodology includes estimating an "as-if vacant" fair value of the physical property, which includes land, building, and improvements. In addition, the Company determines the estimated fair value of identifiable intangible assets, considering the following three categories: (i) value of in-place leases, (ii) above and below-market value of in-place leases, and (iii) customer relationship value.

The value of in-place leases is estimated based on the value associated with the costs avoided in originating leases compared to the acquired in-place leases as well as the value associated with lost rental and recovery revenue during the assumed lease-up period. The value of in-place leases is recorded to amortization expense over the remaining initial term of the respective leases.

Above-market and below-market in-place lease values for acquired properties are recorded based on the present value of the difference between (i) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to the in-place leases and (ii) management's

estimate of fair market lease rates for comparable in-place leases, measured over a period equal to the remaining non-cancelable term of the lease. The value of above-market leases is amortized as a reduction of minimum rent over the remaining terms of the respective leases and the value of below-market leases is accreted to minimum rent over the remaining terms of the respective leases, including below-market renewal options, if applicable. The Company does not assign value to customer relationship intangibles if it has pre-existing business relationships with the major retailers at the acquired property since they do not provide incremental value over the Company's existing relationships.

The Company classifies an operating property or a property in development as held-for-sale upon satisfaction of the following criteria: (i) management commits to a plan to sell a property (or group of properties), (ii) the property is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such properties, (iii) an active program to locate a buyer and other actions required to complete the plan to sell the property have been initiated, (iv) the sale of the property is probable and transfer of the asset is expected to be completed within one year, (v) the property is being actively marketed for sale at a price that is reasonable in relation to its current fair value, and (vi) actions required to complete the plan indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn.

Given the nature of all real estate sales contracts, it is not unusual for such contracts to allow prospective buyers a period of time to evaluate the property prior to formal acceptance of the contract. In addition, certain other matters critical to the final sale, such as financing arrangements, often remain pending even upon contract acceptance. As a result, properties under contract may not close within the expected time period, or may not close at all. Therefore, any properties categorized as held-for-sale represent only those properties that management has determined are probable to close within the requirements set forth above. Operating properties held-for-sale are carried at the lower of cost or fair value less costs to sell. The recording of depreciation and amortization expense is suspended during the held-for-sale period. If circumstances arise that previously were considered unlikely and, as a result, the Company decides not to sell a property previously classified as held-for-sale, the property is reclassified as held and used and is measured individually at the lower of its (i) carrying amount before the property was classified as held-for-sale, adjusted for any depreciation and amortization expense that would have been recognized had the property been continuously classified as held and used or (ii) the fair value at the date of the subsequent decision not to sell. Any required adjustment to the carrying amount of the property reclassified as held and used is included in income from continuing operations in the period of the subsequent decision not to sell and the results of operations previously reported in discontinued operations are reclassified and included in income from continuing operations for all periods presented.

When the Company sells a property or classifies a property as held-for-sale and will not have significant continuing involvement in the operation of the property, the operations of the property are eliminated from ongoing operations and classified in discontinued operations. Its operations, including any mortgage interest and gain on sale, are reported in discontinued operations so that the operations are clearly distinguished. Prior periods are also reclassified to reflect the operations of the property as discontinued operations. When the Company sells an operating property to a joint venture or to a third party, and will continue to manage the property, the operations and gain on sale are included in income from continuing operations.

We evaluate whether there are any indicators, including property operating performance and general market conditions, that the value of the real estate properties (including any related amortizable intangible assets or liabilities) may not be recoverable. Through the evaluation, we compare the current carrying value of the asset to the estimated undiscounted cash flows that are directly associated with the use and ultimate disposition of the asset. Our estimated cash flows are based on several key assumptions, including rental rates, costs of tenant improvements, leasing commissions, anticipated hold period, and assumptions regarding the residual value upon disposition, including the exit capitalization rate. These key assumptions are subjective in nature and could differ materially from actual results. Changes in our disposition strategy or changes in the marketplace may alter the hold period of an asset or asset group which may result in an impairment loss and such loss could be material to the Company's financial condition or operating performance. To the extent that the carrying value of the asset exceeds the estimated undiscounted cash flows, an impairment loss is recognized equal to the excess of carrying value over fair value. If such indicators are not identified, management will not assess the recoverability of a property's carrying value. If a property previously classified as held and used is changed to held-for-sale, the Company estimates fair value, less expected costs to sell, which could cause the Company to determine that the property is impaired.

The fair value of real estate assets is highly subjective and is determined through comparable sales information and other market data if available, or through use of an income approach such as the direct capitalization method or the traditional discounted cash flow approach. Such cash flow projections consider factors such as expected future operating income, trends and prospects, as well as the effects of demand, competition and other factors, and therefore is subject to a significant degree of management judgment and changes in those factors could impact the determination of fair value. In estimating the fair value of undeveloped land, the Company generally uses market data and comparable sales information.

During the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, the Company established a provision for impairment on Consolidated Properties of \$74.8 million, \$15.9 million, and \$23.9 million, respectively, of which \$3.5 million and \$6.7 million was included in discontinued operations for 2011 and 2010, respectively. There were no impairments included in discontinued operations in 2012. Further, the Company evaluated its property portfolio and did not identify any properties that would meet the above mentioned criteria for held-forsale as of December 31, 2012 and 2011.

A loss in value of investments in real estate partnerships under the equity method of accounting, other than a temporary decline, must be recognized in the period in which the loss occurs. If management identifies indicators that the value of the Company's investment in real estate partnerships may be impaired, it evaluates the investment by calculating the fair value of the investment by discounting estimated future cash flows over the expected term of the investment. As a result of this evaluation, the Company established no provision for impairment during the year ended December 31, 2012, and established a provision for impairment of \$4.6 million on one investment in real estate partnership during the year ended December 31, 2011 and \$2.7 million on another investment in real estate partnership during the year ended December 31, 2010 .

The net tax basis of the Company's real estate assets exceeds the book basis by approximately \$247.6 million and \$95.1 million at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, primarily due to the property impairments recorded for book purposes and the cost basis of the assets acquired and their carryover basis recorded for tax purposes.

### (d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Any instruments which have an original maturity of 90 days or less when purchased are considered cash equivalents. At December 31, 2012 and 2011, \$6.5 million and \$6.0 million, respectively, of cash was restricted through escrow agreements and certain mortgage loans.

### (e) Notes Receivable

The Company records notes receivable at cost on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets and interest income is accrued as earned and netted against interest expense in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. If a note receivable is past due, meaning the debtor is past due per contractual obligations, the Company ceases to accrue interest. However, in the event the debtor subsequently becomes current, the Company will resume accruing interest and record the interest income accordingly. The Company evaluates the collectibility of both interest and principal for all notes receivable to determine whether impairment exists using the present value of expected cash flows discounted at the note receivable's effective interest rate or, alternatively, at the observable market price of the loan or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. In the event the Company determines a note receivable or a portion thereof is considered uncollectible, the Company records a provision for impairment. The Company estimates the collectibility of notes receivable taking into consideration the Company's experience in the retail sector, available internal and external credit information, payment history, market and industry trends, and debtor credit-worthiness.

#### (f) Deferred Costs

Deferred costs include leasing costs and loan costs, net of accumulated amortization. Such costs are amortized over the periods through lease expiration or loan maturity, respectively. If the lease is terminated early, or if the loan is repaid prior to maturity, the remaining leasing costs or loan costs are written off. Deferred leasing costs consist of internal and external commissions associated with leasing the Company's shopping centers. Net deferred leasing costs were \$55.5 million and \$56.5 million at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Deferred loan costs consist of initial direct and incremental costs associated with financing activities. Net deferred loan costs were \$14.0 million and \$13.7 million at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

#### (g) Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company manages economic risks, including interest rate, liquidity, and credit risk primarily by managing the amount, sources, and duration of its debt funding and the use of derivative financial instruments. Specifically, the Company enters into derivative financial instruments to manage exposures that arise from business activities that result in the receipt or future payment of known and uncertain cash amounts, the amount of which are determined by interest rates. The Company's derivative financial instruments are used to manage differences in the amount, timing, and duration of the Company's known or expected cash payments principally related to the Company's borrowings.

All derivative instruments, whether designated in hedging relationships or not, are recorded on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets at their fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of derivatives depends on the intended use of the derivative, whether the Company has elected to designate a derivative in a hedging relationship and apply hedge accounting, and whether the hedging relationship has satisfied the criteria necessary to apply hedge accounting. Derivatives designated and qualifying as a hedge of the exposure to changes in the fair value of an asset, liability, or firm commitment attributable to a particular risk, such as interest rate risk, are considered fair value hedges. Derivatives designated and qualifying as a hedge of the exposure to variability in expected future cash flows, or other types of forecasted transactions, are considered cash flow hedges. Hedge accounting generally provides for the matching of the timing of gain or loss recognition on the hedging instrument with the recognition of the changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability attributable to the hedged risk in a fair value hedge or the earnings effect of the hedged forecasted transactions in a cash flow hedge. The Company may enter into derivative contracts that are intended to economically hedge certain risks, even though hedge accounting does not apply or the Company elects not to apply hedge accounting.

The Company uses interest rate swaps to mitigate its interest rate risk on a related financial instrument or forecasted transaction, and the Company designates these interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for the Company making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount. The gains or losses resulting from changes in fair value of derivatives that qualify as cash flow hedges are recognized in other comprehensive income ("OCI") while the ineffective portion of the derivative's change in fair value is recognized in the Statements of Operations as a gain or loss on derivative instruments. Upon the settlement of a hedge, gains and losses remaining in OCI are amortized over the underlying term of the hedged transaction.

The Company formally documents all relationships between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objectives and strategies for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Company assesses, both at inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in the cash flows and/or forecasted cash flows of the hedged items.

In assessing the valuation of the hedges, the Company uses standard market conventions and techniques such as discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models, and termination costs at each balance sheet date. All methods of assessing fair value result in a general approximation of value, and such value may never actually be realized.

The settlement of interest rate swap terminations is presented in cash flows provided by operating activities in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

#### (h) Income Taxes

The Parent Company believes it qualifies, and intends to continue to qualify, as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code"). As a REIT, the Parent Company will generally not be subject to federal income tax, provided that distributions to its stockholders are at least equal to REIT taxable income. Regency Realty Group, Inc. ("RRG"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Operating Partnership, is a Taxable REIT Subsidiary ("TRS") as defined in Section 856(l) of the Code. RRG is subject to federal and state income taxes and files separate tax returns. As a pass through entity, the Operating Partnership's taxable income or loss is reported by its partners, of which the Parent Company, as general partner and approximately 99.8% owner, is allocated its pro-rata share of tax attributes.

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which these temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

Earnings and profits, which determine the taxability of dividends to stockholders, differs from net income reported for financial reporting purposes primarily because of differences in depreciable lives and cost bases of the shopping centers, as well as other timing differences.

Tax positions are initially recognized in the financial statements when it is more likely than not the position will be sustained upon examination by the tax authorities. Such tax positions shall initially and subsequently be measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the tax authority assuming full knowledge of the position and relevant facts. The Company believes that it has appropriate support for the income tax positions taken and to be taken on its tax returns and that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open tax years (2009 and forward for federal and state) based on an assessment of many factors including past experience and interpretations of tax laws applied to the facts of each matter.

#### (i) Earnings per Share and Unit

Basic earnings per share of common stock and unit are computed based upon the weighted average number of common shares and units, respectively, outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share and unit reflect the conversion of obligations and the assumed exercises of securities including the effects of shares issuable under the Company's share-based payment arrangements, if dilutive. Dividends paid on the Company's share-based compensation awards are not participating securities as they are forfeitable.

### (j) Stock-Based Compensation

The Company grants stock-based compensation to its employees and directors. The Company recognizes stock-based compensation based on the grant-date fair value of the award and the cost of the stock-based compensation is expensed over the vesting period.

When the Parent Company issues common shares as compensation, it receives a like number of common units from the Operating Partnership. The Company is committed to contributing to the Operating Partnership all proceeds from the exercise of stock options or other share-based awards granted under the Parent Company's Long-Term Omnibus Plan (the "Plan"). Accordingly, the Parent Company's ownership in the Operating Partnership will increase based on the amount of proceeds contributed to the Operating Partnership for the common units it receives. As a result of the issuance of common units to the Parent Company for stock-based compensation, the Operating Partnership accounts for stock-based compensation in the same manner as the Parent Company.

### (k) Segment Reporting

The Company's business is investing in retail shopping centers through direct ownership or through joint ventures. The Company actively manages its portfolio of retail shopping centers and may from time to time make decisions to sell lower performing properties or developments not meeting its long-term investment objectives. The proceeds from sales are reinvested into higher quality retail shopping centers, through acquisitions or new developments, which management believes will generate sustainable revenue growth and attractive returns. It is management's intent that

all retail shopping centers will be owned or developed for investment purposes; however, the Company may decide to sell all or a portion of a development upon completion. The Company's revenues and net income are generated from the operation of its investment portfolio. The Company also earns fees for services provided to manage and lease retail shopping centers owned through joint ventures.

The Company's portfolio is located throughout the United States; however, management does not distinguish or group its operations on a geographical basis for purposes of allocating resources or capital. The Company reviews operating and financial data for each property on an individual basis; therefore, the Company defines an operating segment as its individual properties. The individual properties have been aggregated into one reportable segment based upon their similarities with regard to both the nature and economics of the centers, tenants and operational processes, as well as long-term average financial performance. In addition, no single tenant accounts for 5% or more of revenue and none of the shopping centers are located outside the United States.

### (l) Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. Therefore, a fair value measurement is determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, the Company uses a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs that are classified within Levels 1 and 2 of the hierarchy) and the Company's own assumptions about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy). The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, which are typically based on the Company's own assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity.

The Company also remeasures nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities, initially measured at fair value in a business combination or other new basis event, at fair value in subsequent periods.

#### (m) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

#### Recently Adopted

On January 1, 2012, the Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2011-04, "Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs" ("ASU 2011-04"). ASU 2011-04 provides new guidance concerning fair value measurements and disclosure. The new guidance is the result of joint efforts by the FASB and the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") to develop a single, converged fair value framework on how to measure fair value and the necessary disclosures concerning fair value measurements. The guidance is applied prospectively. The adoption by the Company resulted in expanded disclosures over fair value measurements, included in note 6.

On January 1, 2012, the Company adopted FASB ASU No. 2011-05, "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income" ("ASU 2011-05"). ASU 2011-05 revised guidance over the manner in which entities present comprehensive income in the financial statements. This guidance removes the previous presentation options and provides that entities must report comprehensive income in either a continuous statement of comprehensive income or two separate but consecutive statements. This guidance does not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income. The adoption by the Company resulted in a new Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss), presented immediately following the Statements of Operations.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, "Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income" ("ASU 2013-02"). ASU 2013-02 does not change the current requirements for reporting net income or other comprehensive income in financial statements. This ASU requires an entity to report the effect of significant reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income on the respective line items in net income if the amount being reclassified is required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in its entirety to net income. For other amounts that are not required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety to net income, an entity is required to cross-reference to other disclosures required under U.S. GAAP that provide additional detail about those amounts. This guidance is effective prospectively for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012 and early adoption is permitted. The Company has adopted this guidance as of December 31, 2012. The adoption by the Company did not have any impact on our financial results, rather resulted in adding parenthetical cross-references in our Consolidated Statements of Operations to related footnote disclosures.

#### Recently Issued But Not Yet Adopted

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-11, "Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities" ("ASU 2011-11"). ASU 2011-11 requires disclosures to allow investors to better compare financial statements prepared under U.S. GAAP with financial statements prepared under IFRS. The FASB expects to issue an ASU to clarify that the scope of the new disclosures is intended to be limited to derivative instruments, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, and securities lending arrangements. This guidance is effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2013, and interim periods within those annual periods. Retrospective application is required. The Company does not expect this ASU to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements, rather will result in additional disclosures.

### (n) Reclassifications and other

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to current period presentation.

### Real Estate Investments

#### Acquisitions

The following table provides a summary of shopping centers acquired during the year ended December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

Date Purchased	Property Name	City/State	Purchase Price	Debt Assumed, Net of Premiums	Intangible Assets	Intangible Liabilities	Contingent Liabilities <sup>(1)</sup>
5/31/2012	Shops at Erwin Mill (2)	Durham, NC	\$ 358	_	_	_	_
6/21/2012	Grand Ridge Plaza (3)	Issaquah, WA	11,761	12,810	2,346	144	_
8/31/2012	Balboa Mesa Shopping Center	San Diego, CA	59,500	_	9,711	6,977	145
12/21/2012	Sandy Springs	Sandy Springs, GA	35,250	17,657	2,761	1,386	60
12/27/2012	Uptown District	San Diego, CA	81,115	_	5,833	1,154	4,058
			\$ 187,984	30,467	20,651	9,661	4,263

<sup>(1)</sup> These balances represent environmental liability contingencies, which were measured at fair value at the acquisition date.

The following table provides a summary of shopping centers acquired during the year ended December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

			Debt						
Date Purchase	ed Property Name	City/State		Purchase Price	Assumed, Net of Premiums	Intangible Assets	Intangible Liabilities	Contingent Liabilities	
6/2/2011	Ocala Corners	Tallahassee, FL	\$	11,129	5,937	1,724	2,558	_	
8/18/2011	Oak Shade Town Center	Davis, CA		34,871	12,456	2,320	1,658	_	
9/26/2011	Tech Ridge Center	Austin, TX		55,400	12,899	4,519	936	_	
			\$	101,400	31,292	8,563	5,152		

In addition to the above shopping center acquisitions, on May 4, 2011, the Company entered into an agreement with the DESCO Group ("DESCO") to redeem its entire 16.35% interest in Macquarie CountryWide-Regency-DESCO, LLC ("MCWR-DESCO"). The agreement allowed for a distribution-in-kind ("DIK") of the assets in the co-investment partnership. The assets were distributed as 100% ownership interests to DESCO and to Regency after a selection process, as provided for by the agreement. Regency selected four assets, all in the St. Louis market. The properties which the Company received through the DIK were recorded at the carrying value of the Company's equity investment of \$18.8 million. Additionally, as part of the agreement, Regency received a \$5.0 million disposition fee at closing on May 4, 2011 to buyout its asset, property, and leasing management contracts, and received \$1.0 million for transition services provided through 2011.

The acquisitions were accounted for as purchase business combinations, and the results are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition. During the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, the Company expensed approximately \$1.2 million, \$707,000, and \$448,000, respectively, of acquisition-related costs in

<sup>(2)</sup> Shops at Erwin Mill was acquired on May 31, 2012 for a total purchase price of \$5.8 million and included both an operating component and a development component. The Company completed a purchase price allocation at the date of acquisition and determined that approximately \$358,000 related to the existing operating center, with the remaining balance allocated to properties in development at the time of acquisition.

<sup>(3)</sup> Grand Ridge Plaza was acquired on June 21, 2012 for a total purchase price of \$20.0 million and included both an operating component and a development component. The Company completed a purchase price allocation at the date of acquisition and determined that \$11.8 million related to the existing operating center, with the remaining balance allocated to properties in development at the time of acquisition.

connection with the Company's property acquisitions, which are included in other operating expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. The actual, or pro-forma, impact of the Company's acquired properties is not considered significant to the Company's operating results for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010.

### 3. Discontinued Operations

#### Dispositions

The following table provides a summary of shopping centers disposed of during the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands):

	2012	2011	2010
Net proceeds	\$ 73,576	66,009	34,918
Gain on sale of properties	21,855	5,942	7,577
Number of properties sold	5	7	3
Percent interest sold	100%	100%	100%

The following table provides a summary of revenues and expenses from properties included in discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands):

	2012	2011	2010
Revenues	\$ 3,423	15,030	19,374
Operating expenses	1,750	9,368	11,553
Other (income) expense	_	3,458	6,729
Income tax expense (benefit) (1)	(18)	106	(233)
Operating income from discontinued operations	\$ 1,691	2,098	1,325

<sup>(1)</sup> The operating income and gain on sales of properties included in discontinued operations are reported net of income taxes, if the property is sold by Regency Realty Group, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Operating Partnership, which is a Taxable REIT subsidiary as defined by in Section 856(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

### 4. Investments in Real Estate Partnerships

The Company invests in real estate partnerships, which primarily include six co-investment partners and a closed-end real estate fund ("Regency Retail Partners" or the "Fund"). In addition to earning its pro-rata share of net income or loss in each of these real estate partnerships, the Company received recurring market-based fees for asset management, property management, and leasing as well as fees for investment and financing services, of \$25.4 million, \$29.0 million, and \$25.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively. The Company also received non-recurring transaction fees of \$5.0 million and \$2.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively, with no such fees received during 2012.

Investments in real estate partnerships as of December 31, 2012 consist of the following (in thousands):

			Total Assets of	Net Income	The Company's Share of Net Income (Loss)
	Ownership	Total Investment	the Partnership	(Loss) of the Partnership	of the Partnership
GRI - Regency, LLC (GRIR) <sup>(1)</sup>	40.00% \$	272,044	1,939,659	23,357	9,311
Macquarie Country Wide-Regency III, LLC (MCWR III) $^{(1)}$	24.95%	29	60,496	(75)	(22)
Columbia Regency Retail Partners, LLC (Columbia I) $^{(2)}$	20.00%	17,200	210,490	42,399	8,480
Columbia Regency Partners II, LLC (Columbia II) <sup>(2)</sup>	20.00%	8,660	326,649	1,467	290
Cameron Village, LLC (Cameron)	30.00%	16,708	102,930	2,021	596
RegCal, LLC (RegCal) <sup>(2)</sup>	25.00%	15,602	164,106	2,160	540
Regency Retail Partners, LP (the Fund)	20.00%	15,248	323,406	407	297
US Regency Retail I, LLC (USAA)(2)	20.01%	2,173	123,053	1,484	297
BRE Throne Holdings, LLC (BRET) <sup>(3)</sup>	47.80%	48,757	_	2,211	2,211
Other investments in real estate partnerships	50.00%	46,506	184,165	3,833	1,807
Total	\$	442,927	3,434,954	79,264	23,807

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective January 1, 2010, this partnership agreement was amended to include a unilateral right to elect to dissolve the partnership and receive a DIK upon liquidation; therefore, the Company has applied the Restricted Gain Method for additional properties sold to this partnership on or after January 1, 2010. During 2012, the Company did not sell any properties to this real estate partnership.

<sup>(2)</sup> This partnership agreement has a unilateral right for election to dissolve the partnership and receive a DIK upon liquidation; therefore, the Company has applied the Restricted Gain Method to determine the amount of gain recognized on property sales to this partnership. During 2012, the Company did not sell any properties to this real estate partnership.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(3)</sup> On July 25, 2012, the Company sold a 15-property portfolio and retained a \$47.5 million, 10.5% preferred stock investment in the entity that owns the portfolio. Following the 12-month anniversary of the closing date, Regency may call for the redemption of its investment in whole or in part, at par. Following the 18-month anniversary of the closing date, either Regency or the other member may initiate the redemption of Regency's investment, in whole or in part. As the property holdings of BRET do not impact the rate of return on Regency's preferred stock investment, BRET's portfolio information is not included.

Investments in real estate partnerships as of December 31, 2011 consist of the following (in thousands):

	Ownership	Total Investment	Total Assets of the Partnership	Net Income (Loss) of the Partnership	The Company's Share of Net Income (Loss) of the Partnership
GRI - Regency, LLC (GRIR) <sup>(1)</sup>	40.00% \$	262,018	2,001,526	18,244	7,266
Macquarie CountryWide-Regency III, LLC (MCWR III) <sup>(1)</sup>	24.95%	195	61,867	(493)	(123)
Macquarie Country Wide-Regency-DESCO, LLC (MCWR-DESCO) $^{(3)}$	<b>—</b> %	_	_	(1,752)	(293)
Columbia Regency Retail Partners, LLC (Columbia I) <sup>(2)</sup>	20.00%	20,335	259,225	14,554	2,775
Columbia Regency Partners II, LLC (Columbia II) <sup>(2)</sup>	20.00%	9,686	317,720	910	179
Cameron Village, LLC (Cameron)	30.00%	17,110	104,314	1,101	322
RegCal, LLC (RegCal) <sup>(2)</sup>	25.00%	18,128	180,490	7,615	1,904
Regency Retail Partners, LP (the Fund)	20.00%	16,430	333,013	265	268
US Regency Retail I, LLC (USAA) <sup>(2)</sup>	20.01%	3,093	127,763	1,215	243
Other investments in real estate partnerships	50.00%	39,887	115,857	3,601	(2,898)
Total	\$	386,882	3,501,775	45,260	9,643

<sup>(1)</sup> As noted above, effective January 1, 2010, this partnership agreement was amended to include a unilateral right to elect to dissolve the partnership and receive a DIK upon liquidation; therefore, the Company will apply the Restricted Gain Method for additional properties sold to this partnership on or after January 1, 2010. During 2011, the Company did not sell any properties to this real estate partnership.

<sup>(2)</sup> As noted above, this partnership agreement has a unilateral right for election to dissolve the partnership and receive a DIK upon liquidation; therefore, the Company has applied the Restricted Gain Method to determine the amount of gain recognized on property sales to this partnership. During 2011, the Company did not sell any properties to this real estate partnership.

<sup>(3)</sup> At December 2010, our ownership interest in MCWR-DESCO was 16.35%. The liquidation of MCWR-DESCO was complete effective May 4, 2011. Our ownership interest in MCWR-DESCO was 0.00% at December 31, 2011.

Summarized financial information for the investments in real estate partnerships on a combined basis, is as follows (in thousands):

		December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Investments in real estate, net	\$	3,213,984	3,263,704
Acquired lease intangible assets, net		74,986	85,232
Other assets		145,984	152,839
Total assets	\$	3,434,954	3,501,775
	•		
Notes payable	\$	1,816,648	1,874,780
Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net		46,264	49,938
Other liabilities		70,576	67,495
Capital - Regency		518,505	512,421
Capital - Third parties		982,961	997,141
Total liabilities and capital	\$	3,434,954	3,501,775

The following table reconciles the Company's capital in unconsolidated partnerships to the Company's investments in real estate partnerships (in thousands):

	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Capital - Regency	\$ 518,505	512,421
add: Preferred equity investment in BRET	47,500	_
less: Impairment	(5,880)	(5,880)
less: Ownership percentage or Restricted Gain Method deferral	(38,995)	(41,456)
less: Net book equity in excess of purchase price	(78,203)	(78,203)
Investments in real estate partnerships	\$ 442,927	386,882

### Acquisitions

The following table provides a summary of shopping centers acquired through our unconsolidated co-investment partnerships during the year ended December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

Date Purchased	Property Name	City/State	Co-investment Partner	Ownership %	Purchase Price	Debt Assumed, Net of Premiums	Intangible Assets	Intangible Liabilities
	Lake Grove							
1/17/2012	Commons	Lake Grove, NY	GRIR	40%	\$ 72,500	31,813	5,397	4,342
	Applewood							
11/28/2012	Village Shops	Wheat Ridge, CO	GRIR	40%	3,700	_	363	34
12/19/2012	Village Plaza	Chapel Hill, NC	Columbia II	20%	19,200	_	2,242	686
12/28/2012	Phillips Place	Charlotte, NC	Other	50%	55,400	44,500	_	_
					\$ 150,800	76,313	8,002	5,062

The following table provides a summary of shopping centers acquired through our unconsolidated co-investment partnerships during the year ended December 31, 2011 (in thousands):

Date Purchased	Property Name	City/State	Co-investment Partner	Ownership %	Purchase Price	Debt Assumed, Net of Premiums	Intangible Assets	Intangible Liabilities
	Calhoun							
7/1/2011	Commons	Minneapolis, MN	RegCal	25%	\$ 21,020	6,052	2,130	303
	Rockridge							
8/8/2011	Center	Plymouth, MN	Columbia II	20%	20,500	16,459	2,116	2,059
					\$ 41,520	22,511	4,246	2,362

#### Dispositions

On July 25, 2012, the Company sold a 15-property portfolio for total consideration of \$321.0 million. As a result of entering into this agreement, the Company recognized a net impairment loss of \$18.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2012. The Company retained a \$47.5 million, 10.5% preferred stock investment in the entity that owns the portfolio. As of December 31, 2012, this asset group did not meet the definition of discontinued operations, in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 205-20. Following the 12-month anniversary of the closing date, Regency may call for the redemption of its investment in whole or in part, at par. Following the 18-month anniversary of the closing date, either Regency or the other member may initiate the redemption of Regency's investment, in whole or in part. Regency does not provide leasing or management services for the Portfolio after closing.

#### Notes Payable

The Company's proportionate share of notes payable of the investments in real estate partnerships was \$597.4 million and \$610.4 million at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The Company does not guarantee these loans.

As of December 31, 2012, scheduled principal repayments on notes payable of the investments in real estate partnerships were as follows (in thousands):

Scheduled Principal Payments by Year:	Scheduled Principal Payments	Mortgage Loan Maturities	Unsecured Maturities	Total	Regency's Pro-Rata Share
2013	\$ 19,176	24,373	_	43,549	15,949
2014	21,289	53,015	21,660	95,964	27,254
2015	21,895	130,796	_	152,691	49,619
2016	19,139	374,257	_	393,396	127,888
2017	18,437	200,635	_	219,072	51,610
Beyond 5 Years	77,039	833,680	_	910,719	325,272
Unamortized debt premiums (discounts), net	_	1,257	_	1,257	(169)
Total	\$ 176,975	1,618,013	21,660	1,816,648	597,423

The revenues and expenses for the investments in real estate partnerships on a combined basis are summarized as follows (in thousands):

		For the years ended December 31,			
		2012	2011	2010	
Total revenues		387,908	399,091	437,029	
Operating expenses:					
Depreciation and amortization		128,946	134,236	155,146	
Operating and maintenance		55,394	62,442	67,541	
General and administrative		7,549	7,905	7,383	
Real estate taxes		46,395	49,103	55,926	
Other expenses		3,521	3,477	3,666	
Total operating expenses		241,805	257,163	289,662	
Other expense (income):					
Interest expense, net		104,694	112,099	129,581	
Gain on sale of real estate		(40,437)	(7,464)	(8,976)	
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt		967	(8,743)	_	
Loss on hedge ineffectiveness		51	_	_	
Provision for impairment		3,775	_	78,908	
Preferred return on equity investment		(2,211)	_	_	
Other expense (income)		_	776	(383)	
Total other expense		66,839	96,668	199,130	
Net income (loss)	\$	79,264	45,260	(51,763)	
Regency's share of net income (loss)	\$	23,807	9,643	(12,884)	

### 5. Notes Receivable

The Company had notes receivable outstanding of \$23.8 million and \$35.8 million at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The loans have fixed interest rates ranging from 6.0% to 9.0% with maturity dates through January 2019 and are secured by real estate held as collateral.

### 6. Acquired Lease Intangibles

The Company had the following acquired lease intangibles, net of accumulated amortization and accretion, at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively (in thousands):

	2012	2011
In-place leases, net	\$ 31,314	21,900
Above-market leases, net	9,440	3,427
Above-market ground leases, net	1,705	1,727
Acquired lease intangible assets, net	\$ 42,459	27,054
Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net	\$ 20,325	12,662

The following table provides a summary of amortization and net accretion amounts from acquired lease intangibles for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010:

	. <u>-</u>	2012	_	2011	 2010	Remaining Weighted Average Amortization/Accretion Period
		(in thousands)		(in thousands)	(in thousands)	(in years)
In-place lease amortization	\$	4,307	\$	3,436	\$ 2,317	6.70
Above-market lease amortization (1)		739		319	108	9.70
Above-market ground lease amortization (1)	_	23		17	1	84.50
Acquired lease intangible asset amortization	\$	5,069	\$	3,772	\$ 2,426	
Acquired lease intangible liability accretion (2)	\$	1,950	\$	1,375	\$ 1,303	9.91

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts are recorded as a reduction to minimum rent.

The estimated aggregate amortization and net accretion amounts from acquired lease intangibles for the next five years are as follows (in thousands):

V E ! D 1 04	P	Amortization	NT . A
Year Ending December 31,		Expense	Net Accretion
2013	\$	6,607	2,035
2014		5,076	1,588
2015		3,999	947
2016		3,238	675
2017		2,441	672

### 7. Income Taxes

The following summarizes the tax status of dividends paid on our common shares during the respective years:

	2012	2011	2010
Dividend per share	\$ 1.85	1.85	1.85
Ordinary income	71%	33%	40%
Capital gain	1%	1%	2%
Return of capital	28%	66%	58%

RRG is subject to federal and state income taxes and files separate tax returns. Income tax expense consists of the following for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands):

	2012	2011	2010
Income tax expense (benefit):			
Current	\$ 97	283	(639)
Deferred	13,727	2,422	(860)
Total income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 13,824	2,705	(1,499)

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts are recorded as an increase to minimum rent.

Income tax expense (benefit) is included in either income tax expense (benefit) of taxable REIT subsidiaries, if the related income is from continuing operations, or is included in operating income from discontinued operations, if from discontinued operations, on the Consolidated Statements of Operations as follows for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands):

		2012	2011	2010
Income tax expense (benefit) from:	•			
Continuing operations	\$	13,224	2,994	(1,333)
Discontinued operations		600	(289)	(166)
Total income tax expense (benefit)	\$	13,824	2,705	(1,499)

Income tax expense (benefit) differed from the amounts computed by applying the U.S. Federal income tax rate of 34% to pretax income from continuing operations of RRG for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively as follows (in thousands):

		2012	2011	2010
Computed expected tax (benefit) expense	\$	(2,099)	1,089	(3,368)
(Decrease) increase in income tax resulting from state taxes		(122)	126	(392)
Valuation allowance		15,635	1,438	286
All other items		410	52	1,975
Total income tax expense (benefit)	_	13,824	2,705	(1,499)
Amounts attributable to discontinued operations		600	(289)	(166)
Amounts attributable to continuing operations	\$	13,224	2,994	(1,333)

For 2012, all other items principally represent permanent differences related to deferred compensation and meals and entertainment. For 2011, all other items principally represent permanent differences related to impairments and the effect of the change in state tax rate. For 2010, all other items principally represent straight line rents. Included in the income tax expense (benefit) disclosed above, the Company has approximately \$600,000 of state income tax expense at the Operating Partnership for the Texas Gross Margin Tax recorded in income tax expense (benefit) of taxable REIT subsidiaries in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations for each of the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010.

The following table represents the Company's net deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 recorded in other assets in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands):

		2012	2011
Deferred tax assets	•		
Investments in real estate partnerships	\$	8,116	8,124
Provision for impairment		5,667	4,047
Deferred interest expense		4,507	4,507
Capitalized costs under Section 263A		2,637	3,828
Net operating loss carryforward		1,033	280
Employee benefits		838	683
Other		435	791
Deferred tax assets	-	23,233	22,260
Valuation allowance		(22,114)	(6,479)
Deferred tax assets, net	-	1,119	15,781
Deferred tax liabilities			
Straight line rent		519	1,916
Depreciation		600	138
Deferred tax liabilities	•	1,119	2,054
Net deferred tax assets	\$	_	13,727

During 2012 and 2011, the net change in the total valuation allowance was \$15.6 million and \$1.4 million, respectfully. The Company has federal and state net operating loss carryforwards totaling \$2.9 million, which expire between 2027 and 2032.

The evaluation of the recoverability of the deferred tax assets and the need for a valuation allowance requires the Company to weigh all positive and negative evidence to reach a conclusion that it is more likely than not that all or some portion of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The Company's framework for assessing the recoverability of deferred tax assets includes weighing recent taxable income (loss), projected future taxable income (loss) of the character necessary to realize the deferred tax assets, the carryforward periods for the net operating loss, including the effect of reversing taxable temporary differences, and prudent feasible tax planning strategies that would be implemented, if necessary, to protect against the loss of deferred tax assets. At December 31, 2012, the cumulative history of taxable losses and projected future taxable income within the TRS caused the Company to determine that it is more likely than not that the net deferred tax assets will not be realized. As a result, a valuation allowance has been established for the entire amount of the deferred tax asset.

The Company accounts for uncertainties in income tax law in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 740, under which tax positions shall initially be recognized in the financial statements when it is more likely than not the position will be sustained upon examination by the tax authorities. Such tax positions shall initially and subsequently be measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the tax authority assuming full knowledge of the position and relevant facts. The Company believes that it has appropriate support for the income tax positions taken and to be taken on its tax returns and that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open tax years based on an assessment of many factors including past experience and interpretations of tax laws applied to the facts of each matter. Federal and state tax returns are open from 2009 and forward for the Company.

#### 8. Notes Payable and Unsecured Credit Facilities

The Parent Company does not have any indebtedness, but guarantees all of the unsecured debt and 17.6% of the secured debt of the Operating Partnership.

### Notes Payable

Notes payable consist of mortgage loans secured by properties and unsecured public debt. Mortgage loans may be prepaid, but could be subject to yield maintenance premiums. Mortgage loans are generally due in monthly installments of principal and interest or interest only and mature over various terms through 2028, whereas, interest on unsecured public debt is payable semi-annually and matures over various terms through 2021. Fixed interest rates on mortgage loans range from 5.22% to 8.40% with a weighted average rate of 6.30%. Fixed interest rates on unsecured public debt range from 4.80% to 6.00% with a weighted average rate of 5.46%. As of December 31, 2012, the Company had two variable rate mortgage loans, one in the amount of \$9.0 million with a variable interest rate of LIBOR plus 160 basis points maturing on September 1, 2014 and one in the amount of \$3.0 million with a variable interest rate equal to LIBOR plus 380 basis points maturing on October 1, 2014.

On January 15, 2012, the Company repaid the maturing balance of \$192.4 million of 6.75% ten-year unsecured notes. The Company assumed debt, net of premiums, of \$12.8 million and \$17.7 million in connection with the acquisition of Grand Ridge Plaza on June 21, 2012 and Sandy Springs on December 21, 2012, respectively.

The Company is required to comply with certain financial covenants for its unsecured public debt as defined in the indenture agreements such as the following ratios: Consolidated Debt to Consolidated Assets, Consolidated Secured Debt to Consolidated Assets, Consolidated Income for Debt Service to Consolidated Debt Service, and Unencumbered Consolidated Assets to Unsecured Consolidated Debt. As of December 31, 2012, management of the Company believes it is in compliance with all financial covenants for its unsecured public debt.

### Unsecured Credit Facilities

The Company has an \$800.0 million unsecured line of credit (the "Line") commitment under an agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with Wells Fargo Bank and a syndicate of other banks, which was amended on September 13, 2012 to increase the borrowing capacity by \$200.0 million to a total of \$800.0 million. The maturity date was extended by one year, and the Line will expire in September 2016, subject to a one-year extension at the Company's option. The amended Line bears interest at an annual rate of LIBOR plus 117.5 basis points and a facility fee of 22.5 basis points, subject to adjustment based on the higher of the Company's corporate credit ratings from Moody's and S&P. In addition, the Company has the ability to increase the Line through an accordion feature to \$1.0 billion. Borrowing capacity is reduced by the balance of outstanding borrowings and commitments under outstanding letters of credit. The balance on the Line was \$70.0 million and \$40.0 million at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The proceeds from the Line are used to finance the acquisition and development of real estate and for general working-capital purposes.

The Company is required to comply with certain financial covenants as defined in the Credit Agreement such as Minimum Tangible Net Worth, Ratio of Indebtedness to Total Asset Value ("TAV"), Ratio of Unsecured Indebtedness to Unencumbered Asset Value, Ratio of Adjusted Earnings Before Interest Taxes Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA") to Fixed Charges, Ratio of Secured Indebtedness to TAV, Ratio of Unencumbered Net Operating Income to Unsecured Interest Expense, and other covenants customary with this type of unsecured financing. As of December 31, 2012, management of the Company believes it is in compliance with all financial covenants for the Line.

On November 17, 2011, the Company entered into an unsecured term loan (the "Term Loan") commitment under an agreement (the "Term Loan Agreement") with Wells Fargo Bank and a syndicate of other banks, which matures on December 15, 2016. During 2012, the Company borrowed the \$250.0 million available under the Term Loan and repaid \$150.0 million, which resulted in the Company writing-off approximately \$852,000 in loan costs and reducing the remaining commitment to \$100.0 million. There was \$100.0 million and no balance outstanding on the Term Loan as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The Term Loan has a variable interest rate of LIBOR plus 145 basis points subject to Regency maintaining its corporate credit and senior unsecured ratings at BBB. In addition, the Company has the ability to increase the Term Loan up to an amount not to exceed an additional \$150.0 million subject to the provisions of the Term Loan Agreement.

The Term Loan includes financial covenants relating to minimum tangible net worth, ratio of indebtedness to total asset value, ratio of unsecured indebtedness to unencumbered asset value, ratio of adjusted EBITDA to fixed charges, ratio of secured indebtedness to total asset value, and ratio of unencumbered NOI to unsecured interest expense. The Term Loan also includes customary events of default for agreements of this type (with customary grace periods, as applicable). As of December 31, 2012, management of the Company believes it is in compliance with all financial covenants for its Term Loan.

The Company's outstanding debt at December 31, 2012 and 2011 consists of the following (in thousands):

		2012	2011
Notes payable:	_		
Fixed rate mortgage loans	\$	461,914	439,880
Variable rate mortgage loans		12,041	12,665
Fixed rate unsecured loans		1,297,936	1,489,895
Total notes payable	_	1,771,891	1,942,440
Unsecured credit facilities		170,000	40,000
Total	\$	1,941,891	1,982,440

As of December 31, 2012, scheduled principal payments and maturities on notes payable were as follows (in thousands):

Scheduled Principal Payments and Maturities by Year:	Scheduled Principal Payments	Mortgage Loan Maturities	Unsecured Maturities <sup>(1)</sup>	Total
2013	\$ 7,872	16,319	_	24,191
2014	7,383	26,999	150,000	184,382
2015	5,746	62,435	350,000	418,181
2016	5,487	14,161	170,000	189,648
2017	4,584	84,375	400,000	488,959
Beyond 5 Years	20,021	212,743	400,000	632,764
Unamortized debt premiums (discounts), net	_	5,830	(2,064)	3,766
Total	\$ 51,093	422,862	1,467,936	1,941,891

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes unsecured public debt and unsecured credit facilities balances outstanding at December 31, 2012.

The Company continuously monitors the capital markets and evaluates its ability to issue new debt to repay maturing debt or fund its commitments. Based upon the current capital markets, the Company's current credit ratings, and the number of high quality, unencumbered properties that it owns which could collateralize borrowings, the Company expects that it will successfully issue new secured or unsecured debt to fund its obligations.

### 9. Derivative Financial Instruments

The following table summarizes the terms and fair values of the Company's derivative financial instruments, as well as their classification on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, at December 31, 2012 and 2011 (in thousands):

						Fair V	'alue
	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Notional Amount	Bank Pays Variable Rate of	Regency Pays Fixed Rate of	2012	2011
Asse	ets:						
	April 15, 2014	April 15, 2024	\$ 75,000	3 Month LIBOR	2.087%	1,022	_
	April 15, 2014	April 15, 2024	\$ 50,000	3 Month LIBOR	2.088%	672	_
	August 1, 2015	August 1, 2025	\$ 75,000	3 Month LIBOR	2.479%	1,131	_
	August 1, 2015	August 1, 2025	\$ 50,000	3 Month LIBOR	2.479%	729	_
	August 1, 2015	August 1, 2025	\$ 50,000	3 Month LIBOR	2.479%	753	_
Ot	her Assets					4,307	
Liab	oilities:				=		
	October 1, 2011	September 1, 2014	\$ 9,000	1 Month LIBOR	0.76%	76	37
A	ccounts payable and	other liabilities			-	76	37

These derivative financial instruments are comprised of interest rate swaps, which are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges. The Company does not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes and currently does not have any derivatives that are not designated as hedges.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and qualifying as cash flow hedges is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivatives is recognized directly in earnings as a gain or loss on derivative instruments.

The following table represents the effect of the derivative financial instruments on the accompanying consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands):

Derivatives in FASB ASC Topic 815 Cash Flow Hedging Relationships:	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivative (Effective Portion)			Location of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion)			Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing)		Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing)			
	December 31,				December 31,					December 31,			
	2012	2011	2010		2012	2011	2010		2	2012	2011	2010	
Interest rate swaps	\$ 4,245	18	(36,556)	Interest expense	\$ (9,491)	(9,467)	(5,575)	Other expenses	\$	_	(54)	1,419	

The unamortized balance of the settled interest rate swaps at December 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$62.6 million and \$72.0 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2012, the Company expects \$9.5 million of deferred losses (gains) on derivative instruments accumulated in other comprehensive income to be reclassified into earnings during the next 12 months.

On October 7, 2010, the Company paid \$36.7 million to settle the remaining \$140.7 million of interest rate swaps then outstanding. On October 7, 2010, the Company closed on \$250.0 million of 4.80% ten-year senior unsecured notes. The Company began amortizing the \$36.7 million loss realized from the swap settlement in October 2010 over a ten year period; therefore, the effective interest rate on these notes was 6.26%.

On June 1, 2010, the Company paid \$26.8 million to settle and partially settle \$150.0 million of its interest rate swaps then outstanding of \$290.7 million. On June 2, 2010 the Company also closed on \$150.0 million of ten-year senior unsecured notes with an interest rate of 6.00%. The Company began amortizing the \$26.8 million loss realized from the swap settlement in June 2010 over a ten year period; therefore, the effective interest rate on these notes was 7.67%.

Realized gains and losses associated with the settled interest rate swaps have been included in accumulated other comprehensive loss in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Equity of the Parent Company and the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Capital of the Operating Partnership and are amortized as the corresponding hedged interest payments are made in future periods.

#### 10. Fair Value Measurements

#### (a) Disclosure of Fair Value of Financial Instruments

All financial instruments of the Company are reflected in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets at amounts which, in management's estimation, reasonably approximates their fair values, except those listed below. The following provides information about the methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the Company's financial instruments, including their estimated fair values.

#### Notes Receivable

The fair value of the Company's notes receivable is estimated by calculating the present value of future contractual cash flows discounted at an interest rate available for notes of the same terms and maturities adjusted for customer specific credit risk. The interest rates range from 7.0% to 8.1% and 7.1% to 8.1% at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, based on the Company's estimates. The fair value of notes receivable was determined primarily using Level 3 inputs of the fair value hierarchy. Based on the estimates made by the Company, the fair value of notes receivable was \$23.7 million and \$35.3 million at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

### Notes Payable

The fair value of the Company's notes payable is estimated by discounting future cash flows of each instrument at rates that reflect the current market rates available to the Company for debt of the same terms and maturities. These rates range from 2.4% to 3.3% and 2.4% to 4.3% at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, based on the Company's estimates. Fixed rate loans assumed in connection with real estate acquisitions are recorded in the accompanying consolidated financial statements at fair value at the time the property is acquired including those loans assumed in distribution-in-kind liquidations. The fair value of the notes payable was determined using Level 2 inputs of the fair value hierarchy. Based on the estimates used by the Company, the fair value of notes payable was \$2.0 billion and \$2.1 billion at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

### **Unsecured Credit Facilities**

The fair value of the Company's unsecured credit facilities is estimated based on the interest rates currently offered to the Company by the Company's third partylenders, which is estimated to be 1.6% and 1.5% at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The fair value of the unsecured credit facilities was determined using Level 2 inputs of the fair value hierarchy. Based on the estimates used by the Company, the fair value of the unsecured credit facilities was \$170.2 million and \$40.0 million at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

### (b) Fair Value Measurements

Internally developed fair value measurements, including the unobservable inputs, are evaluated for reasonableness based on current transactions and experience in the real estate and capital markets. Service providers involved in fair value measurements are evaluated for competency and qualifications on an ongoing basis. The Company's valuation policies and procedures are determined by its Finance Group, which reports to the Chief Financial Officer, and the results of significant fair value measurements are discussed with the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis. The following describe valuation methods for each of our financial instruments required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

### **Trading Securities Held in Trust**

The Company has investments in marketable securities that are classified as trading securities held in trust on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. The fair value of the trading securities held in trust was determined using quoted prices in active markets, considered Level 1 inputs of the fair value hierarchy. Changes in the value of trading securities are recorded within net investment (income) loss from deferred compensation plan in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

### **Derivative Financial Instruments**

The valuation of these instruments is determined using widely accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each derivative. This analysis reflects the contractual terms of the derivatives, including the period to maturity, and uses observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves and implied volatilities. The Company incorporates credit valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect both its own nonperformance risk and the respective counterparty's nonperformance risk in the fair value measurements.

Although the Company has determined that the majority of the inputs used to value its derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the credit valuation adjustments associated with its derivatives utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads, to evaluate the likelihood of default by the Company and its counterparties. Changes in these credit valuation adjustments are not expected to result in a significant change in the valuation of the Company's derivatives.

The following are fair value measurements recorded on a recurring basis at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively (in thousands):

			Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2012					
			Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs			
Assets		Balance	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)			
Trading securities held in trust	\$	23,429	23,429	_	_			
Interest rate derivatives		4,307	_	4,412	(105)			
Total	\$	27,736	23,429	4,412	(105)			
	=							
Liabilities:								
Interest rate derivatives	\$	(76)	_	(77)	1			
			Fair Value Measure	ments at December 31,	2011			
			Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs			
Assets		Balance	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)			
Trading securities held in trust	\$	21,713	21,713	_	_			
<u>Liabilities:</u>								
Interest rate derivatives	\$	(37)	_	(38)	1			

The following are fair value measurements recorded on a nonrecurring basis at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively (in thousands):

	Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2012						
	-		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs		
<u>Assets</u>	_	Balance	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total Losses(1)	
Long-lived assets held and used							
Operating and development properties	\$	49,673	_	_	49,673	(54,500)	

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes impairments for properties sold during the year ended December 31, 2012.

-	Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2011							
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets		Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs				
_	Balance	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total Losses(1)			
\$	5,520	_	_	5,520	(11,843)			
	1,893	_	_	1,893	(4,580)			
\$	7,413			7,413	(16,423)			
		\$ 5,520 1,893	Balance Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets  Balance (Level 1)  \$ 5,520 —  1,893 —	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets   Significant Other Observable Inputs	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets   Significant Other Observable Inputs   Inputs   (Level 2)			

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes impairments for properties sold during the year ended December 31, 2011.

Long-lived assets held and used are comprised primarily of real estate. The Company recognized a \$54.5 million impairment loss related to two operating properties during the year ended December 31, 2012. The Company has determined that it is more likely than not that one of the properties will be sold before the end of its previously estimated useful life, and the other property was exhibiting weak operating fundamentals including low economic occupancy for an extended period of time, which led to the impairments. As a result, the Company estimated the fair value of the properties and recorded the impairment losses. As discussed in Note 1, the Company considers a property to be held-for-sale when the property is under contract, significant non-refundable deposits have been made by the potential buyer, the assets are immediately available for transfer, and there are no contingencies related to the sale that may prevent the transaction from closing. Given the nature of all real estate sales contracts, these conditions or criteria are typically not satisfied until the actual closing of the transaction. However, each potential transaction is evaluated based on its separate facts and circumstances. The Company evaluated these properties and determined that they did not meet the criteria for held-for-sale as of December 31, 2012.

In addition, the Company recognized a \$16.4 million impairment loss related to one operating property and the Company's investment in a real estate partnership during the year ended December 31, 2011. This operating property exhibited weak operating fundamentals, including low economic occupancy for an extended period of time, which lead to the impairment. As a result, the Company estimated the fair value of the properties and recorded an impairment loss.

Fair value for those assets measured using Level 3 inputs was determined through the use of an income approach. The income approach estimates an income stream for a property (typically 10 years) and discounts this income plus a reversion (presumed sale) into a present value at a risk adjusted rate. Overall cap rates and growth assumptions utilized in this approach are derived from market transactions as well as other financial and industry data. The terminal cap rate and discount rate are significant inputs to this valuation. The following are ranges of key inputs used in determining the fair value of real estate measured using Level 3 inputs as of December 31, 2012 and 2011:

	20	12	20	)11
	Low	High	Low	High
Overall cap rates	8.3%	8.5%	7.5%	9.0%
Rental growth rates	(8.3)%	2.5%	2.0%	3.0%
Discount rates	10.5%	10.5%	8.5%	10.0%
Terminal cap rates	8.8%	8.8%	8.0%	9.5%

Changes in these inputs could result in a significant change in the valuation of the real estate and a change in the impairment loss recognized during the period.

### 11. Equity and Capital

### Preferred Stock of the Parent Company

#### Issuances:

On February 16, 2012, the Parent Company issued 10 million shares of 6.625% Series 6 Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock with a liquidation preference of \$25 per share resulting in proceeds of \$241.4 million, net of issuance costs, which were subsequently contributed to the Operating Partnership to redeem similar preferred unit interests as further discussed below.

On August 23, 2012, the Parent Company issued 3 million shares of 6.00% Series 7 Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock with a liquidation preference of \$25 per share resulting in proceeds of \$72.5 million, net of issuance costs, which were subsequently used to redeem the Company's Series 5 Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock as further discussed below.

The Series 6 and 7 preferred shares are perpetual, absent a change in control of the Parent Company, are not convertible into common stock of the Parent Company, and are redeemable at par upon the Company's election beginning five years after the issuance date. None of the terms of the preferred stock contain any unconditional obligations that would require the Company to redeem the securities at any time or for any purpose.

### Redemptions:

On March 31, 2012, the Parent Company redeemed all issued and outstanding shares of its Series 3 and Series 4 Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock and on September 13, 2012, the Parent Company redeemed all issued and outstanding shares of its Series 5 Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. These redemptions resulted in a reduction to net income available to common stockholders through non-cash charges of \$7.0 million and \$2.3 million, respectively, related to original issuance costs, which are included within the following financial statement line items:

Parent Company	<u>Financial Statement Line Item</u>					
Consolidated Statements of Operations	Preferred stock dividends					
Consolidated Statements of Equity	Redemption of preferred stock					
Operating Partnership						
Consolidated Statements of Operations	Preferred unit distributions					
Consolidated Statements of Capital	Preferred units issued as a result of preferred stock issued by Parent Company, net of redemptions and issuance costs					

Terms and conditions of the preferred stock outstanding at December 31, 2012 and 2011 are summarized as follows:

	Preferred Stock Outstanding at December 31, 2012							
Series	Shares Outstanding		Liquidation Preference	Distribution Rate	Callable By Company			
Series 6	10,000,000	\$	250,000,000	6.625%	2/16/2017			
Series 7	3,000,000		75,000,000	6.000%	8/23/2017			
	13,000,000	\$	325,000,000					

Preferred Stock Outstanding at December 31, 2011 Liquidation Callable Shares Distribution Outstanding Series Preference Rate By Company Series 3 \$ 7.450% 3,000,000 75,000,000 4/3/2008 5,000,000 Series 4 125,000,000 7.250% 8/31/2009 Series 5 3,000,000 75,000,000 6.700% 8/2/2010 275,000,000 11,000,000

### Common Stock of the Parent Company

#### Issuances:

On August 10, 2012, the Parent Company entered into an at-the-market ("ATM") equity distribution agreement under which the Company may from time to time offer and sell up to \$150.0 million of our common stock. The net proceeds are expected to fund potential acquisition opportunities, fund our development or redevelopment activities, repay amounts outstanding under our revolving credit facility and/or for general corporate purposes. During the year ended December 31, 2012, 442,786 shares were issued and sold at a weighted average price per share of \$49.70 for proceeds of \$21.5 million, net of commissions of approximately \$331,000 and issuance costs of approximately \$135,000. As of December 31, 2012, we had the capacity to issue \$128.0 million in common stock under our ATM equity program.

On March 9, 2011, the Parent Company settled its forward sale agreements dated December 4, 2009 (the "Forward Equity Offering") with J.P. Morgan and Wells Fargo Securities by delivering an aggregate 8 million shares of common stock. Upon physical settlement of the Forward Equity Offering, the Company received net proceeds of \$215.4 million. The Company used a portion of the proceeds to repay the Line, which had been drawn upon to repay unsecured notes of \$161.7 million that matured in January 2011.

### Preferred Units of the Operating Partnership

### Issuances:

Series 6 and Series 7 preferred unit interests were issued to the Parent Company in relation to the Parent Company's issuance of 6.625% Series 6 Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock and 6.00% Series 7 Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock as discussed above.

### Redemptions:

On February 9, 2012, the Operating Partnership purchased all of its issued and outstanding Series D Preferred Units at 3.75% discount to par, resulting in an increase to net income available to common stockholders of \$1.0 million, related to the discount offset by the write-off of the original issuance costs. This amount is included in preferred unit loss attributable to noncontrolling interests in the parent company's consolidated statements of operations and in preferred unit distributions in the operating partnership's consolidated statement of operations.

Terms and conditions for the Series D preferred units outstanding as of December 31, 2011 are summarized as follows:

Units Outstanding	Amount		Distribution		Callable by	Exchangeable	
	Outstanding		Rate		Company	by Unit holder	
500,000	\$	50,000,000		7.45%	9/29/2009	1/1/2014	

The Series 3, 4 and 5 preferred unit interests owned by the Parent Company, as general partner, were redeemed in conjunction with the Parent Company's redemption of its Series 3, Series 4, and Series 5 Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock as discussed above.

### Common Units of the Operating Partnership

Issuances:

Common units were issued to the Parent Company in relation to the Parent Company's issuance of common stock, as discussed above.

### **General Partner**

As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Parent Company, as general partner, owned approximately 99.8% or 90,394,486 of the total 90,571,650 Partnership Units outstanding and approximately 99.8% or 89,921,858 of the total 90,099,022 Partnership Units outstanding, respectively.

### Limited Partners

The Operating Partnership had 177,164 limited Partnership Units outstanding as of December 31, 2012 and 2011.

### Noncontrolling Interests of Limited Partners' Interests in Consolidated Partnerships

Limited partners' interests in consolidated partnerships not owned by the Company are classified as noncontrolling interests on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets of the Parent Company. Subject to certain conditions and pursuant to the conditions of the agreement, the Company has the right, but not the obligation, to purchase the other member's interest or sell its own interest in these consolidated partnerships. At December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company's noncontrolling interest in these consolidated partnerships was \$16.3 million and \$13.1 million, respectively.

### Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following table presents changes in the balances of each component of accumulated other comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	Loss on Settlement of Derivative Instruments	Fair Value of Derivative Instruments	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Beginning balance	\$ (71,438)	9	(71,429)
Net gain on cash flow derivative instruments	_	4,255	4,255
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	9,447	12	9,459
Net current-period other comprehensive income	9,447	4,267	13,714
Ending balance	\$ (61,991)	4,276	(57,715)

### 12. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company recorded stock-based compensation in general and administrative expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations, the components of which are further described below for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 (in thousands):

 2012	2011	2010
\$ 11,526	10,659	7,236
259	269	231
(1,979)	(1,104)	(852)
\$ 9,806	9,824	6,615
\$ \$ \$ =	\$ 11,526 259 (1,979)	259 269 (1,979) (1,104)

The recorded amounts of stock-based compensation expense represent amortization of the grant date fair value of restricted stock awards over the respective vesting periods. Compensation expense specifically identifiable to development and leasing activities is capitalized and included above.

The Company established the Plan under which the Board of Directors may grant stock options and other stock-based awards to officers, directors, and other key employees. The Plan allows the Company to issue up to approximately 4.1 million shares in the form of the Parent Company's common stock or stock options. At December 31, 2012, there were approximately 3.1 million shares available for grant under the Plan either through options or restricted stock.

Stock options are granted under the Plan with an exercise price equal to the Parent Company's stock's price at the date of grant. All stock options granted have ten-year lives, contain vesting terms of one to five years from the date of grant and some have dividend equivalent rights.

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton closed-form ("Black-Scholes") option valuation model. The Company believes that the use of the Black-Scholes model meets the fair value measurement objectives of FASB ASC Topic 718 and reflects all substantive characteristics of the instruments being valued.

The following table reports stock option activity during the year ended December 31, 2012:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Outstanding December 31, 2011	386,149	\$ 52.12	3.0 \$	(5,598)
Less: Exercised	7,619	34.34		
Less: Forfeited	57,952	51.36		
Less: Expired	4,654	72.29		
Outstanding December 31, 2012	315,924	\$ 52.39	2.1 \$	(1,664)
Vested and expected to vest - December 31, 2012	315,924	\$ 52.39	2.1 \$	(1,664)
Exercisable December 31, 2012	315,924	\$ 52.39	2.1 \$	(1,664)

There were no stock options granted during 2012, 2011, or 2010. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 was approximately \$92,000, \$130,000, and \$1,000, respectively. The Company issues new shares to fulfill option exercises from its authorized shares available.

The Company grants restricted stock under the Plan to its employees as a form of long-term compensation and retention. The terms of each grant vary depending upon the participant's responsibilities and position within the Company. The Company's stock grants can be categorized as either time-based awards, performance-based awards, or market-based awards. All awards were valued at the fair market value, earn dividends throughout the vesting period, and have no voting rights. Fair value is measured using the grant date market price for all time-based or performance-based awards. Market based awards are valued using a Monte Carlo simulation to estimate the fair value based on the probability of satisfying the market conditions and the projected stock price at the time of payout, discounted to the valuation date over the three year performance period. Assumptions include historic volatility over the previous three year period, risk-free interest rates, and Regency's historic daily return as compared to the market index. Because the award payout includes dividend equivalents and the total shareholder return includes the value of dividends, no dividend yield assumption is required for the valuation. Compensation expense is measured at the grant date and recognized over the vesting period.

• Time-based awards vest 25% per year beginning on the first anniversary following the grant date. These grants are subject only to continued employment and not dependent on future performance measures; and accordingly, if such vesting criteria are not met, compensation cost previously recognized would be reversed. During 2012, the Company granted 112,496 shares of time-based awards.

- Performance-based awards are earned subject to future performance measurements, including individual goals, annual growth in earnings, and compounded three-year growth in earnings. Once the performance criteria are achieved and the actual number of shares earned is determined, shares will vest over a required service period. If such performance criteria are not met, compensation cost previously recognized would be reversed. The Company considers the likelihood of meeting the performance criteria based upon management's estimates from which it determines the amounts recognized as expense on a periodic basis. During 2012, the Company granted 25,435 shares of performance-based awards.
- Market-based awards are earned dependent upon the Company's total shareholder return in relation to the shareholder return of peer indices over a three-year period ("TSR Grant"). Once the market criteria are met and the actual number of shares earned is determined, 100% of the earned shares vest. The probability of meeting the market criteria is considered when calculating the estimated fair market value on the date of grant using a Monte Carlo simulation. These awards were accounted for as awards with market criteria, with compensation cost recognized over the service period, regardless of whether the market criteria are achieved and the awards are ultimately earned and vest. During 2012, the Company granted 128,302 shares of market-based awards. The significant assumptions underlying determination of fair values for market-based awards granted during the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were

	2012	2011	2010	
Volatility	48.80%	66.50%	66.40%	
Risk free interest rate	0.32%	0.98%	1.41%	

The following table reports non-vested restricted stock activity during the year ended December 31, 2012:

	Number of Shares	(	Intrinsic Value (in thousands)		Weighted Average Grant Price
Non-vested at December 31, 2011	562,259	' <u>-</u>		_	
Add: Time-based awards granted	112,496			\$	40.05
Add: Performance-based awards granted	25,435			\$	39.00
Add: Market-based awards granted	128,302			\$	39.00
Less: Vested and Distributed	152,019			\$	43.13
Less: Forfeited	1,982			\$	40.34
Non-vested at December 31, 2012	674,491	\$	31,782		

The weighted-average grant price for restricted stock granted during the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 was \$39.44, \$41.81, and \$35.65, respectively. The total intrinsic value of restricted stock vested during the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 was \$6.6 million, \$7.5 million, and \$6.1 million, respectively.

As of December 31, 2012, there was \$12.8 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock granted under the Parent Company's Long-Term Omnibus Plan. When recognized, this compensation results in additional paid in capital in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Equity of the Parent Company and in general partner preferred and common units in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Capital of the Operating Partnership. This unrecognized compensation cost is expected to be recognized over the next three years, through 2015. The Company issues new restricted stock from its authorized shares available at the date of grant.

### 13. Saving and Retirement Plans

401 (k) Retirement Plan

The Company maintains a 401(k) retirement plan covering substantially all employees, which permits participants to defer up to the maximum allowable amount determined by the IRS of their eligible compensation. This deferred compensation, together with Company matching contributions equal to 100% of employee deferrals up to a maximum of \$5,000 of their eligible compensation, is fully vested and funded as of December 31, 2012. Costs related to matching portion of the plan were \$1.4 million, \$1.2 million, and \$1.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively.

Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan

The Company maintains a non-qualified deferred compensation plan ("NQDCP") which allows select employees and directors to defer part or all of their salary, cash bonus, and restricted stock awards. Restricted stock awards that are designated to be deferred into the NQDCP upon vesting are classified as liabilities from the grant date through the vesting date. All contributions into the participants' accounts are fully vested upon contribution to the NQDCP and are deposited in a Rabbi trust.

The Company accounts for the NQDCP in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification ASC Topic 710 and the restricted stock awards under Topic 718. The assets in the Rabbi trust remain subject to the claims of creditors of the Company and are not the property of the participant. The NQDCP allows participants to allocate their account balance among various investments, including several mutual funds and the Company's common stock. Effective June 20, 2011, the Company amended its NQDCP such that participant account balances held in the Regency common stock fund, including future deferrals of Regency common stock, must remain allocated to the Regency common stock fund and may only be distributed to the participant in the form of Regency common stock upon termination from the plan. Additionally, participant account balances allocated to various diversified mutual funds are prohibited from being allocated into the Regency common stock fund. The assets of the Rabbi trust, exclusive of the shares of the Company's common stock, are classified as trading securities on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets, and accordingly, realized and unrealized gains and losses are recognized within income from deferred compensation plan in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. Investments in shares of the Company's common stock are included, at cost, as treasury stock in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets of the Parent Company and as a reduction of general partner capital in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets of the Operating Partnership. The participants' deferred compensation liability, exclusive of the shares of the Company's common stock after the June 20, 2011 amendment, is included within accounts payable and other liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets and was \$22.8 million and \$21.1 million at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Increases or decreases in the deferred compensation liability, exclusive of amounts attributable to participant investments in the shares of the Company's common stock, are recorded as general and administrative expense within the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. Changes in participant account balances related to the Regency common stock fund are recorded directly within stockholders' equity.

### 14. Earnings per Share and Unit

Parent Company Earnings per Share

The following summarizes the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively (in thousands except per share data):

		2012	2011	2010
Numerator:	_			
Income from continuing operations	\$	505	45,344	3,106
Income from discontinued operations		23,546	8,040	8,902
Gain on sale of real estate		2,158	2,404	993
Net income	_	26,209	55,788	13,001
Less: preferred stock dividends		32,531	19,675	19,675
Less: income attributable to noncontrolling interests		342	4,418	4,185
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders		(6,664)	31,695	(10,859)
Less: dividends paid on unvested restricted stock		572	615	542
Net income attributable to common stockholders - basic		(7,236)	31,080	(11,401)
Add: dividends paid on Treasury Method restricted stock		_	18	_
Net (loss) income for common stockholders - diluted	\$	(7,236)	31,098	(11,401)
<u>Denominator:</u>	_			
Weighted average common shares outstanding for basic EPS		89,630	87,825	81,068
Incremental shares to be issued under unvested restricted stock		39	_	_
Incremental shares under Forward Equity Offering		_	424	1,534
Weighted average common shares outstanding for diluted EPS	_	89,669	88,249	82,602
(Loss) income per common share – basic		-		
Continuing operations	\$	(0.34)	0.26	(0.25)
Discontinued operations		0.26	0.09	0.11
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	\$	(80.0)	0.35	(0.14)
(Loss) income per common share – diluted	_			
Continuing operations	\$	(0.34)	0.26	(0.25)
Discontinued operations		0.26	0.09	0.11
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	\$	(80.0)	0.35	(0.14)

Income (loss) allocated to noncontrolling interests of the Operating Partnership has been excluded from the numerator and Exchangeable Operating Partnership units have been omitted from the denominator for the purpose of computing diluted earnings per share since the effect of including these amounts in the numerator and denominator would have no impact. Weighted average Exchangeable Operating Partnership units outstanding for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were 177,164, 177,164, and 270,706, respectively.

### Operating Partnership Earnings per Unit

The following summarizes the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per unit for the periods ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 respectively (in thousands except per unit data):

		2012	2011	2010
Numerator:	_			
Income from continuing operations	\$	505	45,344	3,106
Income from discontinued operations		23,546	8,040	8,902
Gain on sale of real estate	_	2,158	2,404	993
Net income		26,209	55,788	13,001
Less: preferred unit distributions		31,902	23,400	23,400
Less: income attributable to noncontrolling interests	_	865	590	376
Net (loss) income attributable to common unit holders		(6,558)	31,798	(10,775)
Less: dividends paid on unvested restricted stock		572	615	542
Net income attributable to common unit holders - basic	_	(7,130)	31,183	(11,317)
Add: dividends paid on Treasury Method restricted stock		_	18	_
Net income for common unit holders - diluted	\$	(7,130)	31,201	(11,317)
<u>Denominator:</u>	_			
Weighted average common units outstanding for basic EPU		89,808	88,002	81,339
Incremental shares to be issued under unvested restricted stock		39	_	_
Incremental units under Forward Equity Offering	_	_	424	1,534
Weighted average common units outstanding for diluted EPU		89,847	88,426	82,873
(Loss) income per common unit – basic	_			
Continuing operations	\$	(0.34)	0.26	(0.25)
Discontinued operations		0.26	0.09	0.11
Net (loss) income attributable to common unit holders	\$	(80.0)	0.35	(0.14)
(Loss) income per common unit – diluted	=			
Continuing operations	\$	(0.34)	0.26	(0.25)
Discontinued operations		0.26	0.09	0.11
Net (loss) income attributable to common unit holders	\$	(0.08)	0.35	(0.14)

### 15. Operating Leases

The Company's properties are leased to tenants under operating leases with expiration dates extending to the year 2099. Future minimum rents under non-cancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2012, excluding both tenant reimbursements of operating expenses and additional percentage rent based on tenants' sales volume, are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2013	\$ 332,351
2014	311,905
2015	276,784
2016	240,376
2017	196,098
Thereafter	991,272
Total	\$ 2,348,786

The shopping centers' tenant base includes primarily national and regional supermarkets, drug stores, discount department stores and other retailers and, consequently, the credit risk is concentrated in the retail industry. There were no tenants that individually represented more than 5% of the Company's annualized future minimum rents.

The Company has shopping centers that are subject to non-cancelable long-term ground leases where a third party owns and has leased the underlying land to the Company to construct and/or operate a shopping center. Ground leases expire through the year 2058 and in most cases provide for renewal options. In addition, the Company has non-cancelable operating leases pertaining to office space from which it conducts its business. Office leases expire through the year 2018 and in most cases provide for renewal options. Leasehold improvements are capitalized, recorded as tenant improvements, and depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the improvements or the lease term. Operating lease expense, including capitalized ground lease payments on properties in development, was \$9.1 million, \$9.2 million and \$8.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively. The following table summarizes the future obligations under non-cancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2012, (in thousands):

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2013	\$ 7,732
2014	7,136
2015	6,713
2016	6,181
2017	4,649
Thereafter	101,613
Total	\$ 134,024

### 16. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is involved in litigation on a number of matters and is subject to certain claims which arise in the normal course of business, none of which, in the opinion of management, is expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations, or liquidity. Legal fees are expensed as incurred.

The Company is also subject to numerous environmental laws and regulations as they apply to real estate pertaining to chemicals used by the dry cleaning industry, the existence of asbestos in older shopping centers, and underground petroleum storage tanks. The Company believes that the ultimate disposition of currently known environmental matters will not have a material effect on its financial position, liquidity, or operations; however, it can give no assurance that existing environmental studies with respect to the shopping centers have revealed all potential environmental liabilities; that any previous owner, occupant or tenant did not create any material environmental condition not known to it; that the current environmental condition of the shopping centers will not be affected by tenants and occupants, by the condition of

nearby properties, or by unrelated third parties; or that changes in applicable environmental laws and regulations or their interpretation will not result in additional environmental liability to the Company.

The Company has the right to issue letters of credit under the Line up to an amount not to exceed \$80.0 million which reduces the credit availability under the Line. These letters of credit are primarily issued as collateral to facilitate the construction of development projects. As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company had \$20.8 million and \$17.4 million letters of credit outstanding, respectively.

### 17. Summary of Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

The following table sets forth selected Quarterly Financial Data for the Company on a historical basis for each of the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 and has been derived from the accompanying consolidated financial statements as reclassified for discontinued operations (in thousands except per share and per unit data):

<u>2012:</u>		First	Second	Third	Fourth
		<u>Quarter</u>	<u>Quarter</u>	<u>Quarter</u>	<u>Quarter</u>
Operating Data:					
Revenues as originally reported	\$	127,389	129,767	120,013	122,002
Reclassified to discontinued operations	_	(1,146)	(524)	(581)	_
Adjusted Revenues	\$	126,243	129,243	119,432	122,002
	_				
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$	13,181	5,697	11,637	(37,179)
Net income (loss) of limited partners		54	23	39	(10)
Net income (loss) attributable to common unit holders	\$	13,235	5,720	11,676	(37,189)
	=				
Net income (loss) attributable to common stock and unit holders per share and	unit:				
Basic	\$	0.14	0.06	0.13	(0.41)
Diluted	\$	0.14	0.06	0.13	(0.41)
	=				
2011:					
Operating Data:					
Revenues as originally reported	\$	127,114	128,382	125,747	125,322
Reclassified to discontinued operations		(4,069)	(4,344)	(3,328)	(1,726)
Adjusted Revenues	\$	123,045	124,038	122,419	123,596
	_				
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	2,185	12,861	8,510	8,139
Net income of limited partners	_	13	37	27	26
Net income attributable to common unit holders	\$	2,198	12,898	8,537	8,165
Net income attributable to common stock and unit holders per share and unit:					
Basic	\$	0.02	0.14	0.09	0.10
Diluted	\$	0.02	0.14	0.09	0.10
	_				

	In	itial Cost		Total Cost					Total Cost			
Shopping Centers (1)	Land	Building & Improvements	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (2)	Land	Building & Improvements	Properties held for Sale	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Net of Accumulated Depreciation	Mortgages		
4S Commons Town Center	30,760	35,830	(379)	30,812	35,399		66,211	11,743	54,468	62,500		
Airport Crossing	1,748	1,690	85	1,744	1,780	_	3,524	426	3,098	_		
Amerige Heights Town Center	10,109	11,288	247	10,109	11,536	_	21,645	1,830	19,815	17,000		
Anastasia Plaza	9,065	_	120	3,338	5,847	_	9,185	739	8,446	_		
Anthem Marketplace	6,714	13,696	204	6,714	13,899	_	20,613	4,675	15,938	_		
Ashburn Farm Market Center	9,835	4,812	369	9,835	5,181	_	15,016	2,943	12,073	_		
Ashford Perimeter	2,584	9,865	514	2,584	10,379	_	12,963	5,217	7,746	_		
Augusta Center	5,142	2,720	(5,456)	1,547	859	_	2,406	(3)	2,409	_		
Aventura Shopping Center	2,751	10,459	29	2,751	10,488	_	13,239	9,561	3,678	_		
Balboa Mesa Shopping Center	23,074	33,838	_	23,074	33,838	_	56,912	495	56,417	_		
Beckett Commons	1,625	10,960	2,570	1,748	13,407	_	15,155	4,155	11,000	_		
Belleview Square	8,132	9,756	1,965	8,298	11,555	_	19,853	4,188	15,665	7,208		
Berkshire Commons	2,295	9,551	1,447	2,965	10,328	_	13,293	5,510	7,783	7,500		
Bloomingdale Square	3,940	14,912	871	3,940	15,783	_	19,723	6,242	13,481	_		
Boulevard Center	3,659	10,787	936	3,659	11,723	_	15,382	4,609	10,773	_		
Boynton Lakes Plaza	2,628	11,236	3,436	3,464	13,836	_	17,300	4,185	13,115	_		
Brentwood Plaza	2,788	3,473	18	2,788	3,491	_	6,279	267	6,012	_		
Briarcliff La Vista	694	3,292	154	694	3,446	_	4,140	2,038	2,102	_		
Briarcliff Village	4,597	24,836	1,069	4,597	25,905	_	30,502	13,223	17,279	_		
Bridgeton	3,033	8,137	34	3,067	8,137	_	11,204	546	10,658	_		
Buckhead Court	1,417	7,432	231	1,417	7,663	_	9,080	4,333	4,747	_		
Buckley Square	2,970	5,978	583	2,970	6,561	_	9,531	2,802	6,729	_		
Buckwalter Place Shopping Ctr	6,563	6,590	123	6,592	6,684	_	13,276	1,746	11,530	_		
Caligo Crossing	2,459	4,897	441	2,459	5,338	_	7,797	1,181	6,616	_		
Cambridge Square	774	4,347	634	774	4,982	_	5,756	2,207	3,549	_		
Carmel Commons	2,466	12,548	3,819	3,406	15,426	_	18,832	5,551	13,281	_		
Carriage Gate	833	4,974	268	835	5,240	_	6,075	3,665	2,410	_		
Centerplace of Greeley III	6,661	11,502	2,255	6,796	13,623	_	20,419	2,364	18,055	_		
Chasewood Plaza	4,612	20,829	307	4,681	21,067	_	25,748	12,241	13,507	_		

	In	itial Cost			Total	l Cost			Total Cost	
Shopping Centers (1)	Land	Building & Improvements	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (2)	Land	Building & Improvements	Properties held for Sale	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Net of Accumulated Depreciation	Mortgages
Cherry Grove	3,533	15,862	1,424	3,581	17,238	_	20,819	6,540	14,279	_
Cheshire Station	9,896	8,344	(22)	9,896	8,322	_	18,218	5,994	12,224	_
Clayton Valley Shopping Center	24,189	35,422	1,892	24,538	36,965	_	61,503	12,759	48,744	_
Cochran's Crossing	13,154	12,315	632	13,154	12,947	_	26,101	6,195	19,906	_
Corkscrew Village	8,407	8,004	89	8,407	8,094	_	16,501	1,759	14,742	8,436
Cornerstone Square	1,772	6,944	955	1,764	7,907	_	9,671	3,638	6,033	_
Corvallis Market Center	6,674	12,244	34	6,696	12,256	_	18,952	2,481	16,471	_
Costa Verde Center	12,740	26,868	984	12,798	27,794	_	40,592	11,523	29,069	_
Courtyard Landcom	5,867	4	3	5,867	7	_	5,874	1	5,873	_
Culpeper Colonnade	15,944	10,601	206	15,947	10,803	_	26,750	4,060	22,690	_
Dardenne Crossing	4,194	4,005	73	4,195	4,078	_	8,273	355	7,918	_
Deer Springs Town Center	41,031	42,841	(56,572)	6,214	21,085	_	27,299	1,919	25,380	_
Delk Spectrum	2,985	12,001	386	3,000	12,372	_	15,372	4,992	10,380	_
Diablo Plaza	5,300	8,181	765	5,300	8,946	_	14,246	3,313	10,933	_
Dickson Tn	675	1,568	_	675	1,568	_	2,243	518	1,725	_
Dunwoody Village	3,342	15,934	1,302	3,342	17,236	_	20,578	9,127	11,451	_
East Pointe	1,730	7,189	338	1,730	7,527	_	9,257	3,335	5,922	_
East Towne Center	2,957	4,938	(101)	2,957	4,837	_	7,794	2,212	5,582	_
El Camino Shopping Center	7,600	11,538	204	7,600	11,742	_	19,342	4,349	14,993	_
El Cerrito Plaza	11,025	27,371	618	11,025	27,989	_	39,014	4,039	34,975	39,976
El Norte Parkway Plaza	2,834	7,370	110	2,840	7,474	_	10,314	3,084	7,230	_
Encina Grande	5,040	11,572	_	5,040	11,572	_	16,612	4,523	12,089	_
Fairfax Shopping Center	15,239	11,367	(5,523)	13,175	7,908	_	21,083	1,078	20,005	_
Falcon	1,340	4,168	26	1,340	4,194	_	5,534	1,002	4,532	_
Fenton Marketplace	2,298	8,510	(8,709)	512	1,588	_	2,100	138	1,962	_
Fleming Island	3,077	11,587	2,296	3,111	13,849	_	16,960	4,604	12,356	786
French Valley Village Center	11,924	16,856	5	11,822	16,963	_	28,785	6,211	22,574	_
Friars Mission Center	6,660	28,021	509	6,660	28,530	_	35,190	10,061	25,129	393
Gardens Square	2,136	8,273	334	2,136	8,606	_	10,742	3,452	7,290	_
Gateway 101	24,971	9,113	671	24,971	9,785	_	34,756	1,726	33,030	_
Gateway Shopping Center	52,665	7,134	1,510	52,672	8,637	_	61,309	7,376	53,933	16,652

	In	itial Cost			Total	Cost			Total Cost			
Shopping Centers (1)	Land	Building & Improvements	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (2)	Land	Building & Improvements	Properties held for Sale	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Net of Accumulated Depreciation	Mortgages		
Gelson's Westlake Market Plaza	3,157	11,153	331	3,157	11,484	_	14,641	3,664	10,977	_		
Glen Oak Plaza	4,103	12,951	228	4,103	13,179	_	17,282	1,087	16,195	3,555		
Glenwood Village	1,194	5,381	132	1,194	5,513	_	6,707	3,108	3,599	_		
Golden Hills Plaza	12,699	18,482	3,023	12,699	21,505	_	34,204	2,659	31,545			
Grand Ridge Plaza	2,240	8,454	_	2,240	8,454	_	10,694	195	10,499	12,653		
Greenwood Springs	2,720	3,059	(3,695)	889	1,195	_	2,084	156	1,928	_		
Hancock	8,232	28,260	866	8,232	29,127	_	37,359	11,388	25,971	_		
Harpeth Village Fieldstone	2,284	9,443	178	2,284	9,621	_	11,905	3,660	8,245	_		
Harris Crossing	7,199	3,677	_	7,199	3,677	_	10,876	684	10,192	_		
Heritage Land	12,390	_	_	12,390	_	_	12,390	_	12,390	_		
Heritage Plaza	_	26,097	12,882	108	38,871	_	38,979	10,662	28,317	_		
Hershey	7	808	5	7	814	_	821	249	572	_		
Hibernia Pavilion	4,929	5,065	25	4,929	5,089	_	10,018	1,260	8,758	_		
Hibernia Plaza	267	230	1	267	231	_	498	32	466	_		
Hickory Creek Plaza	5,629	4,564	279	5,629	4,842	_	10,471	1,604	8,867	_		
Hillcrest Village	1,600	1,909	_	1,600	1,909	_	3,509	691	2,818	_		
Hinsdale	5,734	16,709	1,415	5,734	18,125	_	23,859	6,899	16,960	_		
Horton's Corner	3,137	2,779	31	3,216	2,731	_	5,947	693	5,254	_		
Howell Mill Village	5,157	14,279	829	5,157	15,108	_	20,265	1,974	18,291	_		
Hyde Park	9,809	39,905	1,306	9,809	41,211	_	51,020	17,450	33,570	_		
Indio Towne Center	17,946	31,985	204	17,949	32,186	_	50,135	6,197	43,938	_		
Inglewood Plaza	1,300	2,159	109	1,300	2,268	_	3,568	866	2,702	_		
Jefferson Square	5,167	6,445	78	5,225	6,464	_	11,689	1,066	10,623	_		
Keller Town Center	2,294	12,841	47	2,294	12,888	_	15,182	4,580	10,602	_		
Kent Place	4,855	3,544	_	4,855	3,544	_	8,399	41	8,358	_		
Kings Crossing Sun City	515	1,246	109	515	1,356	_	1,871	292	1,579	_		
Kirkwood Commons	6,772	16,224	339	6,802	16,533	_	23,335	977	22,358	13,103		
Kroger New Albany Center	3,844	6,599	356	3,844	6,955	_	10,799	3,852	6,947	3,041		
Kulpsville	5,518	3,756	139	5,600	3,813	_	9,413	763	8,650	_		
Lake Pine Plaza	2,008	7,632	276	2,029	7,887	_	9,916	2,967	6,949	_		
Lebanon Center	3,865	5,751	30	3,865	5,781	_	9,646	1,419	8,227	_		

	In	itial Cost			Total	l Cost			Total Cost	
Shopping Centers (1)	Land	Building & Improvements	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (2)	Land	Building & Improvements	Properties held for Sale	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Net of Accumulated Depreciation	Mortgages
Lebanon/Legacy Center	3,913	7,874	136	3,913	8,010	_	11,923	4,012	7,911	_
Littleton Square	2,030	8,859	324	2,030	9,183	_	11,213	3,320	7,893	_
Lloyd King	1,779	10,060	740	1,779	10,800	_	12,579	3,963	8,616	_
Loehmann's Plaza	3,983	18,687	557	3,983	19,244	_	23,227	9,087	14,140	_
Loehmanns Plaza California	5,420	9,450	490	5,420	9,940	_	15,360	3,770	11,590	_
Lower Nazareth Commons	15,992	12,964	3,154	16,361	15,749	_	32,110	3,066	29,044	_
Market at Colonnade Center	6,455	9,839	_	6,455	9,839	_	16,294	817	15,477	_
Market at Opitz Crossing	9,902	9,248	(5,836)	6,597	6,717	_	13,314	1,017	12,297	_
Market at Preston Forest	4,400	11,445	820	4,400	12,265	_	16,665	4,416	12,249	_
Market at Round Rock	2,000	9,676	5,386	2,000	15,062	_	17,062	4,546	12,516	_
Marketplace Shopping Center	1,287	5,509	5,125	1,330	10,591	_	11,921	3,158	8,763	_
Marketplace at Briargate	1,706	4,885	5	1,727	4,869	_	6,596	1,424	5,172	_
Middle Creek Commons	5,042	8,100	151	5,091	8,202	_	13,293	2,097	11,196	_
Millhopper Shopping Center	1,073	5,358	4,529	1,796	9,164	_	10,960	4,917	6,043	_
Mockingbird Common	3,000	10,728	461	3,000	11,189	_	14,189	4,353	9,836	10,300
Monument Jackson Creek	2,999	6,765	608	2,999	7,373	_	10,372	3,878	6,494	_
Morningside Plaza	4,300	13,951	432	4,300	14,383	_	18,683	5,376	13,307	_
Murryhill Marketplace	2,670	18,401	420	2,670	18,821	_	21,491	7,372	14,119	7,284
Naples Walk	18,173	13,554	224	18,173	13,778	_	31,951	2,833	29,118	15,844
Newberry Square	2,412	10,150	220	2,412	10,370	_	12,782	6,182	6,600	_
Newland Center	12,500	10,697	575	12,500	11,272	_	23,772	4,655	19,117	_
Nocatee Town Center	10,124	8,691	_	10,124	8,691	_	18,815	1,339	17,476	_
North Hills	4,900	19,774	755	4,900	20,529	_	25,429	7,392	18,037	_
Northgate Marketplace	5,668	13,727	_	5,668	13,727	_	19,395	211	19,184	_
Northgate Plaza (Maxtown Road)	1,769	6,652	150	1,769	6,802	_	8,571	2,785	5,786	_
Northgate Square	5,011	8,692	183	5,011	8,875	_	13,886	1,823	12,063	5,711
Northlake Village	2,662	11,284	483	2,662	11,767	_	14,429	4,098	10,331	_
Oak Shade Town Center	6,591	28,966	24	6,591	28,990	_	35,581	1,403	34,178	11,771
Oakbrook Plaza	4,000	6,668	203	4,000	6,871	_	10,871	2,675	8,196	_
Oakleaf Commons	3,503	11,671	40	3,503	11,711	_	15,214	2,698	12,516	_
Ocala Corners	1,816	10,515	79	1,816	10,594	_	12,410	736	11,674	5,640

	In	itial Cost			Total	Cost			Total Cost	
Shopping Centers (1)	Land	Building & Improvements	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition <sup>(2)</sup>	Land	Building & Improvements	Properties held for Sale	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Net of Accumulated Depreciation	Mortgages
Old St Augustine Plaza	2,368	11,405	364	2,368	11,769	_	14,137	5,167	8,970	_
Orangeburg & Central	2,071	2,384	(84)	2,071	2,300	_	4,371	518	3,853	_
Orchards Market Center II	6,602	9,690	(2,922)	5,497	7,873	_	13,370	805	12,565	_
Paces Ferry Plaza	2,812	12,639	181	2,812	12,820	_	15,632	6,453	9,179	_
Panther Creek	14,414	14,748	2,366	15,212	16,317	_	31,529	7,627	23,902	_
Peartree Village	5,197	19,746	776	5,197	20,522	_	25,719	8,521	17,198	8,575
Pike Creek	5,153	20,652	505	5,153	21,157	_	26,310	8,396	17,914	_
Pima Crossing	5,800	28,143	1,032	5,800	29,175	_	34,975	11,232	23,743	_
Pine Lake Village	6,300	10,991	545	6,300	11,536	_	17,836	4,270	13,566	_
Pine Tree Plaza	668	6,220	155	668	6,375	_	7,043	2,498	4,545	_
Plaza Hermosa	4,200	10,109	600	4,224	10,685	_	14,909	3,710	11,199	13,800
Powell Street Plaza	8,248	30,716	1,435	8,248	32,152	_	40,400	9,343	31,057	_
Powers Ferry Square	3,687	17,965	4,503	5,090	21,065	_	26,155	9,575	16,580	_
Powers Ferry Village	1,191	4,672	236	1,191	4,908	_	6,099	2,499	3,600	_
Prairie City Crossing	4,164	13,032	366	4,164	13,398	_	17,562	4,048	13,514	_
Prestonbrook	7,069	8,622	115	7,069	8,737	_	15,806	4,946	10,860	6,800
Red Bank	10,336	9,505	(178)	10,105	9,558	_	19,663	971	18,692	_
Regency Commons	3,917	3,616	44	3,917	3,659	_	7,576	1,455	6,121	_
Regency Solar (Saugus)			758	6	752	_	758	21	737	_
Regency Square	4,770	25,191	2,741	4,777	27,925	_	32,702	17,753	14,949	_
Rockwall Town Center	4,438	5,140	(48)	4,438	5,092	_	9,530	1,809	7,721	_
Rona Plaza	1,500	4,917	118	1,500	5,035	_	6,535	2,100	4,435	_
Russell Ridge	2,234	6,903	698	2,234	7,601	_	9,835	3,456	6,379	_
Sammamish	9,300	8,075	768	9,300	8,843	_	18,143	3,162	14,981	_
San Leandro Plaza	1,300	8,226	61	1,300	8,287	_	9,587	3,052	6,535	_
Sandy Springs	6,889	28,056	_	6,889	28,056	_	34,945	88	34,857	17,624
Saugus	19,201	17,984	(1,130)	18,805	17,250	_	36,055	3,576	32,479	_
Seminole Shoppes	8,593	7,523	53	8,629	7,540	_	16,169	718	15,451	9,000
Sequoia Station	9,100	18,356	1,023	9,100	19,379	_	28,479	6,748	21,731	21,100
Sherwood II	2,731	6,360	(10)	2,731	6,350	_	9,081	1,731	7,350	
Sherwood Market Center	3,475	16,362	77	3,475	16,439	_	19,914	6,246	13,668	_

	In	itial Cost			Total	Cost		Total Cost			
Shopping Centers (1)	Land	Building & Improvements	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition <sup>(2)</sup>	Land	Building & Improvements	Properties held for Sale	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Net of Accumulated Depreciation	Mortgages	
Shoppes @ 104	11,193	_	_	6,652	4,540	_	11,192	673	10,519	_	
Shoppes at Fairhope Village	6,920	11,198	132	6,920	11,330	_	18,250	1,875	16,375	_	
Shoppes of Grande Oak	5,091	5,985	123	5,091	6,107	_	11,198	3,289	7,909	_	
Shops at Arizona	3,063	3,243	51	3,063	3,294	_	6,357	1,497	4,860	_	
Shops at County Center	9,957	11,269	322	10,160	11,388	_	21,548	3,894	17,654	_	
Shops at Erwin Mill	236	131	_	236	131	_	367	4	363	_	
Shops at Johns Creek	1,863	2,014	(309)	1,501	2,068	_	3,569	772	2,797	_	
Shops at Quail Creek	1,487	7,717	184	1,486	7,902	_	9,388	1,204	8,184	_	
Signature Plaza	2,396	3,898	244	2,396	4,142	_	6,538	1,861	4,677		
South Bay Village	11,714	15,580	_	11,714	15,580	_	27,294	344	26,950	_	
South Lowry Square	3,434	10,445	772	3,434	11,217	_	14,651	4,036	10,615	_	
Southcenter	1,300	12,750	787	1,300	13,537	_	14,837	4,754	10,083	_	
SouthPoint Crossing	4,412	12,235	211	4,412	12,445	_	16,857	4,494	12,363	_	
Starke	71	1,683	1	71	1,684	_	1,755	513	1,242	_	
State Street Crossing	1,283	1,970	33	1,283	2,003	_	3,286	197	3,089	_	
Sterling Ridge	12,846	12,162	432	12,846	12,594	_	25,440	6,146	19,294	13,900	
Stonewall	27,511	22,123	5,267	28,127	26,774	_	54,901	6,736	48,165		
Strawflower Village	4,060	8,084	204	4,060	8,287	_	12,347	3,239	9,108	_	
Stroh Ranch	4,280	8,189	250	4,280	8,439	_	12,719	4,513	8,206		
Suncoast Crossing	4,057	5,545	10,229	9,030	10,800	_	19,830	2,177	17,653	_	
Sunnyside 205	1,200	9,459	1,246	1,200	10,705	_	11,905	3,588	8,317		
Tanasbourne Market	3,269	10,861	(45)	3,269	10,816	_	14,085	2,219	11,866	_	
Tassajara Crossing	8,560	15,464	388	8,560	15,852	_	24,412	5,789	18,623	19,800	
Tech Ridge Center	12,945	37,169	61	12,945	37,231	_	50,176	2,000	48,176	11,888	
Town Square	883	8,132	236	883	8,368	_	9,251	3,614	5,637		
Twin City Plaza	17,245	44,225	1,328	17,263	45,535	_	62,798	8,966	53,832	41,112	
Twin Peaks	5,200	25,827	393	5,200	26,220	_	31,420	9,363	22,057	_	
Uptown District	18,773	61,906	_	18,773	61,906	_	80,679	154	80,525	_	
Valencia Crossroads	17,921	17,659	257	17,921	17,916	_	35,837	11,090	24,747	_	
Ventura Village	4,300	6,648	418	4,300	7,066	_	11,366	2,536	8,830	_	
Village at Lee Airpark	11,099	12,955	_	11,099	12,955	_	24,054	2,070	21,984	_	

	Init	tial Cost			Total	Cost			Total Cost	
Shopping Centers (1)	Land	Building & Improvements	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (2)	Land	Building & Improvements	Properties held for Sale	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Net of Accumulated Depreciation	Mortgages
Village Center	3,885	14,131	481	3,885	14,611	_	18,496	6,416	12,080	_
Vine at Castaic	4,799	5,884	(5,801)	2,170	2,712	_	4,882	147	4,735	_
Vista Village IV	2,287	2,765	(933)	2,287	1,832	_	4,119	931	3,188	_
Walker Center	3,840	7,232	2,830	3,864	10,038	_	13,902	2,956	10,946	_
Walton Towne Center	3,872	3,298	34	3,872	3,332	_	7,204	667	6,537	_
Welleby Plaza	1,496	7,787	454	1,496	8,241	_	9,737	5,049	4,688	_
Wellington Town Square	2,041	12,131	213	2,041	12,344	_	14,385	4,931	9,454	12,800
West Park Plaza	5,840	5,759	723	5,840	6,482	_	12,322	2,318	10,004	_
Westbrook Commons	3,366	11,751	(1,047)	3,091	10,979	_	14,070	3,566	10,504	_
Westchase	5,302	8,273	208	5,302	8,481	_	13,783	1,648	12,135	7,493
Westchester Plaza	1,857	7,572	239	1,857	7,811	_	9,668	3,847	5,821	_
Westlake Plaza and Center	7,043	27,195	1,410	7,043	28,605	_	35,648	10,717	24,931	_
Westridge Village	9,529	11,397	100	9,529	11,496	_	21,025	4,574	16,451	_
Westwood Village	19,933	25,301	317	20,135	25,416	_	45,551	6,084	39,467	_
White Oak	2,144	3,069	2	2,144	3,071	_	5,215	1,940	3,275	_
Willow Festival	1,954	56,501	294	1,954	56,795	_	58,749	3,772	54,977	40,710
Windmiller Plaza Phase I	2,638	13,241	35	2,638	13,276	_	15,914	5,436	10,478	_
Woodcroft Shopping Center	1,419	6,284	300	1,421	6,582	_	8,003	2,967	5,036	_
Woodman Van Nuy	5,500	7,195	166	5,500	7,361	_	12,861	2,713	10,148	_
Woodmen and Rangewood	7,621	11,018	416	7,621	11,434	_	19,055	7,819	11,236	_
Woodside Central	3,500	9,288	389	3,500	9,677	_	13,177	3,554	9,623	_
							_		_	
Corporately Held Assets			264	_	264	_	264	2,999	(2,735)	_
Properties in Development	(200)	1,078,886	(886,619)		192,067		192,067		192,067	
	1,264,741	3,491,039	(845,868)	1,215,659	2,694,253		3,909,912	782,749	3,127,163	473,955

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> See Item 2. Properties for geographic location and year each operating property was acquired.

See accompanying report of independent registered public accounting firm.

<sup>(2)</sup> The negative balance for costs capitalized subsequent to acquisition could include out-parcels sold, provision for loss recorded and development transfers subsequent to the initial costs.

Depreciation and amortization of the Company's investment in buildings and improvements reflected in the statements of operations is calculated over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which are up to 40 years. The aggregate cost for Federal income tax purposes was approximately \$3.4 billion at December 31, 2012.

The changes in total real estate assets for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 are as follows:

	2012	2011	2010
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 4,101,912	3,989,154	3,933,778
Developed or acquired properties	324,142	198,836	93,759
Improvements	38,005	21,727	18,772
Sale of properties	(491,438)	(92,872)	(14,503)
Provision for impairment	(62,709)	(14,933)	(42,652)
Balance, end of year	\$ 3,909,912	4,101,912	3,989,154

The changes in accumulated depreciation for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 are as follows:

	2012	2011	2010
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 791,619	700,878	622,163
Depreciation for year	104,087	107,932	99,554
Sale of properties	(104,748)	(14,101)	(2,052)
Provision for impairment	(8,209)	(3,090)	(18,787)
Balance, end of year	\$ 782,749	791,619	700,878

See accompanying report of independent registered public accounting firm.

### Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure None.

### **Item 9A. Controls and Procedures**

### **Controls and Procedures (Regency Centers Corporation)**

### Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Parent Company's management, including its chief executive officer and chief financial officer, the Parent Company conducted an evaluation of its disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). Based on this evaluation, the Parent Company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that its disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this annual report on Form 10-K to ensure information required to be disclosed in the reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time period specified in the SEC's rules and forms. These disclosure controls and procedures include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Parent Company in the reports it files or submits is accumulated and communicated to management, including its chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

### Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Parent Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f). Under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including its chief executive officer and chief financial officer, the Parent Company conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on its evaluation under the framework in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework*, the Parent Company's management concluded that its internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2012.

KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, has audited the consolidated financial statements included in this annual report on Form 10-K and, as part of their audit, has issued a report, included herein, on the effectiveness of the Parent Company's internal control over financial reporting.

The Parent Company's system of internal control over financial reporting was designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the preparation and fair presentation of published financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance and may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Changes in Internal Controls**

There have been no changes in the Parent Company's internal controls over financial reporting identified in connection with this evaluation that occurred during the fourth quarter of 2012 and that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal controls over financial reporting.

### Controls and Procedures (Regency Centers, L.P.)

### Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Operating Partnership's management, including the chief executive officer and chief financial officer of its general partner, the Operating Partnership conducted an evaluation of its disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). Based on this evaluation, the chief executive officer and chief financial officer of its general partner concluded that its disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this annual report on Form 10-K to ensure information required to be disclosed in the reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time period specified in the SEC's rules and forms. These disclosure controls and procedures include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Operating Partnership in the reports it files or submits is accumulated and communicated to management, including the chief executive officer and chief financial officer of its general partner, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

### Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Operating Partnership's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f). Under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including the chief executive officer and chief financial officer of its general partner, the Operating Partnership conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on its evaluation under the framework in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework*, the Operating Partnership's management concluded that its internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2012.

KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, has audited the consolidated financial statements included in this annual report on Form 10-K and, as part of their audit, has issued a report, included herein, on the effectiveness of the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting.

The Operating Partnership's system of internal control over financial reporting was designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the preparation and fair presentation of published financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance and may not

prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Changes in Internal Controls**

There have been no changes in the Operating Partnership's internal controls over financial reporting identified in connection with this evaluation that occurred during the fourth quarter of 2012 and that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal controls over financial reporting.

### **Item 9B. Other Information**

Not applicable

### PART III

### Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers, and Corporate Governance

Information concerning the directors of Regency is incorporated herein by reference to Regency's definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K with respect to its 2013 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Information regarding executive officers is included in Part I of this Form 10-K as permitted by General Instruction G(3).

<u>Audit Committee, Independence, Financial Experts.</u> Incorporated herein by reference to Regency's definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K with respect to its 2013 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

<u>Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act</u>. Information concerning filings under Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act by the directors or executive officers of Regency is incorporated herein by reference to Regency's definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K with respect to its 2013 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

<u>Code of Ethics.</u> We have adopted a code of ethics applicable to our Board of Directors, principal executive officers, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer and persons performing similar functions. The text of this code of ethics may be found on our web site at www.regencycenters.com. We intend to post notice of any waiver from, or amendment to, any provision of our code of ethics on our web site.

### **Item 11. Executive Compensation**

Incorporated herein by reference to Regency's definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K with respect to its 2013 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

### Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

### **Equity Compensation Plan Information**

	(a)	(b)	(c)
Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights <sup>(1)</sup>	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column <sup>(2)</sup>
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	315,924	\$ 52.39	3,058,399
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	315,924	\$ 52.39	3,058,399

<sup>(1)</sup> The weighted average exercise price excludes stock rights awards, which we sometimes refer to as unvested restricted stock.

Information about security ownership is incorporated herein by reference to Regency's definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K with respect to its 2013 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Incorporated herein by reference to Regency's definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K with respect to its 2013 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

### Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

Incorporated herein by reference to Regency's definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K with respect to its 2013 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

### PART IV

### Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

(a) Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules:

Regency Centers Corporation and Regency Centers, L.P. 2012 financial statements and financial statement schedule, together with the reports of KPMG LLP are listed on the index immediately preceding the financial statements in Item 8, Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplemental Data.

(b) Exhibits:

In reviewing the agreements included as exhibits to this report, please remember they are included to provide you with information regarding their terms and are not intended to provide any other factual or disclosure information about the Company, its subsidiaries or other parties to the agreements. The Agreements contain representations and warranties by each of the parties

<sup>(2)</sup> The Regency Centers Corporation 2011 Omnibus Incentive Plan, ("Omnibus Plan"), as approved by stockholders at our 2011 annual meeting, provides that an aggregate maximum of 4.1 million shares of our common stock are reserved for issuance under the Omnibus Plan.

to the applicable agreement. These representations and warranties have been made solely for the benefit of the other parties to the applicable agreement and:

- should not in all instances be treated as categorical statements of fact, but rather as a way of allocating the risk to one of the parties if those statements prove to be inaccurate;
- have been qualified by disclosures that were made to the other party in connection with the negotiation of the applicable agreement, which disclosures are not necessarily reflected in the agreement;
- may apply standards of materiality in a way that is different from what may be viewed as material to you or other investors; and
- were made only as of the date of the applicable agreement or such other date or dates as may be specified in the agreement and are subject to more recent developments.

Accordingly, these representations and warranties may not describe the actual state of affairs as of the date they were made or at any other time. We acknowledge that, notwithstanding the inclusion of the foregoing cautionary statements, we are responsible for considering whether additional specific disclosures of material information regarding material contractual provisions are required to make the statements in this report not misleading. Additional information about the Company may be found elsewhere in this report and the Company's other public files, which are available without charge through the SEC's website at <a href="http://www.sec.gov">http://www.sec.gov</a>.

Unless otherwise indicated below, the Commission file number to the exhibit is No. 001-12298.

### 1. Underwriting Agreement

(a) Equity Distribution Agreement (the "Wells Agreement") among the Company, Regency Centers, L.P. and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC dated August 10, 2012 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.1 to the Company's report on Form 8-K filed on August 10, 2012).

The Equity Distribution Agreements listed below are substantially identical in all material respects to the Wells Agreement except for the identities of the parties, and have not been filed as exhibits to the Company's 1934 Act reports pursuant to Instruction 2 to Item 601 of Regulation S-K:

- (i) Equity Distribution Agreement among the Company, Regency Centers, L.P. and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated dated August 10, 2012; and
- (ii) Equity Distribution Agreement among the Company, Regency Centers, L.P. and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC dated August 10, 2012.

### 3. Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws

- (a) Restated Articles of Incorporation of Regency Centers Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed on February 19, 2008).
  - (i) Amendment designating the preferences, rights and limitations of 10,000,000 shares of 6.625% Series 6 Cumulative Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Form 8-A filed on February 14, 2012).
  - (ii) Amendment designating the preferences, rights and limitations of 3,000,000 shares of 6.0% Series 7 Cumulative Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's report on Form 8-K filed on August 16, 2012).
- (b) Amended and Restated Bylaws of Regency Centers Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2(b) to the Company's Form 8-K filed on November 7, 2008).
- (c) Fourth Amended and Restated Certificate of Limited Partnership of Regency Centers, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(a) to Regency Centers, L.P.'s Form 10-K filed on March 17, 2009).
- (d) Fourth Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Regency Centers, L.P., as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(m) to the Company's Form 10-K filed on March 12, 2004).

- (i) Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership relating to 6.625% Series 6 Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's report on Form 8-K filed on February 16, 2012).
- (ii) Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership relating to 6.0% Series 7 Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's report on Form 8-K filed on August 16, 2012).

### 4. Instruments Defining Rights of Security Holders

- (a) See Exhibits 3(a) and 3(b) for provisions of the Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws of the Company defining the rights of security holders. See Exhibit 3(d) for provisions of the Partnership Agreement of Regency Centers, L.P. defining rights of security holders.
- (b) Indenture dated December 5, 2001 between Regency Centers, L.P., the guarantors named therein and First Union National Bank, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to Regency Centers, L.P.'s Form 8-K filed on December 10, 2001).
  - (i) First Supplemental Indenture dated as of June 5, 2007 among Regency Centers, L.P., the Company as guarantor and U.S. Bank National Association, as successor to Wachovia Bank, National Association (formerly known as First Union National Bank), as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Regency Centers, L.P.'s Form 8-K filed on June 5, 2007).
- (c) Indenture dated July 18, 2005 between Regency Centers, L.P., the guarantors named therein and Wachovia Bank, National Bank, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Regency Centers, L.P's registration statement on Form S-4 filed on August 5, 2005, No. 333-127274).

#### 10. Material Contracts (~ indicates management contract or compensatory plan)

- ~(a) Regency Centers Corporation Long Term Omnibus Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed on May 8, 2008).
  - ~(i) Form of Stock Rights Award Agreement pursuant to the Company's Long Term Omnibus Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(b) to the Company's Form 10-K filed on March 10, 2006).
  - ~(ii) Form of 409A Amendment to Stock Rights Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(b)(i) to the Company's Form 10-K filed on March on 17, 2009).
  - ~(iii) Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement pursuant to the Company's Long Term Omnibus Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(c) to the Company's Form 10-K filed on March 10, 2006).
  - ~(iv) Form of 409A Amendment to Stock Option Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(c)(i) to the Company's Form 10-K filed on March 17, 2009).
  - ~(v) Amended and Restated Deferred Compensation Plan dated May 6, 2003 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(k) to the Company's Form 10-K filed on March 12, 2004).
  - ~(vi) Regency Centers Corporation 2005 Deferred Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(s) to the Company's Form 8-K filed on December 21, 2004).

- ~(vii) First Amendment to Regency Centers Corporation 2005 Deferred Compensation Plan dated December 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(q)(i) to the Company's Form 10-K filed on March 10, 2006).
- ~(viii) Second Amendment to the Regency Centers Corporation Amended and Restated Deferred Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed on June 13, 2011).
- ~(ix) Third Amendment to the Regency Centers Corporation 2005 Deferred Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed on June 13, 2011).
- ~(b) Regency Centers Corporation 2011 Omnibus Plan (incorporated by reference to Annex A to the Company's 2011 Annual Meeting Proxy Statement filed on March 24, 2011).
- ~(c) Form of Director/Officer Indemnification Agreement (filed as an Exhibit to Pre-effective Amendment No. 2 to the Company's registration statement on Form S-11 filed on October 5, 1993 (33-67258), and incorporated by reference).
- ~(d) 2011 Amended and Restated Severance and Change of Control Agreement dated as of January 1, 2011 by and between the Company and Martin E. Stein, Jr. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Form 8-K filed on January 3, 2011).
- ~(e) 2011 Amended and Restated Severance and Change of Control Agreement dated as of January 1, 2011 by and between the Company and Bruce M. Johnson (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Form 8-K filed on January 3, 2011).
- ~(f) 2011 Amended and Restated Severance and Change of Control Agreement dated as of January 1, 2011 by and between the Company and Brian M. Smith (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Company's Form 8-K filed on January 3, 2011).
- (g) Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of September 7, 2011 by and among Regency Centers, , L.P., the Company, each of the financial institutions party thereto, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed on November 8, 2011).
  - (i) First Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated September 13, 2012 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed on November 9, 2012).
- (h) Term Loan Agreement dated as of November 17, 2011 by and among Regency Centers, L.P., the Company, each of the financial institutions party thereto and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-K filed on February 29, 2012).
  - (i) First Amendment to Term Loan Agreement dated as of June 19, 2012.
  - (ii) Second Amendment to Term Loan Agreement dated as of December 19, 2012.
- (i) Second Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of Macquarie CountryWide-Regency II, LLC dated as of July 31, 2009 by and among Global Retail Investors, LLC, Regency Centers, L.P. and Macquarie CountryWide (US) No. 2 LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed on November 6, 2009).
  - (i) Amendment No. 1 to Second Amended and Restate Limited Liability Company Agreement of GRI-Regency, LLC (formerly Macquarie CountryWide-Regency II, LLC).
- (j) Limited Partnership Agreement dated as of December 21, 2006 of RRP Operating, LP (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(u) to the Company's Form 10-K filed on February 27, 2007).

(k) Equity Distribution Agreement among the Company, the Operating Partnership and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC dated August 10, 2012 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K filed on August 10, 2012).

### 12. Computation of ratios

- 12.1 Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges
- 21. Subsidiaries of Regency Centers Corporation.
- 23. Consents of Independent Accountants
  - 23.1 Consent of KPMG LLP for Regency Centers Corporation.
  - 23.2 Consent of KPMG LLP for Regency Centers, L.P.
- 31. Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications.
  - 31.1 Rule 13a-14 Certification of Chief Executive Officer for Regency Centers Corporation.
  - 31.2 Rule 13a-14 Certification of Chief Financial Officer for Regency Centers Corporation.
  - 31.3 Rule 13a-14 Certification of Chief Executive Officer for Regency Centers, L.P.
  - 31.4 Rule 13a-14 Certification of Chief Financial Officer for Regency Centers, L.P.
- 32. Section 1350 Certifications.

The certifications in this exhibit 32 are being furnished solely to accompany this report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, and are not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and are not to be incorporated by reference into any of the Company's filings, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

- 32.1 18 U.S.C. § 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer for Regency Centers Corporation.
- 32.2 18 U.S.C. § 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer for Regency Centers Corporation.
- 32.3 18 U.S.C. § 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer for Regency Centers, L.P.
- 32.4 18 U.S.C. § 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer for Regency Centers, L.P.
- 101. Interactive Data Files
  - 101.INS+ XBRL Instance Document
  - 101.SCH+ XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
  - 101.CAL+ XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
  - 101.DEF+ XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document
  - 101.LAB+ XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
  - 101.PRE+ XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

<sup>+</sup> Submitted electronically with this Annual Report

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

March 1, 2013

### REGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Martin E. Stein, Jr.

Martin E. Stein. Jr., Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

March 1, 2013

### REGENCY CENTERS, L.P.

By: Regency Centers Corporation, General Partner

By: /s/ Martin E. Stein, Jr.

Martin E. Stein. Jr., Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

March 1, 2013	/s/ Martin E. Stein, Jr. Martin E. Stein. Jr., Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer
March 1, 2013	/s/ Brian M. Smith Brian M. Smith, President, Chief Operating Officer and Director
March 1, 2013	/s/ Lisa Palmer Lisa Palmer, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer (Principal
March 1, 2013	Financial Officer), and Director  /s/ J. Christian Leavitt
March 1, 2013	J. Christian Leavitt, Senior Vice President and Treasurer (Principal Accounting Officer)
March 1, 2013	/s/ Raymond L. Bank Raymond L. Bank, Director
March 1, 2013	/s/ C. Ronald Blankenship C. Ronald Blankenship, Director
March 1, 2013	/s/ A.R. Carpenter A.R. Carpenter, Director
March 1, 2013	/s/ J. Dix Druce J. Dix Druce, Director
March 1, 2013	/s/ Mary Lou Fiala Mary Lou Fiala, Director
March 1, 2013	/s/ David P. O'Connor David P. O'Connor, Director
	/s/ Douglas S. Luke Douglas S. Luke, Director
March 1, 2013	/s/ John C. Schweitzer John C. Schweitzer, Director
March 1, 2013	/s/ Thomas G. Wattles Thomas G. Wattles, Director

#### FIRST AMENDMENT TO TERM LOAN AGREEMENT

This FIRST AMENDMENT TO TERM LOAN AGREEMENT (this "Amendment") dated as of June 19, 2012, by and among REGENCY CENTERS, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "Borrower"), REGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION, a Florida corporation (the "Parent"), each of the Lenders, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent (together with its successors and assigns, the "Administrative Agent") for the Lenders.

WHEREAS, the Borrower, the Parent, the Lenders, the Administrative Agent and certain other parties have entered into that certain Term Loan Agreement dated as of November 17, 2011 (as in effect immediately prior to the effectiveness of this Amendment, the "Credit Agreement"), and desire to amend certain provisions of the Credit Agreement on the terms and conditions contained herein;

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged by the parties hereto, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

Section 1. <u>Amendment to Credit Agreement</u>. The Loan Agreement is amended by restating the definition of "Delayed Draw Availability Period" set forth in Section 1.1. in its entirety as follows:

"Delayed Draw Availability Period" means the period from the Initial Funding Date until the earlier of (i) January 11, 2013, and (ii) the date that the aggregate amount of Delayed Draw Term Loans funded since the Initial Funding Date equal the initial aggregate amount of the Delayed Draw TL Commitments of all Lenders.

- Section 2. <u>Conditions Precedent</u>. The effectiveness of this Amendment is subject to receipt by the Administrative Agent of each of the following, each in form and substance satisfactory to the Administrative Agent:
  - (a) A counterpart of this Amendment duly executed by the Borrower, the Administrative Agent and each of the Lenders;
  - (b) An Acknowledgement substantially in the form of Exhibit A attached hereto, executed by each Guarantor; and
  - (c) Such other documents, instruments and agreements as the Administrative Agent may reasonably request.

Section 3. Representations. The Borrower and Parent represent and warrant to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders that:

- (a) <u>Authorization</u>. Each of the Borrower and the Parent has the right and power, and has taken all necessary action to authorize it, to execute and deliver this Amendment and to perform its obligations hereunder and under the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, in accordance with their respective terms. This Amendment has been duly executed and delivered by a duly authorized officer of the Borrower and the Parent and each of this Amendment and the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, is a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Borrower and the Parent enforceable against the Borrower and the Parent in accordance with its respective terms except as (i) the enforceability thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally and (ii) the availability of equitable remedies may be limited by equitable principles of general applicability.
- (b) <u>Compliance with Laws, etc.</u> The execution and delivery by each of the Borrower and the Parent of this Amendment and the performance by the Borrower and the Parent of this Amendment and the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, in accordance with their respective terms, do not and will not, by the passage of time, the giving of notice or otherwise: (i) require any Governmental Approval or violate any Applicable Law (including Environmental Laws) relating to the Borrower or any other Loan Party; (ii) conflict with, result in a breach of or constitute a default under the organizational documents of Borrower, Parent, or any other Loan Party, or any indenture, agreement or other instrument to which the Borrower, Parent, or any other Loan Party is a party or by which it or any of its properties may be bound; or (iii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any Lien upon or with respect to any property now owned or hereafter acquired by the Borrower, Parent, or any other Loan Party.
- (c) <u>No Default</u>. No Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing as of the date hereof or will exist immediately after giving effect to this Amendment.

- Section 4. <u>Reaffirmation of Representations by Borrower and Parent</u>. Each of the Borrower and the Parent hereby repeats and reaffirms all representations and warranties made by the Borrower and the Parent and the other Loan Parties to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders in the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents on and as of the date hereof with the same force and effect as if such representations and warranties were set forth in this Amendment in full.
- Section 5. <u>Certain References</u>. Each reference to the Credit Agreement in any of the Loan Documents shall be deemed to be a reference to the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment.
- Section 6. <u>Expenses</u>. The Borrower shall reimburse the Administrative Agent upon demand for all costs and expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by the Administrative Agent in connection with the preparation, negotiation and execution of this Amendment and the other agreements and documents executed and delivered in connection herewith.
- Section 7. <u>Benefits</u>. This Amendment shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.
- Section 8. <u>GOVERNING LAW</u>. THIS AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK APPLICABLE TO CONTRACTS EXECUTED, AND TO BE FULLY PERFORMED, IN SUCH STATE.
- Section 9. <u>Effect</u>. Except as expressly herein amended, the terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents remain in full force and effect. The amendments contained herein shall be deemed to have prospective application only from the date as of which this Amendment is dated, unless otherwise specifically stated herein.
- Section 10. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and shall be binding upon all parties, their successors and assigns.
- Section 11. <u>Definitions</u>. All capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein are used herein with the respective definitions given them in the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment.

[Signatures on Next Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this First Amendment to Term Loan Agreement to be executed as of the date first above written.

### BORROWER:

Regency Centers, L.P.

By: Regency Centers Corporation, its sole general partner

By: /s/ Andre N. Koleszar Name: Andre N. Koleszar Title: Vice President - Regional Officer

### PARENT:

Regency Centers Corporation

By: /s/ Andre N. Koleszar Name: Andre N. Koleszar

Title: Vice President - Regional Officer

[Signatures Continued on Next Page]

### [Signature Page to First Amendment to Term Loan Agreement for Regency Centers, L.P.]

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent and as a Lender

By: /s/ Andrew W. Hussion Name: Andrew W. Hussion Title: Vice President

### [Signature Page to First Amendment to Term Loan Agreement for Regency Centers, L.P.]

PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Ken Carl Name: Ken Carl

Title: Senior Vice President

[Signatures Continued on Next Page]

### [Signature Page to First Amendment to Term Loan Agreement for Regency Centers, L.P.]

REGIONS BANK, as a Lender

By: /s/ Paul E. Burgan Name: Paul E. Burgan Title: Vice President

[Signatures Continued on Next Page]

SUNTRUST BANK, as a Lender

By: /s/ *Nancy B. Richards*Name: Nancy B. Richards
Title: Senior Vice President

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Joseph Hord Name: Joseph Hord Title: Vice President

THE BANK OF TOKYO-MITSUBISHI UFJ, LTD., as a Lender

By: /s/ Charles Stewart Name: Charles Stewart Title: Director

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Michael W. Edwards Name: Michael W. Edwards Title: Senior Vice President

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Mohammad S. Hasan Name: Mohammad S. Hasan Title: Vice President

ROYAL BANK OF CANADA, as a Lender

By: /s/ Dan LePage Name: Dan LePage Title: Authorized Signatory

SUMITOMO MITSUI BANKING CORPORATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ William G. Karl Name: William G. Karl Title: General Manager

COMERICA BANK, as a Lender

By: /s/ Michael T. Shea Name: Michael T. Shea Title: Vice President

#### EXHIBIT A

#### FORM OF GUARANTOR ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

THIS GUARANTOR ACKNOWLEDGEMENT dated as of June 19, 2012 (this "Acknowledgement") executed by each of the undersigned (the "Guarantors") in favor of Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent (the "Administrative Agent"), and each "Lender" a party to the Credit Agreement referred to below (the "Lenders").

WHEREAS, Regency Centers, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "Borrower"), Regency Centers Corporation, a Florida corporation (the "Parent"), the Lenders, the Administrative Agent and certain other parties have entered into that certain Term Loan Agreement dated as of November 17, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Credit Agreement");

WHEREAS, each of the Guarantors is a party to that certain Guaranty dated as of November 17, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Guaranty") pursuant to which they guarantied, among other things, the Borrower's obligations under the Credit Agreement on the terms and conditions contained in the Guaranty;

WHEREAS, the Borrower, the Parent, the Administrative Agent and the Lenders are to enter into a First Amendment to Term Loan Agreement dated as of the date hereof (the "Amendment"), to amend the terms of the Credit Agreement on the terms and conditions contained therein; and

WHEREAS, it is a condition precedent to the effectiveness of the Amendment that the Guarantors execute and deliver this Acknowledgement;

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged by the parties hereto, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- Section 1. <u>Reaffirmation</u>. Each Guarantor hereby reaffirms its continuing obligations to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders under the Guaranty and agrees that the transactions contemplated by the Amendment shall not in any way affect the validity and enforceability of the Guaranty, or reduce, impair or discharge the obligations of such Guarantor thereunder.
- Section 2. <u>Governing Law</u>. THIS ACKNOWLEDGEMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK APPLICABLE TO CONTRACTS EXECUTED, AND TO BE FULLY PERFORMED, IN SUCH STATE.
- Section 3. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Acknowledgement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and shall be binding upon all parties, their successors and assigns.

[Signatures on Next Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, each Guarantor has duly executed and delivered this Guarantor Acknowledgement as of the date and year first written above.

#### REGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Andre N. Koleszar Name: Andre N. Koleszar

Title: Vice President - Regional Officer

#### Second AMENDMENT TO TERM LOAN AGREEMENT

This Second AMENDMENT TO TERM LOAN AGREEMENT (this "Amendment") dated as of December 19, 2012, by and among REGENCY CENTERS, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "Borrower"), REGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION, a Florida corporation (the "Parent"), each of the Lenders, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent (together with its successors and assigns, the "Administrative Agent") for the Lenders.

WHEREAS, the Borrower, the Parent, the Lenders, the Administrative Agent and certain other parties have entered into that certain Term Loan Agreement dated as of November 17, 2011 (as amended from time to time and as in effect immediately prior to the effectiveness of this Amendment, the "Credit Agreement"), and desire to amend certain provisions of the Credit Agreement on the terms and conditions contained herein;

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged by the parties hereto, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

Section 1. <u>Amendment to Credit Agreement</u>. The Loan Agreement is amended by restating the definition of "Delayed Draw Availability Period" set forth in Section 1.1. in its entirety as follows:

"Delayed Draw Availability Period" means the period from the Initial Funding Date until the earlier of (i) June 11, 2013, and (ii) the date that the aggregate amount of Delayed Draw Term Loans funded since the Initial Funding Date equal the initial aggregate amount of the Delayed Draw TL Commitments of all Lenders.

- Section 2. <u>Conditions Precedent</u>. The effectiveness of this Amendment is subject to receipt by the Administrative Agent of each of the following, each in form and substance satisfactory to the Administrative Agent:
  - (a) A counterpart of this Amendment duly executed by the Borrower, the Administrative Agent and each of the Lenders;
  - (b) An Acknowledgement substantially in the form of Exhibit A attached hereto, executed by each Guarantor; and
  - (c) Such other documents, instruments and agreements as the Administrative Agent may reasonably request.

Section 3. Representations. The Borrower and Parent represent and warrant to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders that:

- (a) <u>Authorization</u>. Each of the Borrower and the Parent has the right and power, and has taken all necessary action to authorize it, to execute and deliver this Amendment and to perform its obligations hereunder and under the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, in accordance with their respective terms. This Amendment has been duly executed and delivered by a duly authorized officer of the Borrower and the Parent and each of this Amendment and the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, is a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Borrower and the Parent enforceable against the Borrower and the Parent in accordance with its respective terms except as (i) the enforceability thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally and (ii) the availability of equitable remedies may be limited by equitable principles of general applicability.
- (b) <u>Compliance with Laws, etc.</u> The execution and delivery by each of the Borrower and the Parent of this Amendment and the performance by the Borrower and the Parent of this Amendment and the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, in accordance with their respective terms, do not and will not, by the passage of time, the giving of notice or otherwise: (i) require any Governmental Approval or violate any Applicable Law (including Environmental Laws) relating to the Borrower or any other Loan Party; (ii) conflict with, result in a breach of or constitute a default under the organizational documents of Borrower, Parent, or any other Loan Party, or any indenture, agreement or other instrument to which the Borrower, Parent, or any other Loan Party is a party or by which it or any of its properties may be bound; or (iii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any Lien upon or with respect to any property now owned or hereafter acquired by the Borrower, Parent, or any other Loan Party.
- (c) <u>No Default</u>. No Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing as of the date hereof or will exist immediately after giving effect to this Amendment.

- Section 4. <u>Reaffirmation of Representations by Borrower and Parent</u>. Each of the Borrower and the Parent hereby repeats and reaffirms all representations and warranties made by the Borrower and the Parent and the other Loan Parties to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders in the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents on and as of the date hereof with the same force and effect as if such representations and warranties were set forth in this Amendment in full.
- Section 5. <u>Certain References</u>. Each reference to the Credit Agreement in any of the Loan Documents shall be deemed to be a reference to the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment.
- Section 6. <u>Expenses</u>. The Borrower shall reimburse the Administrative Agent upon demand for all costs and expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by the Administrative Agent in connection with the preparation, negotiation and execution of this Amendment and the other agreements and documents executed and delivered in connection herewith.
- Section 7. <u>Benefits</u>. This Amendment shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.
- Section 8. <u>GOVERNING LAW</u>. THIS AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK APPLICABLE TO CONTRACTS EXECUTED, AND TO BE FULLY PERFORMED, IN SUCH STATE.
- Section 9. <u>Effect</u>. Except as expressly herein amended, the terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents remain in full force and effect. The amendments contained herein shall be deemed to have prospective application only from the date as of which this Amendment is dated, unless otherwise specifically stated herein.
- Section 10. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and shall be binding upon all parties, their successors and assigns.
- Section 11. <u>Definitions</u>. All capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein are used herein with the respective definitions given them in the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment.

[Signatures on Next Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Second Amendment to Term Loan Agreement to be executed as of the date first above written.

BORROWER:

Regency Centers, L.P.

By: Regency Centers Corporation, its sole general partner

By: /s/ Bradley A. Parks Name: Bradley A. Parks Title: Vice President

PARENT:

Regency Centers Corporation

By: /s/ Bradley A. Parks Name: Bradley A. Parks Title: Vice President

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent and as a Lender

By: /s/ Andrew W. Hussion Name: Andrew W. Hussion Title: Vice President

PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Ken Carl Name: Ken Carl

Title: Senior Vice President

REGIONS BANK, as a Lender

By: /s/ Paul E. Burgan Name: Paul E. Burgan Title: Vice President

SUNTRUST BANK, as a Lender

By: /s/ Nancy B. Richards Name: Nancy B. Richards Title: Senior Vice President

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Joseph Hord Name: Joseph Hord Title: Vice President

UNION BANK, N.A. as a Lender

By: /s/ Mark Dunn Name: Mark Dunn Title: Vice President

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Asad Rafiq Name: Asad Rafiq Title: Vice President

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Mohammad S. Hasan Name: Mohammad S. Hasan Title: Vice President

ROYAL BANK OF CANADA, as a Lender

By: /s/ Dan LePage Name: Dan LePage Title: Authorized Signatory

SUMITOMO MITSUI BANKING CORPORATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ William G. Karl Name: William G. Karl Title: General Manager

COMERICA BANK, as a Lender

By: /s/ Michael T. Shea Name: Michael T. Shea Title: Vice President

#### **EXHIBIT A**

#### FORM OF GUARANTOR ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

THIS GUARANTOR ACKNOWLEDGEMENT dated as of June 19, 2012 (this "Acknowledgement") executed by each of the undersigned (the "Guarantors") in favor of Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent (the "Administrative Agent"), and each "Lender" a party to the Credit Agreement referred to below (the "Lenders").

WHEREAS, Regency Centers, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "Borrower"), Regency Centers Corporation, a Florida corporation (the "Parent"), the Lenders, the Administrative Agent and certain other parties have entered into that certain Term Loan Agreement dated as of November 17, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Credit Agreement");

WHEREAS, each of the Guarantors is a party to that certain Guaranty dated as of November 17, 2011 (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Guaranty") pursuant to which they guarantied, among other things, the Borrower's obligations under the Credit Agreement on the terms and conditions contained in the Guaranty;

WHEREAS, the Borrower, the Parent, the Administrative Agent and the Lenders are to enter into a Second Amendment to Term Loan Agreement dated as of the date hereof (the "Amendment"), to amend the terms of the Credit Agreement on the terms and conditions contained therein; and

WHEREAS, it is a condition precedent to the effectiveness of the Amendment that the Guarantors execute and deliver this Acknowledgement;

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged by the parties hereto, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- Section 1. <u>Reaffirmation</u>. Each Guarantor hereby reaffirms its continuing obligations to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders under the Guaranty and agrees that the transactions contemplated by the Amendment shall not in any way affect the validity and enforceability of the Guaranty, or reduce, impair or discharge the obligations of such Guarantor thereunder.
- Section 2. <u>Governing Law</u>. THIS ACKNOWLEDGEMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK APPLICABLE TO CONTRACTS EXECUTED, AND TO BE FULLY PERFORMED, IN SUCH STATE.
- Section 3. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Acknowledgement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and shall be binding upon all parties, their successors and assigns.

[Signatures on Next Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, each Guarantor has duly executed and delivered this Guarantor Acknowledgement as of the date and year first written above.

#### REGENCY CENTERS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Bradley A. Parks Name: Bradley A. Parks Title: Vice President

#### Regency Centers Corporation and Regency Centers, L.P. Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges (in thousands)

Year Ended December 31,

	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Fixed Coverage Ratio:					
Add: pre-tax income from continuing operations before adjustment for income or loss from equity investees and noncontrolling interests in consolidated subsidiaries	\$ (7,920)	41,099	15,650	(14,939)	123,963
Add: fixed charges	143,851	153,648	158,560	157,888	159,192
Add: distributed income of equity investees	44,809	43,361	41,054	31,252	30,730
Subtract: capitalized interest	(3,686)	(1,480)	(5,099)	(19,062)	(36,511)
Subtract: preferred stock dividends / preferred unit distributions	(23,658)	(23,400)	(23,400)	(23,400)	(23,400)
Subtract: noncontrolling interest in pre-tax income of subsidiaries that have not incurred fixed charges	(112)	(55)	(66)	(59)	(41)
Earnings	\$ 153,284	213,173	186,699	131,680	253,933
Fixed Charge Data:					
Interest expensed and capitalized	\$ 114,198	124,707	129,837	128,551	131,009
Amortized premiums, discounts and capitalized expenses related to indebtedness	3,292	2,860	2,957	3,517	2,981
Estimate of the interest within rental expense	2,702	2,680	2,366	2,420	1,802
Preferred stock dividends / preferred unit distributions	23,658	23,400	23,400	23,400	23,400
Total fixed charges	\$ 143,850	153,647	158,560	157,888	159,192
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges	1.1	1.4	1.2	8.0	(1) 1.6

<sup>(1)</sup> The Company's ratio of earnings to fixed charges was deficient in 2009 by \$26.2 million in earnings, due to significant non-cash charges for impairment of real estate investments of \$97.5 million,

Entity	Jurisdiction	Owner(s)	Nature of Interest	% of Ownership
legency Centers, L.P.	Delaware	Regency Centers Corporation Outside Investors	General Partner Limited Partners	99.0% 1.0%
ЛСW-RC FL-Anastasia, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
MCW-RC FL-King's, LLC (fka MCW- CC Florida, LLC)	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
ACW-RC FL-Shoppes at 104, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
исw-RC GA-Howell Mill Village, LL	C Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
MCD-RC CA-Amerige, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
MCD-RC El Cerrito Holdings, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
ACD-RC CA-El Cerrito, LLC	Delaware	MCD-RC El Cerrito Holdings, LLC	Member	100%
EG8 Member, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
EG8 Tassajara Crossing, LLC	Delaware	REG8 Member, LLC	Member	100%
EG8 Plaza Hermosa, LLC	Delaware	REG8 Member, LLC	Member	100%
EG8 Sequoia Station, LLC	Delaware	REG8 Member, LLC	Member	100%
EEG8 Mockingbird Commons, LLC	Delaware	REG8 Member, LLC	Member	100%
EG8 Sterling Ridge, LLC	Delaware	REG8 Member, LLC	Member	100%
EG8 Prestonbrook Crossing, LLC	Delaware	REG8 Member, LLC	Member	100%
EG8 Wellington, LLC	Delaware	REG8 Member, LLC	Member	100%
EEG8 Berkshire Commons, LLC	Delaware	REG8 Member, LLC	Member	100%
L-Corkscrew Village Member, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
L-Corkscrew Village, LLC	Delaware	FL-Corkscrew Village Member, LLC	Member	100%
L-Crossroads Shopping Center Membe LC	er, Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
L-Crossroads Shopping Center, LLC	Delaware	FL-Crossroads Shopping Center Member, LLC	Member	100%
L-Naples Walk Shopping Center Member, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
L-Naples Walk Shopping Center, LLC	Delaware	FL-Naples Walk Shopping Center Member, LLC	Member	100%
L-Northgate Square Member, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
L-Northgate Square, LLC	Delaware	FL-Northgate Square Member, LLC	Member	100%
S Regency Partners, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P. 4S Ranch Company 1700, L.P.	Member Member	80% 20%
alba Village Regency, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P. Northgate Center Phase I, LLC	Member Member	Interests Vary

Entity	Jurisdiction	Owner(s)	Nature of Interest	% of Ownership
Applegate Ranch, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Beacon Lakes Marketplace, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Belleview Square, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Bridges Insurance Company	South Carolina	Regency Centers, L.P.	Shareholder	100%
Buckwalter Bluffton, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Clayton Valley Shopping Center, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Colonnade Regency, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Corvallis Market Center, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Deer Springs Town Center, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Fairfax Regency, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P. J. Donegan Company	Member Member	Varies
Fairhope, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Fortuna Regency Phase II, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
FV Commons, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Gateway Azco GP, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Gateway Azco LP, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
AZCO Partners	Pennsylvania	Gateway Azco Partners GP, LLC Gateway Azco LP, LLC	General Partner Limited Partner	1% 99%
Gateway Azco Manager, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Glen Oak Glenview, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Glenview-REG, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Grand Ridge Plaza I, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Grand Ridge Plaza II, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Hasley Canyon Village, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Hibernia North, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Hickory Creek Plaza, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Hoadly Regency, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Indian Springs GP, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Indio Jackson, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Lee Regency, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
The Marketplace at Briargate, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Menifee Marketplace, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Merrimack Shopping Center, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Murfreesboro North, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Murieta Gardens Shopping Center, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
NSHE Winnebago, LLC	Arizona	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
NTC-REG, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
New Smyrna Regency, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%

Entity	Jurisdiction	Owner(s)	Nature of Interest	% of Ownership
New Windsor Marketplace, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Northlake Village Shopping Center, LLC	Florida	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Otay Mesa Crossing, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Regency Centers Acquisitions, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Regency Centers Advisors, LLC	Florida	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
RC CA Santa Barbara, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
RC Georgia Holdings, LLC	Georgia	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Red Bank Village, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Regency Alliance Santa Rosa	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Regency Centers Georgia, L.P.	Georgia	RC Georgia Holdings, LLC Regency Centers, L.P.	General Partner Limited Partner	1% 99%
Regency Blue Ash, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Regency Cahan Clovis, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Regency Lending, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Regency Magi, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Regency Marinta-LaQuinta, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P. Marinita Development Co.	Member Member	Interest Varies
Regency Opitz, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Regency Petaluma, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Regency Remediation, LLC	Florida	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Sandy Springs Regency, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Shops at Saugus, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Signature Plaza, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Spring Hill Town Center, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
T&M Shiloh Development Company	Texas	Regency Centers, L.P.	General Partner	100%
Twin City Plaza Member, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Twin City Plaza, LLC	Delaware	Twin City Plaza Member, LLC	Member	100%
Uptown Member, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Uptown District Regency, LLC	Delaware	Uptown Member, LLC	Member	100%
Valleydale, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Wadsworth, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
DJB No. 23, L.P.	Texas	Wadsworth, LLC Regency Centers, L.P.	General Partner Limited Partner	1% 99%
Walton Town Center, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
Waterside Marketplace, LLC	Delaware	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
RRG Holdings, LLC	Florida	Regency Centers, L.P.	Member	100%
		Regency Centers, L.P.	Preferred Stock Common Stock	100% 7%
Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Florida	RRG Holdings, LLC	Common Stock	93%
1488-2978 SC GP, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%

Entity	Jurisdiction	Owner(s)	Nature of Interest	% of Ownership
1488-2978 SC, L.P.	Texas	1488-2978 SC GP, LLC Regency Realty Group, Inc.	General Partner Limited Partner	1% 99%
Alameda Bridgeside Shopping Center,		3 3 1		
LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Amherst Street Shopping Center, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group	Member	100%
Bordeaux Development, LLC	Florida	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Caligo Crossing, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Castaic Vine, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Cathedral City Rio Vista Town Centre, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Chestnut Powder, LLC	Georgia	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Culpeper Regency, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Dixon, LLC	Florida	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
East Towne Center, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc. Lake McLeod, LLC	Member Member	Interests Vary
Edmunson Orange Corp.	Tennessee	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Common Stock	100%
Edmunson Orange North Carolina, LLC	Delaware	Edmunson Orange Corp.	Member	100%
VP101, LLC	Delaware	Edmunson Orange Corp.	Member	100%
Gateway 101, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Hanover Northampton GP, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Hanover Northampton LP Holding, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Hanover Northampton Partner, LP	Delaware	Hanover Northampton LP Holding, LLC Regency Realty Group, Inc.	General Partner Limited Partner	0% 100%
Hanover Northampton Retail, LP	Delaware	Hanover Northampton GP, LLC Hanover Northampton Partner, LP	General Partner Limited Partner	.5% 99.5%
Hermitage Development II, LLC	Florida	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Jog Road, LLC	Florida	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member Member	50% 50%
Southland Centers II, LLC	Florida	Jog Road, LLC	Member	100%
Kulpsville Village Center LP, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Kulpsville Village Center, LP	Delaware	Kulpsville Village Center LP, LLC Regency Realty Group, Inc.	General Partner Limited Partner	.5% 99.5%
Lonestar Retail, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Loveland Shopping Center, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Lower Nazareth LP Holding, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Lower Nazareth Partner, LP	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc. Lower Nazareth LP Holding, LLC	Limited Partner General Partner	100% 0%

Lower Nazareth CP, LLC Lower Nazareth CP, LLC Lower Nazareth CP, LLC Lower Nazareth Partner, LP Limited Partner 195,% Lower Nazareth II LP Holding, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Lower Nazareth II LP Holding, LLC Lower Nazareth II GP, LLC Lower Nazareth II	Entity	Jurisdiction	Owner(s)	Nature of Interest	% of Ownership
Lower Nazareth Commons, LP Lower Nazareth Partner, LP Lower Nazareth II LP Holding, LLC Lower Nazareth II LP Holding, LLC Lower Nazareth II Partner, LP Lower Nazareth II Partner, LP Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Lower Nazareth II Partner, LP Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Lower Nazareth II Partner, LP Lower Nazareth II GP, LLC Lower Nazareth I	Lower Nazareth GP, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Lower Nazareth II Partner, LP Delaware   Lower Nazareth II LP Holding, LLC   General Partner   100%   Lower Nazareth II GP, LLC   Delaware   Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   Lower Nazareth Commons II, LP   Delaware   Lower Nazareth II GP, LLC   General Partner   5.5%   Lower Nazareth Commons II, LP   Delaware   Lower Nazareth II GP, LLC   General Partner   9.9.5%   Lower Nazareth Commons II, LP   Delaware   Lower Nazareth II GP, LLC   General Partner   9.9.5%   Lower Nazareth Commons II, LP   Delaware   Lower Nazareth II GP, LLC   General Partner   9.9.5%   Lower Nazareth Commons II, LP   Delaware   Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Common Stock   100%   Marietta Outparcel, Inc.   Georgia   Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   Middle Crenessee Development, LLC   Delaware   Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   Middle Service, LLC   Delaware   Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   Mountain Meadow, LLC   Delaware   Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   Mountain Meadow, LLC   Delaware   Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   NorthGate Regency, LLC   Delaware   Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   NorthGate Regency, LLC   Delaware   Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   Raz Media, LLC   Delaware   Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   Raz Media, LLC   Florida   Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   Ragency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   Ragency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   Sharbour GP, LLC   Delaware   Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   Sharbour GP, LLC   Delaware   Regency Realty Group, Inc.   Member   100%   Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC   General	Lower Nazareth Commons, LP	Delaware			
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Regency/PGM-Burkitt, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Snowden Leftwich  Common Stock  Common Stock  Regency Realty Group-NE, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Common Stock  100%  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  SS Harbour GP, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  SS Harbour GP, LLC  General Partner  1%  SS Harbour, L.P.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Seminole Shoppes, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Reatly Group, Inc.  Member  50%  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Shops at Highland Village Development, Ltd.  Texas  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Shops at Quail Creek, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Slausen Central, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stanley Bernal, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stanley Bernal, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stanley Bernal, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stanley Bernal, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stanley Bernal, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stanley Bernal, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stanley Bernal, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stanley Bernal, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stanley Bernal, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%					
Regency/PGM-Burkitt, LLC  Regency Realty Group, Inc Snowden Leftwich Gommon Stock Regency Realty Group, Inc Snowden Leftwich Regency Realty Group, Inc Regency Realty Group-NE, Inc.  Regency Realty Group-NE, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc. Regency Realty Group-NE, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  SS Harbour GP, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  SS Harbour, L.P.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  SS Harbour, L.P.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member 100%  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member 100%  Shops at Highland Village Development, Ltd.  Texas Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Shops at Highland Village Development, Ltd.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Shops at Highland Village Development, Ltd.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member 100%  Shops at Quail Creek, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member 100%  Shops at Quail Creek, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member 100%  State Street Crossing, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member 100%  State Street Crossing, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100%  State Street Crossing, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100%	Tate Titt, BEC	1101100			10070
Regency Realty Colorado, Inc.  Regency Realty Group-NE, Inc.  Regency Solar, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  SS Harbour GP, LLC  SS Harbour, L.P.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  SS Harbour, L.P.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  SS Harbour, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  SS Harbour, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  50%  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Shops at Highland Village Development, Ltd.  Texas  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  General Partner  100%  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  General Partner  100%  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  General Partner  100%  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  General Partner  100%  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  General Partner  100%  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  General Partner  100%  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  General Partner  100%  Shops at Quail Creek, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Slausen Central, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  State Street Crossing, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  State Street Crossing, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%	Regency/PGM-Burkitt, LLC	Delaware			Interests Vary
Regency Realty Group-NE, Inc.  Florida  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  SS Harbour GP, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  SS Harbour, L.P.  Texas  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  SS Harbour, L.P.  Texas  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  50%  Seminole Shoppes, LLC  Delaware  M&P Shopping Centers  Member  50%  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Shops at Highland Village Development, Ltd.  Texas  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Shops at Quail Creek, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Shops at Quail Creek, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Slausen Central, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stanley Bernal, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  State Street Crossing, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stonewall Regency, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stonewall Regency, LLC  Delaware  Regency Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%	Regency Realty Colorado, Inc.	Florida	Snowden Leftwich		
Regency Solar, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  SS Harbour GP, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  SS Harbour, L.P.  Texas  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  1%  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  50%  Regency Reatly Group, Inc.  Member  50%  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  50%  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Shops at Highland Village Development, Ltd.  Texas  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Shops at Quail Creek, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Slausen Central, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stanley Bernal, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  State Street Crossing, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stonewall Regency, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stonewall Regency, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%	- · ·	Florida	,	Common Stock	100%
SS Harbour GP, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  SS Harbour, L.P.  Texas  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  50%  Seminole Shoppes, LLC  Delaware  M&P Shopping Centers  Member  100%  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Shops at Highland Village Development, Ltd.  Texas  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  General Partner  100%  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  General Partner		Delaware		Member	100%
SS Harbour GP, LLC Seminole Shoppes, LLC Shoppes, LLC Seminole Shoppes, LLC Sh	SS Harbour GP, LLC	Delaware		Member	100%
Seminole Shoppes, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Shops at Highland Village Development, Ltd.  Texas  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Shops at Quail Creek, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Shops at Quail Creek, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  Stanley Bernal, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  State Street Crossing, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  State Street Crossing, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  State Street Crossing, LLC  Delaware  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%  State Street Crossing, LLC  Regency Realty Group, Inc.  Member  100%	SS Harbour, L.P.	Texas	SS Harbour GP, LLC		
Shops at Highland Village Development, Ltd. Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC General Partner 1% Ltdl. Texas Regency Realty Group, Inc. Limited Partner 99% Shops at Quail Creek, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% Slausen Central, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% Stanley Bernal, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% State Street Crossing, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% State Street Crossing, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% Stonewall Regency, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% Stonewall Regency, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100%	Seminole Shoppes, LLC	Delaware			
Ltd. Texas Regency Realty Group, Inc. Limited Partner 99% Shops at Quail Creek, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% Slausen Central, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% Stanley Bernal, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% State Street Crossing, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% Stonewall Regency, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100%	Shops at Highland Village GP, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Slausen Central, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% Stanley Bernal, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% State Street Crossing, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% Stonewall Regency, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100%	Shops at Highland Village Development, Ltd.				
Stanley Bernal, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% State Street Crossing, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% Stonewall Regency, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100%	Shops at Quail Creek, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
State Street Crossing, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100% Stonewall Regency, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100%	Slausen Central, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Stonewall Regency, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100%	Stanley Bernal, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
	State Street Crossing, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
Summerville-Orangeburg, LLC Delaware Regency Realty Group, Inc. Member 100%	Stonewall Regency, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%
	Summerville-Orangeburg, LLC	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%

			Nature of	% of
Entity	Jurisdiction	Owner(s)	Interest	Ownership
RRG Pennsylvania GP, Inc.	Florida	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Common Stock	100%
	_ ,	RRG Pennsylvania GP, Inc.	General Partner	.5%
Swatara Marketplace LP	Delaware	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Limited Partner	99.5%
West End Properties, LLC	Florida	Regency Realty Group, Inc.	Member	100%

Note 1: Snowden Leftwich is a Regency employee who is the licensed broker for this entity. Colorado requires that the broker must own a minimum of 20% of the equity in a licensed entity.

#### **Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

The Board of Directors Regency Centers Corporation:

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statement (No. 333-930, No. 333-52089, No. 333-44724, No. 333-114567, No. 333-125858, and No. 333-125913) on Form S-3 and (No. 333-174535) on Form S-3ASR and (No. 333-24971, No. 333-55062, No. 333-125857, and No. 333-149872) on Form S-8 of Regency Centers Corporation and (No. 333-174535) on Form S-3ASR of Regency Centers, L.P. of our reports dated March 1, 2013, with respect to the consolidated balance sheets of Regency Centers Corporation as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2012, and the related financial statement schedule, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2012, which reports appear in the December 31, 2012 annual report on Form 10-K of Regency Centers Corporation and Regency Centers, L.P.

/s/ KPMG LLP March 1, 2013 Jacksonville, Florida Certified Public Accountants

#### **Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

The Board of Directors of Regency Centers Corporation, the general partner of Regency Centers, L.P.:

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statement (No. 333-930, No. 333-52089, No. 333-44724, No. 333-114567, No. 333-125858, and No. 333-125913) on Form S-3 and (No. 333-174535) on Form S-3ASR and (No. 333-24971, No. 333-55062, No. 333-125857, and No. 333-149872) on Form S-8 of Regency Centers Corporation and (No. 333-174535) on Form S-3ASR of Regency Centers, L.P. of our reports dated March 1, 2013, with respect to the consolidated balance sheets of Regency Centers, L.P. as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), capital, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2012, and the related financial statement schedule, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2012, which reports appear in the December 31, 2012 annual report on Form 10-K of Regency Centers Corporation and Regency Centers, L.P.

/s/ KPMG LLP March 1, 2013 Jacksonville, Florida Certified Public Accountants

# Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

#### I, Martin E. Stein, Jr., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Regency Centers Corporation ("registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 1, 2013

/s/ Martin E. Stein, Jr.

Martin E. Stein, Jr. Chief Executive Officer

#### Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

#### I, Lisa Palmer, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Regency Centers Corporation ("registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 1, 2013

/s/ Lisa Palmer

Lisa Palmer

Chief Financial Officer

# Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

#### I, Martin E. Stein, Jr., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of **Regency Centers, L.P.** ("registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 1, 2013

/s/ Martin E. Stein, Jr.

Martin E. Stein, Jr.
Chief Executive Officer of Regency Centers
Corporation, general partner of registrant

#### Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

#### I, **Lisa Palmer**, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of **Regency Centers, L.P.** ("registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 1, 2013

#### /s/ Lisa Palmer

Lisa Palmer

Chief Financial Officer of Regency Centers Corporation, general partner of registrant

#### Written Statement of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350

Solely for the purposes of complying with 18 U.S.C. §1350, I, the undersigned Chief Executive Officer of **Regency Centers Corporation**, hereby certify, based on my knowledge, that the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Regency Centers Corporation for the year ended **December 31, 2012** (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Regency Centers Corporation.

Date: March 1, 2013

/s/ Martin E. Stein, Jr.

Martin E. Stein, Jr.

Chief Executive Officer

#### Written Statement of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350

Solely for the purposes of complying with 18 U.S.C. §1350, I, the undersigned Chief Financial Officer of **Regency Centers Corporation**, hereby certify, based on my knowledge, that the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Regency Centers Corporation for the year ended **December 31, 2012** (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Regency Centers Corporation.

Date: March 1, 2013

/s/ Lisa Palmer

Lisa Palmer Chief Financial Officer

#### Written Statement of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350

Solely for the purposes of complying with 18 U.S.C. §1350, I, the undersigned Chief Executive Officer of **Regency Centers, L.P.**, hereby certify, based on my knowledge, that the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Regency Centers, L.P. for the year ended **December 31, 2012** (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Regency Centers, L.P.

Date: March 1, 2013

/s/ Martin E. Stein, Jr.

Martin E. Stein, Jr.

Chief Executive Officer of Regency Centers Corporation, general partner of registrant

#### Written Statement of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350

Solely for the purposes of complying with 18 U.S.C. §1350, I, the undersigned Chief Financial Officer of **Regency Centers, L.P.**, hereby certify, based on my knowledge, that the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Regency Centers, L.P. for the year ended **December 31, 2012** (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Regency Centers, L.P.

Date: March 1, 2013

#### /s/ Lisa Palmer

Lisa Palmer

Chief Financial Officer of Regency Centers Corporation, general partner of registrant